PETROL
by Day and Night
MOTOR CARS ON HIRE.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
East Street, Poona.

# The Bombay Chronicle

Send for Motor Cycle List.
B. S. A. Machines just received
J. H. 3-speed free engine at Rs. 700.
WELLINGTON
CYCLE & MOTOR Co.
Dealers in quality goods.
Church Gate Street, Bombay.

VOL. III. NO 206 BOMBAY: MONDAY, AUGUST 30, 1915. CITY PRICE ONE ANNA


## SHIPPING

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL
S. N. COMPANY.

**MAIL SERVICE TO LONDON.**

SAILING AT MARSEILLES.

| Date of sailing about | Steamers | Tons | Connecting at Aden with | Tons |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| SUNDAY. | | | | |
| 5th Sept. | Mooltan .. | 10600 | .. | .. |
| 12th " | Salsette .. | 6000 | Morea .. | 11000 |
| 19th " | Kaisar-i-Hind | 11500 | .... | .. |
| 26th " | Maloja .. | 12500 | .... | .. |
| 3rd Oct. | Salsette .. | 6000 | .... | .. |
| 10th " | Arabia .. | 8000 | .... | .. |
| 17th " | Karmala .. | 9000 | .... | .. |
| 24th " | Moldavia .. | 6000 | .... | .. |
| 31st " | Caledonia .. | 10000 | .... | .. |

Until further notice the Homeward Steamers will not call at Plymouth.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on the day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 p. m. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Commencing with the departure from Bombay on the 29th August the MARSEILLES SPECIAL SLEEPING CAR TRAIN will be resumed.

All passengers landing at Marseilles whether for the special or ordinary trains must be provided with passports with the visé of a French Consul.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA & NEW ZEALAND.

These Steamers leave Bombay usually fortnightly on THURSDAY. Single and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For accommodation and further information apply to:—

A. H. FROOM,
Superintendent.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA.

(Japan Mail Steamship Co., Ltd.)

Incorporated in Japan.

To Japan via Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

| Steamers | Commanders. | Tons | Arrival. | Departure. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Tokachi Maru | H. Nojiri | 4098 | 21st Aug. | 2nd Sept. |
| Bombay Maru | T. Terada | 4623 | 27th Aug. | 9th Sept. |
| Kamakura Maru | T. Kuwabara | 6136 | 11th Sept. | 23rd Sept. |
| Mayori Maru .. | S. Kushibiki | 3773 | 17th Sept. | 29th Sept. |

For Freight apply to:—

T. IBUKIYAMA,
Manager.

NIPPON YUSEN-KAISHA,
York Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.

Flooring Tiles, Marble Merchants and Contractors.

**GAZDAR & Co.,**

Sole Agents for the

HENRY RICHARDS TILE Co.,

28, CHURCH-GATE ST., FORT,

BOMBAY.

Bath Tubs, Lavatories, Urinals, Bath-room Fittings, etc.

## BANKING

THE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 7th SEPTEMBER, 1906.
INCORPORATED UNDER THE INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT VI OF 1882.
HEAD OFFICE—ORIENTAL BUILDINGS BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 5,50,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from November 1st to May 31st and at 2 per cent. per annum for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS.

Transacted rules for which can be obtained on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW
Manager.

## SHIPPING

ELLERMAN'S
CITY AND HALL LINES.
(JOINT SERVICE)
AUTUMN SAILINGS 1915.
OUTWARD.

| Steamers. | Class. | Tons. | Leave Liverpool about |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | | 1915. |
| City of Lahore .. | A & C | 6947 | Sept. 20th |
| City of London .. | A & C | 9090 | Oct. 11th |
| City of Karachi .. | A & C | 5563 | Oct. 25th |
| City of Marseilles .. | A & C | 8250 | Oct. 30th |
| City of Cairo .. | A & C | 7709 | Nov. 15th |

SAILINGS 1915.
HOMEWARD.

| Steamer. | Class. | Tons. | Leave Bombay. about. | Leave Karachi about. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| City of Durham .. | B | 5356 | --- | 27th Aug. |
| City of Cairo .. | A & C | 7700 | --- | 15th Sept. |

| FARES. | 1st. class Single. | 1st class Return. | 2nd class Single. | 2nd. class Return. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Marseilles ..... | 555 | 833 | 420 | 630 |
| London via Marseilles ..... | 620 | 1,033 | 456 | 726 |
| Liverpool ..... | 600 | 900 | 456 | 675 |
| London via Marseilles out from Liverpool ..... | -- | 942 | -- | 713 |

Owing to the war, rates of passage and dates of sailing subject to alteration or cancelment without liability to the Company.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The A. and C. class steamers carry a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess.

A. and C. class steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE OF CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

Through booking in connection with Cunard Line.

All the above steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For passage and full particulars apply to:—

KILLICK NIXON & CO.,

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bate and Sons, Agency, Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell and Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY-AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO FOR NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA OR BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight Apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER MORRISON & Co., Ltd.,
Agents.

## BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.

(Registered in Japan).
Established 1880.

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 48,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... Yen 30,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... Yen 19,600,000

HEAD OFFICE—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agencies at

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Antung Hsein | Liaoyang | Pekin |
| Australia | Calcutta | Ryojun (Port Arthur) |
| Changchun | London | San Francisco |
| Dairen (Dalney) | Lyons | Shanghai |
| Hankow | Mukden | Sidney |
| Harbin | Nagasaki | Tiehling |
| Hong-Kong | Newchwang | Tientsin |
| Honolulu | New York | Tokyo |
| Kobe | Osaka | Tsingtau |
| Los Angles (Cal. U.S.A.) | | |

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI, Manager.

Post Box No. 287.
Hornby Road [illegible], Bombay.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

SAVINGS BANK.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposit may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors. Interest is allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum of the minimum monthly balance not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application at the Bank.

R. AITKEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

## SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS as follows:—

WEEKLY FROM VICTORIA DOCK.

| Vessel. | Tons. | Sailing Date | Time Route. |
|---|---|---|---|
| "LINGA" | 2,185 | Saturday 4th September. | *Direct |

*On arrival of the English Mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Fast Mail.)

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,695 tons, sailing on Friday, the 3rd Sept., calling at Karachi, Muscat, Bushire Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI & PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

(Slow Mail)

S. S. "CHAKDARA" 3,035 tons sailing on Friday the 3rd September, calling at Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask Bunder Abbas, Henjam, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahommerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S. S. "DILWARA" 5378 tons sailing on or about 4th September calling at Seychelles, Mombassa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoabay and Durban.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents
Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier,
Bombay.

30th August, 1915.

F. CORNAGLIA

BOMBAY & POONA.

SPECIALIST IN WEDDING CAKES.

Caterer for Wedding Parties, Soirees and all kinds of Entertainments

ESTIMATES ON APPLICATIO

F. CORNAGLIA

Importer of High Class Stores and Wines.

83, 85, Medows Street and 7, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY;

AND

Arsenal Road, POONA.

Telegrams: CORNAGLIA Telephone No. 42.

## BANKING

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 15TH MAY, 1895.

Capital Authorised ..... Rs. 50,00,000
Capital Issued ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 26 81 500
Capital Paid-Up ..... Rs. 13,14,375
Reserve Fund ..... Rs. 10,80,000

HEAD OFFICE—LAHORE.

Branches.

Amritsar, Bombay, Calcutta, Cawnpore Delhi, D. I. Khan, Ferozepore, Gujranwalla, Jullundhur, Karachi, Kasur, Lahore City Lyalpur, Ludhiana, Multan City, Peshwar City, Amballa City, Rawalpindi, Sargodha Sialkot, Patiala, Jamoo, Srinagar and Jhelum City.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS. Sums as low as Rs. 5 received and interest allowed at 3½ per cent. per annum.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS. The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc. of out stations are bought collected, and discounted.

For other particulars, and rules of business apply to:—

SETH GHARIBDAS,
Manager.

When the bowels become constipated, digestion is impaired, billiousness ensues, the mind becomes sluggish, and a general dispirited feeling is the result. Kasagra is the *best remedy* for *constipation*. D 19

## SHIPPING

ANCHOR LINE.

APPROXIMATE SAILINGS FOR 1915.

| Steamers. | Tonnage. | Captains' | Leave Bombay, about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| S.S. Elysia | 6368 | J. Kinnaird | 3rd week in Sept. |

*Will not call at Marseilles but proceed direct to Glasgow.

Subsequent sailings cannot be announced at present on account of the war but due notification will be given as soon as possible.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH MARCONI WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

All the four berth cabins have now been given up and in the future only three persons will be berthed in the cabins that originally held four.

FARES.

| | Single Rs. | Return. Rs. |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay to Suez ..... | 426 | 630 |
| Bombay to Cairo ..... | 435 | 660 |
| Bombay to Port Said ..... | 450 | 675 |
| Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... | 558 | 807 |
| Bombay to London via Marseilles and back from Liverpool ..... | 636 | 942 |
| Bombay to Gibraltar ..... | 570 | 855 |
| Bombay to Liverpool ..... | 600 | 900 |
| Bombay to New York via Liverpool and Glasgow ..... | 867 | 1488 |

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to Families, Railway employees Hospital Nurses, Missionaries Tea-Planters, etc.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric-fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rate to Europe includes free passage by B. I. S. Company's steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

Through tickets to America per Anchor Cunard Joint Passenger Service.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned—

W. & A. GRAHAM. & Co.,
Agents, Bombay.

## BANKING

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Esplanade Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

(Incorporated in the United Kingdom.)

Bankers to the Government in British East Africa and Uganda.

Subscribed Capital ..... £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £1,000,000
Reserve Fund ..... £1,175,000

Head Office:

26, Bishopsgate London, E.C.

Branches:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Calcutta | Chittagong | Zanzibar |
| Bombay | Rangoon | Mombassa |
| Madras | Mandalay | Nairobi |
| Karachi | Colombo | Nakuru |
| Lahore | Kandy | Kisuma |
| Amritsar | Newera-Elliya | Jinja |
| Delhi | Aden (Camp) | Kampala |
| Cawnpore | Aden (Steamer Point) | Entebbe |
| Tuticorin | | |
| Cochin | | |

Agents in Mauritius:

Mauritius Commercial Bank.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives Fixed Deposits for One Year and shorter periods at rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

are opened for Approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE

payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa and Australia, purchased or collected.

DRAFTS

are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the Principal Cities of Europe Africa America and Australia. Remittances may be by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividend when due.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on approved securities.

RALPH KIDD,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

12, ESPLANADE ROAD.

Subscribed Capital ..... £1,125,000
Paid-up Capital ..... £562,000
Reserve Liability of Shareholders ... £562,000
Reserve Fund ..... £500,000
Head Office: 15, Gracechurch Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND.

THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LTD,

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Sub-Branch, Howrah (Calcutta) Delhi, Rangoon, Madras, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Kuala-Lumpur, Kota-Bahri (Kelantan), Penang, Singapore, Hongkong and Shanghai.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and branches and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the actual daily balance up to Rs. 1 lakh.

Sums above Rs. 1 lakh will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest at 4 per cent. per annum allowed on deposits fixed for 12 months. Rates for shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities Stocks and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

J. B. CRICHTON,
Manager.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

SAVINGS DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank receives Savings Deposits on the following terms:—

Interest is allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum on the minimum balance, up to but not exceeding Rs. 3,000 at the credit of an account between the 6th and the last business days of each calendar month.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and may be made payable to any one or more of them, or to the survivor or survivors.

Copies of the rules are obtainable on application at the Bank.

Are you losing weight? Muscles weak and flabby? Stearns' Wine of Cod Liver Extract builds up broken down tissues and produces sound healthy flesh—increases your weight. 13

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND, LTD., ESTABLISHED 1876.

No. 273 Hornby Road, next to Fire Brigade Station.

Funded Capital of Rs. 1,95,600.

Bankers—The Bank of Bombay.

OBJECT—The object of the Fund is to enable married persons to make provision after their death for their wives in the shape of a monthly pension for life. Subscriptions are based upon a very large scale. No distinction between European and Indian lives. Funds are invested in Government and other approved securities. Thirty per cent. of the total subscription is refunded to a subscriber in the event of his wife predeceasing him. Twelve months' grace is allowed for paying subscription in the event of a subscriber losing his employment. Liberal commission is offered to canvassers.

GAJANAN SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BURMAH OIL Co., Ltd.

(SCOTLAND)

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS

B. O. C. LAMP OILS B. O. C. PITCH
B. O. C. PETROL B. O. C. CANDLES
B. O. C. MOTOR OILS B. O. C. NIGHTLIGHTS
B. O. C. GREASES B. O. C. WAX

BOMBAY AGENTS:

SHAW WALLACE & Co., Wallace Street.

P. O. Box 203 Telephone Nos. 102 & 1439

WHEN IS A WATCH CHEAP?

The movement of the watch that will give trustworthy service for a life-time is the watch that is cheap in the economic sense. Here value and price coincide in meaning because value is realised in price and price becomes the measure of value.

So-called cheap watches, flashily cased, containing highly polished movements with an ostentatious display of jewels (?) of indifferent character, and to sell at cut prices are dear at any price. Watches of this character soon need replacing, becoming thereby a recurring drain on one's resources.

It is economy to spend Rs. 50 on one watch that will give you of its best for 15 to 20 years; but it is not economy to spend Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 at about Rs. 10 per year on 15 to 20 or may be 30 common Watches for the same period.

WALTHAM WATCHES

sell at a fair price and those offered by us under our name-guarantee with the addition of the WALTHAM name can be depended upon as watches which will last a life-time.

The following watches of the WALTHAM manufacture are now offered by us:

WALTHAM POCKET WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movemnet fitted with compensated balance and brequet hairspring, folding into one piece, dust-proof case with screw bezel.

[illegible]kel Rs. 35: Silver Rs. 45

WALTHAM WRIST WATCH

High Grade Jewelled lever movement fitted with compensated balance and brequet [illegible]spring in double domed and flush fitting case with hinged lugs and one piece strap

Silver Rs. 47-8.

MARCKS & Co., Ltd.

JEWELLERS & WATCHMAKERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

"WANTED," "TO LET" and "FOR SALE" Advertisements are charged at the following rates WHICH MUST BE PREPAID:—
ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding twenty words Re. 1 per insertion; every additional line (six words) or part of a line 4 annas. Headings count as two lines.
Advertisers are requested to send remittance with copy of advertisement to avoid delay in publication.
Advertisers are requested to note that the publishers cannot undertake to send Replies to Advertisements unless a sufficient amount is repaid to cover Postage. Replies can always be obtained at the Office on production of the Voucher given between the hours of 11 a.m. and 5 p.m.
SPECIAL CONTRACT RATES may be had on application to—
The Manager, "Bombay Chronicle."

COMMERCIAL VEHICLES.—Six 3½ ton F. I. A. T. Chassis, suitable for LORRY, VAN or PASSENGER work, available for delivery in September.
Orders are now being booked for these famous Vehicles, which are similar to those supplied to the British, French, Russian and Indian Governments.
Further particulars from the—
SOLE AUTHORIZED FIAT AGENTS.
BOMBAY MOTOR CAR COMPANY, LIMITED.
Elphinstone Circle, & Apollo Bunder. Bombay.

THE KALKADEVI SHORTHAND and TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, ESTABLISHED 1898. The most successful and therefore the best. Testimonials from Members of Parliament, and other Europeans, etc., etc. Subjects:—Book-keeping & Accountancy, Typewriting, Shorthand and Shorthand Speed Classes. Special arrangements for Ladies. Managing Proprietor, Gopaldas, Laldas, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. 535

LOST—VALUABLE DIAMOND at the Skating Rink, Finder will be handsomely rewarded on returning same to MANAGER, "Bombay Chronicle." 900

D. C. BOTTLEWALLA, Furniture Merchant undertakes the sale, hire and purchase of furniture on the most favourable terms.
48, Apollo Street, Fort, opp. Liptons. 1548

DAVER'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, Economics, Law and Banking. The Premier College in India patronised by Princes, and recognised by other High Authorities. Best Examination results. 60, Esplanade Road. 832

YOUR PIANO—Does it need tuning or repairing. We place the services of thoroughly competent workmen at your disposal. Our charges are moderate and whatever we do for your instrument we guarantee it will be done as well as it is possible. MARCKS AND CO., LTD., Bombay and Poona. Agents for the World-known Bluthner Pianos.

## WANTED.

WANTED—A Superintendent of Police for Poonch State on a salary of Rs. 250 a month. Only experienced and thoroughly qualified candidates need apply up to 10th September, to—
BHAGAT SINGH SARDAR BAHADUR,
Wazir of Poonch (Kashmir).
Poonch, 12th August, 1915. 810

WANTED an active European Army Pensioner for the post of Superintendent of Dilkusha Gardens, Lucknow. A single man or a married man with no family and with a knowledge of gardening preferred.
Apply in writing with copies of testimonials, stating age, service and amount of pension, to Lt.-Col. C. S. PRINCE. Cantonment Magistrate, Lucknow. 809

WANTED—A CHIEF VETERINARY OFFICER for Gwalior Army, Gwalior, Central India, an Experienced Graduate of Bombay Veterinary College, strong in English, with sufficient knowledge of Hindi. Pay Rs. 150 to Rs. 200 p.m. according to qualifications.
Apply with copies of testimonials which will not be returned, before the 15th September 1915 to:—
THE INSPECTOR GENERAL,
Gwalior Army,
1596 Gwalior, C.I.

WANTED—An Assistant Professor of Sanskrit who has a real command of Sanskrit, in the Subordinate Educational Service, on Rs. 100 p. m., for the Muir Central College, Allahabad. Applications stating qualifications, date of birth, length of residence in the United Provinces and nationality, with copies of testimonials (not to be returned), should be sent to the PRINCIPAL, Muir Central College, Allahabad, before 31st August 1915.
E. G. HILL, D. Sc.,
Principal,
Muir Central College, Allahabad.
803

WANTED Applicants for employment as temporary ASSISTANT SANITARY ENGINEERS in the Madras Public Works Department. Applications should be accompanied by the following particulars together with copies of testimonials:—
1. Name of Applicant.
2. Date of birth.
3. Places of education.
4. Examinations passed.
5. Present and past employment with particulars of pay drawn, period of each appointment and reasons for its termination.

The salary of the appointments will be Rs. 300 each a month. Only men possessing the requisite Engineering qualifications and experience of Sanitary works need apply. Applications should be sent direct to THE SANITARY ENGINEER TO GOVERNMENT, Chepauk, Madras, on or before the 10th September, 1915.
S. B. MURRAY,
600 Chief Engineer, P. W. D.

## WANTED.

THE LAWRENCE SCHOOL—Ghora Gali, Punjab Govt. European High School. WANTED Asst. Master, European. 150—5—175 Govt. pensionable post. Apply the PRINCIPAL. 1493

WANTED from 1st November a flat, two bed rooms, sitting and dining room. Electric lights, fans and modern conveniences essential. Locality within or near Fort preferred Apply 'X' Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 920

WANTED a SALESMAN for mill and gin stores for Bombay Office. Must be influential and with good experience of the lines. Apply with testimonials to AMBALAL SARABHAI, Import Dept., Ahmedabad. 1611

WANTED a competent MOTOR MECHANIC FOREMAN to take charge of a garage. He must handle any make of car. State experience and salary required. Apply "J" Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 900

WANTED EMPLOYMENT as a SHOP ASSISTANT or GENERAL CLERK by a Parsi gentleman. Willing to start on a moderate salary. Good references. Apply to "PARSI," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 813

WANTED by Oct. 1st Lady Graduate to teach Mathematics in the F. A. and Entrance Classes of the Kinnaird High School, Lahore. Salary Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 according to qualifications. Apply to the PRINCIPAL. 793

REWAH STATE LEATHER FACTORY. —WANTED a qualified ACCOUNTANT, experienced, hard working, practical, cash security Rs. 2,000, knowledge of Typewriting a qualification, good wages to the right man. Apply with copies of Testimonials to P. N. VATAL, Manager. 801

WANTED four HORSES for the Prison Van, Karachi.
Must be under 16 years old. Horses of the R. F. A. pattern stamp required.
Apply, stating price and full particulars, to THE DISTRICT SUPERINTENDENT OF POLICE, Karachi. 901

WANTED—GARDENING EXPERT for a short period to plan and lay out a few Gardens in Bansda State. State qualification and terms. Applications with testimonials to the PRIVATE SECRETARY to the RAJASAHEB of BANSDA via Billimoria. 1633

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—PIANO "Sympathetic" (Rose's). Apply TANTRA, Gresham Life Office, Esplanade Road, Fort. 1626

LADIES and GENTLEMEN going abroad may advantageously sell their furniture, piano, etc., in one lot to No. 7, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 1573

FOR SALE—OLIVER TYPEWRITERS. —2nd hand in thorough working order guaranteed.
No. 3 Model Foolscap Size, Rs. 115.
No. 3 ,, Brief Size, Rs. 125.
No. 3 ,, Policy Size, Rs. 130.
No. 5 ,, Foolscap Size, Rs. 175.
No. 5 ,, Policy Size, Rs. 225.
Also
N. 7 ,, Remington Rs. 60.
No. 3 ,, Underwood Rs. 60.
Armstrong Rs. 50.
Fay Sholes Rs. 50.
W. H. THORNS & CO,
1556 Church Gate St.—Bombay.

## TO BE LET

TO LET—Suite of rooms suitable for 2 bachelors or married couple with or without Board. Apply to Box No. 525, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 781

LIGHT, AIRY and convenient Offices to be let at small rentals to suit tenants. Electric Lift, Light and Fans. No Agents. Apply to SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co., 16, Apollo Street. 552

WATSON'S ANNEXE, Apollo Bunder, Rooms facing Yacht Club, Apollo Pier Road; Rents from Rs. 25 to Rs. 125. Apply
MANAGER,
1382 Watson's Annex.

TO LET—Half flat excellently furnished consisting of Drawing room, Dining room, large bedroom, smaller bedroom, Bath room, and W. C., Kitchen, E. Lights and fans. Rent Rs. 150 per mensen. Apply to Box No. 525, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle." 780

## NOTICES.

### UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

POST GRADUATE COURSES.

A SERIES of weekly Lectures on LITERATURE AND LIFE will be delivered by Principal J. N. Fraser at the Secondary Training College beginning on August 31st at 5-30 p.m.
FARDUNJI M. DASTUR,
1601 University Registrar.
Bombay, 20th August, 1915.

### THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be closed on THURSDAY, the 2nd proximo, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881. 1618

## NOTICES

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

AN ORDINARY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on Monday, the 6th September, 1915, at 3 p.m., (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. Government Resolution—Appointing Mr. Rahimtoola Meherally Chinoy to be a member of the Corporation, vice the Honourable Mr. Fazulbhoy Meherally Chinoy, C.I.E., deceased.
2. Letter from Mr. Khimji Hirji Kayani—Applying for leave of absence from the Corporation's Meetings.
3. Bombay Improvement Trust memorandum—Forwarding excerpts from the Trustees' proceedings.

Schools Committee's Letters—

4. Forwarding excerpts from the Committee's proceedings.
5. Recommending acceptance of an offer for founding a scholarship and a prize bearing the name of Mr. R. S. Taki, late Deputy Educational Inspector, Bombay.
6. Letter from Mr. Jaffer Cassum Moosa Estate Manager to H. H. the Aga Khan—Regarding the laying of a water main in a passage belonging to H. H. the Aga Khan at Madanpura, Ripon Road.
7. Letter from Mr. Ardeshir Jijibhoy—Regarding the condition of building with flat roofs without tiles in the monsoon.
8. Letter from Messrs. Nanu, Hormusjee & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of their clients, representatives of the late Mr. Nanu N. Kothare and the late Mr. Bapujee Narayen Kothare—Thanking the Corporation for their decision not to construct latrines and urinals on the site of the reclaimed well at Thakurdwar.
9. Petition from Mr. Waman Narayen and others—Regarding the nuisance caused by a milch cattle stable situated at Khedgally, Kumbharwada, Dadar.
10. Letter from Mr. S. L. Lopez—Regarding the condition of the Mahim Market.
11. Letter from Messrs. Taher & Co.—Regarding the nuisance caused by refuse deposited near their shop in Nagdevi Street.
12. Letter from Messrs. Merwanji, Kola & Co., Solicitors, on behalf of certain Firewood Dealers and Commission Agents—Regarding the mode of levying town-duty on firewood imported *via* the B. B. and C. I. Railway.
13. Letter from Mr. Jivraj Goculdas Nensy and others.—Regarding the provision of certain convenience at the Vadala Hindu Cemetery.
14. Letters from Bai Perozbai Sorabji—Regarding a well at premises No. 19-21, Bhoiwar Lane.
15. Letter from Mrs. J. F. Heredia—Objecting to the proposed erection of latrines and urinals at the centre of Jacob's Circle.
16. Letter from Mr. A. V. Thakkar—Offering suggestions regarding the preparation of the Schools Committee's annual report and the Committee's thereon.

Resolutions of the Standing Committee—

17. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 2,921 to meet excess expenditure due to repairs to the bigaries' chawl at Cochin Street.
18. Recommending an advance of Rs. 3,379 for providing a roof over the newly erected night-soil depot between the Sandhurst and French Bridges.
19. Recommending sanction to the payment to Mr. N. Maughan, Deputy Executive Engineer Drainage, of travelling and other expenses amounting to Rs. 92-10-0 incurred by him in England on Municipal business.
20. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the question of improving the level and the drainage arrangements of a portion of Thakurdwar Road, Mr. Maneckji Fakirji Gotla be informed that the matter is receiving attention.
21. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the condition of the Fort Market, Mr. D. Dhanjibhai be informed that the matter is receiving attention.
22. Sanctioning, subject to the Corporation's orders, a Budget transfer of Rs. 8,350 to meet the cost of purchasing a Baxter's Stone Breaker and a Marshall's portable steam engine for driving it.
23. Recommending an advance of Rs. 1,439 for laying a drain in the common house gully of certain premises abutting on Abdul Rehman Street and Sarang Street.
24. Recommending a grant of Rs. 1,253 for providing an additional compartment for the lions cage at the Victoria Gardens.
25. Forwarding returns regarding the enforcement of sanctions for the removal of unauthorized works.
26. Recommending that in reply to his letter, regarding the substitution of water closets on the full flushing system for privy accommodation on the basket system, Mr. K. D. Ravat be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
27. Recommending a grant of Rs. 14,430 for laying a 9" pipe sewer in Esplanade Road.
28. Recommending that in reply to their letter on behalf of their clients Mr. Nowroji Jehangir Framji and others, regarding the disposal of the site of the Framji Cawasji Tank, Messrs. Jehangir, Seervai, Minocheher and Hiralal, Solicitors, be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
29. Recommending that in reply to their letters on behalf of their client Mr. Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, regarding a well at premises Nos. 33—35, Warden Road, Messrs. Merwanji, Kola, Romer, Bilimoria & Co., Solicitors, be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
30. Recommending that in reply to his letter regarding enforcement of setbacks Mr. B. A. Bharucha be informed to the effect of the Commissioner's report.
31. Recommending sanction to the construction of a road running eastward from Lady Hardinge Road to the G. I. P. Railway new level crossing at Matunga at an estimated cost of Rs. 88,250.

Government Letters—

32. Forwarding Government Order appointing a Committee to select a site for a marine aquarium in Bombay and requesting the Corporation to nominate a representative on the Committee.
33. Forwarding, for the Corporation's remarks, a copy of the Report of the Committee appointed by the Government of India regarding the feasibility of securing the use of uniform weights and measures in India.

Letters from the Commissioner—

34. Forwarding a Press Note issued by Government regarding the question of the education of children employed in factories.
35. Requesting sanction to revised regular lines being prescribed for a portion of Kalbadevi Road from Dadysbet Agiary Street to its junction with Shaik Memon Street and Bhuleshwar Road.
36. Regarding the desirability of carrying the storm water downtake pipes of houses at Church Gate Street, and Esplanade and Hornby Roads under the footpaths.
37. Suggesting amendments in the Municipal Act so as to enable the Municipality to control the sale of butter and other milk products.
38. Forwarding a return showing the hours of supply of water to the different localities.
39. Reporting as to the smells prevailing on Fergusson Road.
40. Reporting as to the condition of the Dadar Level Crossing Road.
41. Requesting approval to a modified alignment for the application of the main outfall sewer from Love Grove to Khetwadi Back Road.
42. Requesting sanction to the sum of Rs. 40,626, offered by the Improvement Trust, being accepted as compensation for the Night Soil Depot at Mathew Road.
43. Reporting on a complaint received from the Proprietor, Pyrke's Hotel, regarding the rate charged for electric supply to hotels and clubs, &c.

Notices of Motions—

44. From Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta—For obtaining a report as to the limits of G Ward (Mahim) which should be included in a scheme under the Town Planning Act.
45. From Dr. E. Moses—For obtaining a report as to the steps to be taken for preventing contamination of ice through dirty saw-dust.

46—48. From Dr. Dinshaw Bamanji Pestanji Master—(46) For obtaining estimates for improving the insanitary condition of the Crawford Market; (47) For requesting the Committee regarding the question of filling up a portion of the low-lying land between the Hornby Vellard and the Race Course to expedite their report and (48) For obtaining a report as to the desirability of constructing an incinerator on the Byculla flats instead of the one proposed to be erected at Bapty Road.

Letters from the Commissioner—

49. Forwarding Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
50. Requesting sanction to the sale of a plot of Municipal land at Dhuswady.
51. Regarding the enforcement of setbacks of certain houses at Musjid Bunder Road.
52. Reporting on the question of granting a license for the location of a milch cattle stable at Tardeo Road.
53. Requesting sanction to Beach Road at Colaba being named Roberts Road.
54. Requesting sanction to a lane at Girgaum Back Road being named Kale Lane.
55. Forwarding a return of motor cars and motor cycles taxed in the City.
56. Forwarding copy of particulars and conditions of an auction sale relating to a Municipal property at Currey Road.

Notices of Motions—

57. From Dr. S. S. Batliwala—For appointing Mr. Cowasji Jehangir to be a member of certain Committees.
58. From Dr. Jehangir J. Cursetji—For appointing a Committee for suggesting measures for removing or mitigating the nuisance caused by beggars in the City.
59. From Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta—For obtaining a report as to the assessment of vacant lands in the City.
60. From Dr. Nadirshaw H. E. Sukhia—For appointing Mr. Phiroze C. Sethna, Mr. H. P. Mody and Dr. Abdul Satar A. Gaya to be members of certain Committees.
61. From Mr. Chunilal V. Mehta—For appointing Mr. Rahimtulla Currimbhoy to be a member of the Roads Committee.
62. From Major W. G. Liston, C.I.E., I.M.S.,—For appointing Mr. G. Wittet to be a member of the Medical Relief Committee.
63. From Mr. R. S. Navalkar—For appointing a Committee to suggest amendments of the Municipal law relating to weights and measures.

64—65. Memoranda from the Municipal Secretary—(64) Reporting Budget transfers sanctioned by the Standing Committee and (65) Submitting a statement of Outsanding Committees of the Corporation.

Reports of Committees of the Corporation—

66. Regarding the question of altering the existing boundaries of the wards of the City.
67. Regarding the adoption of a modified form of privies on the water carriage system.
68. Regarding the use of a new type of privy receptacles and a modified form of privies on the water carriage system.
69. Regarding the Schools Committee Bye-Laws.
70. Regarding the desirability of appointing a Deputy Municipal Commissioner.
71. Regarding the proposals made by Government for allowing the Executive Health Officer and his Assistant to undertake the work of instructing students in connection with the establishment of a School of Tropical Medicine in Bombay.

By order of the President,
R. P. MASANI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 27th August, 1915.

## NOTICES.

### BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

*(Continued.)*

*(Continued).*

### NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have contracted to purchase from SADUKBHAI RASULLBHAI, and MAHOMEDBHAI SADUKBHAI RASULLBHAI, of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitants the property hereunder described all persons having any claim in or to the said property whether by way of mortgage, sale, gift, lease, trust, inheritance charges, possessions, maintenance or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at No. Aba Building Sandhurst Road near Null Bazar outside the Fort within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without regard to any such claim which shall then be considered to have been waived and treated as null and void.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Government land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house hereditaments and premises standing thereon situate lying and being at Trimbuck Parshram Street outside the Fort of Bombay in the Registration sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 125 squareyards or thereabouts registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 458 New No. 13,973 Old Survey No. 1 and New Survey No. 5,538 assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward No. 2,336 and Street Nos. 22 and 26 and bounded as follows that is to say on the East by the Trimback Parshram Street aforesaid on the West and North by the property of Muncherji Dorabji Cooper and on the South by the Gulle and beyond that by the property of Shamji Ratansi Thaker.

Dated this 18th day of August 1915.
The O mark of MARIAMBAI
1627 daughter of HAJI SHARIF BAWA

### NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Thana District, will receive sealed tenders for construction of the following School Houses at 1 p.m. (S.T.) on the 15th September, 1915.
2. The forms of tenders can be had on payment of Rs. 2 per each form, to the Accountant, Executive Engineer's Office, Thana, on any day except Sundays, Holidays and the day of receiving tenders.

| | Name of work. | Estimated amount. Rs. | Earnest money. Rs. | Security deposit. Rs. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1. | Constructing School House at Manikpur .. | 7,009 | 100 | 700 |
| 2. | Do. at Chinchani.. | 6,073 | 100 | 600 |
| 3. | Do. at Tarkhad .. | 5,850 | 100 | 600 |
| 4. | Do. at Sidrgaon .. | 4,792 | 100 | 500 |
| 5. | Do. at Virar .. | 4,147 | 100 | 400 |
| 6 | Do. at Akarpati.. | 3,867 | 100 | 400 |
| 7. | Do. at Lenad .. | 1,868 | 100 | 200 |

(Sd.) J. J. B. BENSON,
Executive Engineer.
1632 Thana District.
Thana, 27th August, 1915.

### NOTICE.

THE EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Thana District, will receive sealed tenders for collecting metal on certain roads in Thana District at 1 p.m. (S.T.) on 15th September, 1915.
2. The forms of tenders can be had on payment of Re. 1 to the Accountant to the Executive Engineer, Thana District.
3. The list of roads and other necessary information can be had in the Executive Engineer's Office, Thana.
(Sd.) J. J. B. BENSON,
Executive Engineer,
1628 Thana District.
Thana, 23rd August, 1915.

### NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE

A SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, of Miscellaneous Unserviceable Stores and also a quantity of Scrap Material, will be held at the General Stores Depot, Sukkur, of MONDAY, the 4th October, 1915, and following days, commencing daily at 8-30 a.m.
By order,
D. E. KEATINGE,
Chief Storekeeper, N. W. Ry.
Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 27th Aug. 1915 1630

### NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTICE

A SALE by PUBLIC AUCTION, of Scrap Material, will be held at the General Stores Depot, Karachi, on WEDNESDAY, the 10th November, 1915, and following days, commencing daily at 9 a.m.
By order,
D. E. KEATINGE,
Chief Storekeeper, N. W. Ry.
Chief Storekeeper's Office,
Lahore, dated 27th Aug. 1915. 1631

Zymole Trokeys will stop that hacking cough and restore your voice to its natural tone. They are the greatest throat relief on the market. B-16

## AUCTION SALE

### BENNETT & CO.

NO. 22, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

Telephone No. 1317.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, IN SCHEME NO. 31, LALBAUGH ESTATE, PAREL.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st September next, at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on Plot No. 1, the following very valuable building plot for a period of 999 years.

| Plots No. | Area sq. yds. | Plots No. | Area sq. yds. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | 1219 | 30 | 389 |
| 2 | 464 | 31 | 389 |
| 3 | 523 | 32 | 389 |
| 4 | 548 | 33 | 389 |
| 5 | 548 | 34 | 389 |
| 6 | 548 | 35 | 374 |
| 7 | 545 | 36 | 381 |
| 8 | 545 | | |

The above plots are fronting on 2 roads and are near the Parel Bazar.
Shops will be allowed on all these plots, and nahanis will also be allowed near the rooms.
The sale of all the above plots will take place on Plot No. 1.
For further particulars, Auction and Building conditions, form of lease, plan of the site can be had on application to the Trust's Department, Land Manager, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, AT KHOKHA BAZAAR SARANG STREET.

Under instructions from the Attorneys for Bai Fatmabai widow of Esuf Ali Shaik Gulam Hoosein and Lookmanjee Thaverbhai, the Administrators of the Estate of Esuf Ali Shaik Goolam Hoosein, deceased, and with the consent of the Mortgagee Dr. Shivshankar Ramchandra, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will, on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd September next, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on the premises, the following property:—
All that piece or parcel of Fazendari land together with the messuage, tenement, and dwelling house, standing, thereon, situate, lying and being in Bhusarivada, on Baloo Sarang Street, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 150 square yards or thereabouts assessed by the Collector of Municipal assessment formerly under No. 48, but now under B Ward No. 147, and Street Nos. 196-198, Sarang Street, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by the property of on or towards the East by the public road, called or known as Baloo Sarang Street, on or towards the South by the House formerly of Mahomed Jaitha, and now of Abdulally Thaverbhai Mithaiwala, and on or towards the West by the Halalkhore Gully.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Patell and Fzekiel, and Messrs. Mansukhlal Hiralal Mehta & Co. Attorneys for the Administrator, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON SLIGHTLY DAMAGED BY FIRE AND WATER.

TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 31st instant at 4-30 p.m., (S. T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction, at Jamshed Bundar, Colaba, on account of the Insurance Office's concerned:—
About 470 Full pressed Bales of Cutch-Mandra, Deloo, Kherly, Dharangaum and Dhoolia Cotton slightly damaged by Fire and Water.
About 30 Bales loose pala.
A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

### MESSRS SORABJI. COWASJI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS, 21, MEDOWS STREET.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY TO CAPITALISTS.

Sale of Very Valuable Immoveable Property, known as "Minocheher Villa," with a large Piece of Vacant Land, at Sassoon Dock Road, Colaba.
Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE and Co. will under the instructions from R. D. Sethna, Esquire, the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 139 of 1915, and in pursuance of the authority given to him by the Decree in the said suit by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, on 1st July, 1915, sell by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of September, 1915, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the undermentioned, very valuable immoveable property, known as "Minocheher Villa," at the premises.
PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.
All that piece or parcel of land, situate at Colaba, in the City of Bombay, to the South of Sassoon Dock Road, with the messuage, premises and buildings standing thereon, known as "Minocheher-Villa," containing by admeasurement 1,332 7-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by Sassoon Dock Road, No. 1, on or towards the South by land, belonging to the Trustees of Port of Bombay, leased to Muncherji Nowroji Dessana, on or towards the East by vacant land belonging to the said Trustees, and on or towards the West by Sassoon Cross Dock Road, and which said premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under Ward A. No. 209, Street No. 299-301, Sassoon Dock Road No. 1, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 2/9664, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the Vendor.
For further particulars and conditions of sale, application may be made to Messrs. Payne and Co., Attorneys for the Vendor, at thir Office, above Treacher & Co., Ld. Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, or to the Undersigned Auctioneers.
SORABJI COWASJI & CO.,
Auctioneers.
Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

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## AUCTION SALE

### MENESSE & CO.

NO. 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE of Unclaimed Luggage, Parcels, etc., at the G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with Sections 55 and 56, of Railway Act IX of 1890, under instruction from the G. I. P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on TUESDAY, the 14th and WEDNESDAY, the 15th instant, 1915 at 2 p.m. (S. T.), at the abovenamed place—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, such as:—

Polo sticks, cotton bales, hides, typewriter, scented oil, bundle cane sticks, iron cot, bicycles, one cask pitch, haberdeshary, tin trays, wooden dumb-belles, iron grates, tea new clothing, bale new sarees, 1 case indigo dye, 1 case new shoes, binoculars, brass and copper-ware, trunk, and boxes, glass bangles, wheat, rice, old bagging and various other articles.

AUCTION SALE OF 70 BALES BHOPAL COTTON.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co., will sell by public auction on TUESDAY, the 31st August, 1915, at 4 p.m., (S. T.), at Arthur Bunder near the Fort Press, Colaba, on account of the Insurance offices, concerned:—

70 bales Bhopal cotton slightly damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent, will be required when the lots are knocked down.

AUCTION SALE OF MACHINERY OF THE CORONATION MILLS COY., LTD., situate at Hains Road, opposite the Race Course, Mahaluxmi.

Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction, on MONDAY, the 30th August, 1915, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.), on the Mill premises, at Hains Road, opposite the Race Course, by order of the Agents of the above Mill, the following machinery:—

6 Scutchers, 80 Carding Engines.
14 Drawing Frames, 15 Slubbing Frames.
25 Intermediate Frames, 51 Roving Frames.
42 Mules, 16 Ring Frames.

A deposit of 25 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 11,000 OLD WOODEN SLEEPERS.

Under instructions from the Manager, Bombay, Port Trust Docks, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st September, 1915, at 3 p.m. (S.T.), at Princess Dock, near G. and H. Shed, the following old wooden sleepers, belonging to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway:

About 11,000 old wooden sleepers.

The above will be sold in different lots.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required on the lots being knocked down.

MENESSE, & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

### MEHTA & CO.

ON GOVERNMENT & G. I. P. Ry. LISTS
No. 53, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

Telephone No. 1285.

Residence Telephone No. 696.

AUCTION SALE OF SHAHAPAD STONES.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company and in accordance with sections 55 & 56 of Railway Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MEHTA & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY the 31st August at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Good Depot at Wadi Bunder.

1. Wagon Shabadad stones consigned from from Chitapur to Byculla invoice No. 2 of 21-2-15 Sender S. L. & Sons, Consignee N. Ghigabhoy, Duncan Road, Bombay.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE UNCLAIMED GOODS & SWEEPINGS AT THE WADI BUNDER GOODS DEPOT OF THE G. I. P. RAILWAY.

Under instructions from the G. I. P. Railway Company, and in accordance with Sections 55 & 56 of Indian Railways Act IX of 1890, Messrs. MEHTA and Company Auctioneers will sell by public Auction on TUESDAY, the 31st August at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.), at the Railway Company's Goods Depot at Wadi Bunder, the following consisting of a quantity of Unclaimed Goods and Sweepings, such as Bags of Cotton Seed, Bags of Wheat, Bags of mowra flowers, Bags of Linseed, Bags of Harda, Bags of Husk, Bags of Jawari, Bales of Yarn, Bundle of Hing, Packages of Machinery, Box of Machinery Bale of Hemp, Bundle of Gunny Bags, Wagon of Shahbad Stones, Boxes of Tea, Box of Books and Pictures, Bags of Salt, Bags of Oil Cake, Bundles of Picking Cotton, Bags of Sweeping Grain, Lot of Old Records, Bundle of Iron Bars, etc., etc.

Re: Joora to Bombay Invoice No. 2 of 7th November 1914 one bundle Hing weighing 14 cwts. Sender Mr. Haji Daudkhan Wilargli Hing Merchant Indore City..

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

MEHTA & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

Office care and worries are quickly relieved by a dose of Stearn's Wine of Cod Liver Extract. It soothes and quiets the nerves and clears the brain. 15

## AUCTION SALE.

### CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

16, Apollo Street, Fort.

Telephone No. 521.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the Decree in Suit No. 49 of 1914 (Abdula Noor Mahomed Rehmabai, widow of Cassum Noor Mahomed) and in accordance with the directions contained in the Chamber Judge's Order, dated the 21st August, 1915, made in the said suit tenders are invited wihin one week for the purchase of the following property belonging to the estate of the deceased Cassum Noor Mahomed.

The tenders should be addressed to R. D. Sethna, Esq., the Receiver at his Office, No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, and should be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 300 in cash or cheque. If the tender is not accepted, the deposit will be returned.

PARTICULARS OF PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Tocca land situate at Matunga in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,693 square yards be the same little more or less, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 150-151, 95 and Collector's New Nos. 15357, 15361, 15292 and 14728, New Survey No. 3 and 4/1041.

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Tocca land situate at Matunga in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 1,209 square yards be the same little more or less, registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old No. 42, 95, 130, 150, 87, 133, 136, 149, 151, 218, and Collector's New Nos. a/15216, 15292, 15,329 15357, a/15284, 15338, 15340, 15356, 15359, 15730, 15754, Old Survey No. nil and new Survey Nos. 1 and 11/1041 and 2/1041.

THIRDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Tocca land situate at Matunga in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 477 square yards be the same little more or less, registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Collector's Old Nos. 121, 139, 37, Collector's new Nos. C/15319, 15343, 14765, Old Survey No. nil, New Survey No. 5 and 6/1041.

All the above-mentioned three pieces or parcels of land have been converted into one large plot situate at Matunga near Sheikh Misri Durgah at the foot of Antope Hill in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by actual admeasurement 3,207 square yards only or thereabouts be the same a little more or less and bounded on the East by a public passage, on the South by Government land, on the West partly by the property belonging to the Sheikh Misri Durgah and partly by the property belonging to Mahomed Syed Garapkar and on the North by the property belonging to the said Mahomed Syed Garapkar and on the said consolidated piece of land at present stand three chawls (two of which are in an incomplete state), one complete bungalow and another building finished up to the plinth level only and there are two wells on the said land and the said piece or parcel of land is assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under "F" Ward Nos. 3977, 3977, (2), 3977 (3), 3977 (4) and Street Nos. 1218, 1218 (a), 1218 (b), 1218 (c).

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Ardeshir Hormasji Dinshaw and Co., Attorneys for the Receiver at their office No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, or to Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., Auctioneers, at their office No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

AUCTION SALE OF RICH AND VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE OF DR. M. AMANN, THE MANAGER OF MESSRS. FARBEN-FABRIKEN BAYER AND CO., LTD.

Under instructions from the Liquidator of Messrs. Farben-Fabriken Bayer and Co., Ltd., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell on MONDAY, the 6th September, 1915, at 3 p.m. (S. T.), by Public Auction at their Auction Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, valuable household furniture (made to order) consisting of drawing room suite of spring cushioned sofas and chairs, teakwood bentwood and cane chairs, easy chairs, Chesterfield sofas, mirror door almiras, cupboards, velvet lined show case, sideboards with mirror back, corner cabinets, writing tables, revolving chair, black wood carved table, folding camp table, book-case, square marble top tables, teapoys, fancy wall clock, photo frames and basins, iron bedstead, brass curtain poles, tops and rings, dumbwaiter, electric table and wall lamps, dining table, dining chairs, meat-safes, hanging teak wood cabinets, folding teapoys, towel horses, etc.

The property of Dr. M. Amann, the Manager of Messrs. Farben-Fabriken Bayer and Co., Ltd.

The above is now on view at Auctioneers' Rooms No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

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## AUCTION SALE

### J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

24-26, BANK STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE ON TUESDAY THE 31ST AUGUST, AT 2-30 P.M. (S. T.)
AUCTION SALE OF PROVISION FOR INDIAN TROOPS, AND UNSERVICEABLE ARTICLES, AT NO. 7 SHED, ALEXANDRA DOCKS.

Under instructions from the Embarkation Supply Officer, Bombay, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will TO-MORROW TUESDAY, the 31st day of August, 1915, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) sell by Public Auction, at No. 7 Shed, Alexand-a Docks:—

A lot of provisions for Indian troops consisting of Ghee, Turmerie, Tea, Atta, Chillie's Goor, Powa, Parched Gram, Dall, Dates, empty gunny bags, packing cases etc., and unserviceable articles.

Cash will be required on the lots being knocked down.

J. S. MODY & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 30th August, 1915.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**PALACE**
**OF VARIETIES**

TO-NIGHT GAIETY THEATRE 6-30 P. M. | TO-NIGHT EDWARDES THEATRE 10 P. M.

FIRST NIGHT
OF
COMPETITION.

Section I. Comic, Singing.
Miss May B. Commedienne.
Rough and Ready, Patter, Comedians.
F. Baker, Quaint, Comedian.
Jack, Stanley, Female, Impersonator.
George Fraser, Scotch Comedian.
The above in conjunction with our usual VARIETY and CINEMA PERFORMANCE.
10 p. m. Performance at the EDWARDES THEATRE
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THE INDIAN HERCULES.
FAREWELL VISITS

Before retiring with his Expert Star European, Japanese, Phillippine and Indian Artistes.

| CAMP | OPENING DAYS. |
|---|---|
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| KOLHAPUR | 6-9-15 |
| KARAD | 10-9-15 |
| POONA | 13-9-15 |

E. PATERSON,
*Manager.*

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**ALEXANDRA CINEMA**
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"THE GHOSTLY BAND"
A Powerful Drama in 3 Detective Reels.
4,000 Feet.
Time—7 to 8-30, 8-45 to 10-15, 10-30 to 12.
HALF RATES. NO ADVANCE.

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Tuesday, 31st August 1915.
SPORTS ON SKATES
including
WALTZING, TWO-STEP & FANCY SKATING COMPETITION.
9-30 p. m. to Midnight.

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Remarkable pictures taken a 100 yards from the Huns. Trench mortars wrecking German trenches. Actual fighting in the Argonne. Tunnelling towards a German trench.
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### STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The following information is published in order that vessels in the Bombay Harbour may, by comparison with a standard instrument ascertain the errors of their barometers:

The reading of the Standard Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 80 deg. F. and to the level of the tide, at 8-45 a.m. Standard Time on the 28th August 1915, was 29.934 inches. For temperature corrections applicable to mercurial, barometer of ships the reading of the ship's barometer has to be increased or decreased by .031 inch for every 5 degrees according as the temperature of the attached thermometer is respectively below or above 80 deg. F. In case of the aneroid no temperature correction is needed. But for comparison at 80 F. all aneroid readings should be increased by .138 inch. For correcting the ship's barometer, either mercurial or aneroid for the height of the barometer cistern above the tide level in the stream at 8-45 a.m., Standard Time, the ship's barometer reading should be increased by .010 inch. for every 10 feet of the height to make it comparable with the observatory barometer reading given above.

### TEMPERATURE IN BOMBAY.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY COLABA.
Bombay 27th August, 1915.
Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barometer corrected to 32 deg. Fahr. | 29.740 | inches. |
| Temperature of Air | 82.7 | degrees. |
| Wet Bulb Thermometer | 78.1 | " |
| Dew Point | 76.5 | " |
| Relative humidity of Air | 0.818 | " |
| Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky cloudy—10) | 7.0 | " |
| Maximum temperature of Air | 86.5 | " |
| Minimum do. do. | 78.5 | " |
| General direction of Wind from midnight to midnight | W. | |
| Movement of Wind do. do. | 196 | miles. |
| Fall of Rain | 0.01 | inches |
| Total fall during month | 7.81 | |
| Do. do. year | 63.81 | |
| Additional fall of rain up to 10 a.m., of 28th | 0.00 | " |

### SUN, MOON AND TIDES AT BOMBAY.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time, depth of water is at Prince's Dock still.

| Day of Week | Day of Month | HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time. h | m | Depth on Sill. ft. | in. | Month. | LOW WATER. Bombay. Mean Time. h. | m | Depth on Sill. ft. | in. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Aug. | | | | | Aug. | | | | |
| SAT. | 28 | m | 1 | 15 | 9 | 28 | m | 6 | 57 | 8 |
| | | | 1 | 21a | 10 | | | 7 | 23a | 1 |
| SUN. | 29 | m | 1 | 52 | 9 | 29 | m | 7 | 30 | 8 |
| | | | 1 | 49a | 0 | | | 7 | 53a | 1 |
| MON | 30 | m | 2 | 28 | 5 | 30 | m | 8 | 2 | 3 |
| | | | 2 | 16a | 2 | | | 8 | 24a | 2 |
| TU | 31 | m | 3 | 6 | 8 | 31 | m | 8 | 36 | 3 |
| | Sept. | | 2 | 42a | 3 | Sept. | | 8 | 58a | 1 |
| W. | 1 | m | 3 | 51 | 1 | 1 | m | 9 | 17 | 2 |
| | | | 3 | 45a | 2 | | | 9 | 40a | 1 |
| TH. | 2 | m | 4 | 48 | 3 | 2 | m | 10 | 28 | 0 |
| | | | 5 | 3a | 1 | | | 6 | 43a | 1 |
| FR. | 3 | m | 6 | 15 | 0 | 3 | | | | |
| | | | 5 | 3a | 1 | | | 0 | 55a | 2 |

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time during the ensuing week:—

| Aug. | Sunrise | Sunset |
|---|---|---|
| 28 (Saturday) | 6h. 23m. | 6h. 58m. |
| " 29 (Sunday) | 6h. 23m. | 6h. 57m. |
| " 30 (Monday) | 6h. 23m. | 6h. 56m. |
| " 31 (Tuesday) | 6h. 23m. | 6h. 55m. |
| Sept. 1 (Wednesday) | 6h. 24m. | 6h. 55m. |
| " 2 (Thursday) | 6h. 24m. | 6h. 54m. |
| " 3 (Friday) | 6h. 24m. | 6h. 53m. |

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Full Moon 1915 Aug. 25th 3h 10-5m a. m. Last Quarter 1915 Sept. 1st 8h 26-6 p. m New Moon 1915 Sept. 9th 4h 22-7m p. m. First Quarter 1915 Sept 16th 0h 51-3m p. m. Full Moon 1915 Sept 3rd 3h 5-2m p m

### RAINFALL AT BOMBAY.

| STATIONS. | 24 hours to 8 a.m. of 28th August 1915. | Total since 1st June 1915. | 1st June to 28th August. 1914. | 1913. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Colaba Observatory | 0.01 | 62.40 | 59.94 | 62.86 |
| Fort [St. Geo's Hospital] | 0.14 | 65.92 | 61.48 | 73.64 |
| Esplanade [Gok Tej. Hospl.] | 0.16 | 61.96 | 63.86 | 72.79 |
| Byculla [J. J. Hospital] | .. | .. | 71.18 | 76.49 |

### DEATH OF REV. FR. CIVATI.

MOST POPULAR CITIZEN OF SECUNDERABAD.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SECUNDERABAD, Aug. 27.

Secunderabad is in mourning to-day for the Rev. Father Civati, the Italian priest, who, as head of the Roman Catholic community, had for many years rendered yeoman service. He was beloved by all, and was perhaps the most popular citizen in Secunderabad. He passes away at the age of 45 years after a short illness. Being Chaplain to the Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles a funeral with full military honours will be accorded and the remains by special sanction will be laid to rest in St. Mary's Cathedral.

### ALL-INDIA WEATHER.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 29.

To-day's all-India weather report indicates that the rainfall has occurred only in Bengal, Behar and Central India, the rest of the country being without sufficient rain.

The principal amounts are:—Dinajpur, Roorkee and Parbhani 2 inches each, Barisal, Bogra, Sambalpur 1½ each, Allahabad and Lucknow 1 each, Panchmahri and Raipur 4 each, Pendra and Nizamabad 3 each.

An increase of rainfall in Central India, west and south-east Rajputana is forecasted.

### DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Saturday, the 28th August 1915, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear or lightly clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess in the east Punjab and at Lahore.

The United Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Mainpuri has had 0.33in., Jhansi 0.18in., Cawnpore 4.00in. and Allahabad 0.17in. Skies are heavily clouded in the extreme southern districts and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are clear in upper Sind and lightly or moderately clouded elsewhere. The air is drier than usual and day temperature is in excess in Rajputana. Night temperature is also above normal in east Rajputana.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are lightly or moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in defect. Day temperature is in excess in the eastern half of Kathiawar, north Gujarat and at Neemuch.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been nearly general; Jubbulpore has had 2.54in., Hoshangabad 0.73in., Khandwa 0.79in., Akola 0.13in., Amraoti 0.22in., Nagpur 0.56in. Chanda 1.19in. and Raipur 4.09in. Skies are generally heavily clouded. Day temperature has fallen and is now in defect at some stations.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been fairly general; Mormugao has had 0.25in. and Karwar 0.41in. Skies are heavily clouded.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been nearly general in Hyderabad and local in the south Bombay Deccan; Belgaum and Aurangabad have had 0.28in. each, Nizamabad 1.24in. and Hyderabad 0-11in. Skies are heavily clouded. Day temperature is in defect in the south Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.

General Remarks.—There has been a decrease in the rainfall on the west coast of the Peninsula but a considerable increase in the Central Provinces due to the influence of the storm from the Bay of Bengal which appears to have moved into the east Central Provinces. Rainfall has been nearly general in the Central and the United Provinces and Hyderabad, fairly general in the Konkan, Malabar and probably on the north Madras coast and local in the south Bombay Deccan while a few showers have occurred in Kathiawar and Mysore.

Nearly general rain is likely in the Central Provinces and Hyderabad and on the west coast of the Peninsula, fairly general rain in the United Provinces, local rain in the Bombay Deccan and Central India West.

*OBSERVATIONS TAKEN at 8 a. m. on SATURDAY, the 28th of August, 1915.*

| STATIONS. | Temp in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours | Minimum of past 24 hours. | Weather. 8 A. M. | Rainfall: Past 24 hours. | Total 1st June to date. | Departure, 1st June to date. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| PERSIAN GULF— | | | | | | |
| Bushire | 95.7 | 86.5 | 79 | .. | 0 | —0.01 |
| Do (27th) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Jask | 92.8 | 85.6 | 91 | .. | 0 | —0.06 |
| Do. (27th) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| Muskat | 90.7 | 84.1 | 80 | .. | 0 | —0.17 |
| Do. (27th) | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| PUNJAB— | 103.1 | 82.5 | 79 | .. | 0.65 | —3.70 |
| Multan | 94.0 | 78.0 | 72 | .. | 12.25 | —6.09 |
| Rawalpindi | 105.1 | 81.7 | 64 | .. | 2.54 | —9.75 |
| Lahore | 104.5 | 86.1 | 43 | .. | 4.37 | .. |
| Hissar | 95.9 | 79.5 | 85 | .. | 9-91 | —8.70 |
| Ambala | 99.0 | 83.8 | 52 | .. | 7.35 | —11.05 |
| Delhi | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| UNITED PROVINCES— | 94.7 | 81.3 | 75 | .. | 13.48 | —6.04 |
| Agra | 90.3 | 75.5 | 97 | 0.33 | 18.17 | —0.01 |
| Mainpuri | 90.4 | 78.9 | 76 | 0.18 | 15.47 | —11.85 |
| Jhansi | 89.4 | 77.5 | 90 | 4.00 | 24.98 | 0.16 |
| Cawnpore | 90.5 | 79.4 | 90 | 0.17 | 25.49 | 2.40 |
| Allahabad | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| SIND AND RAJPUTANA | 103.1 | 81.2 | 81 | .. | 0.06 | —2.12 |
| Jacobabad | 85.4 | 78.5 | 89 | .. | 0.21 | —5.44 |
| Karachi | 85.0 | 77.3 | 99 | .. | 10.52 | —2.06 |
| Ajmer | 97.5 | 70.1 | 55 | .. | 8.69 | —0.37 |
| Jalpore | 97.0 | 83 6 | 52 | .. | 13.27 | —6.85 |
| Kotah | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| GUJARAT, KATHIAWAR AND CENTRAL INDIA | | | | | | |
| WEST— | 86.2 | 74.6 | 76 | 0.01 | 3.69 | —7.54 |
| Bhuj | 87.0 | 77.4 | 90 | 0.11 | 7.33 | —4.74 |
| Dwarka | 83.9 | 78.5 | 87 | 0.01 | 6.50 | —8.43 |
| Veraval | 95.1 | 82.1 | 73 | 0.07 | 6.56 | —14.62 |
| Rajkot | 98.0 | 75.8 | 85 | .. | 7.37 | —7.82 |
| Bhavnagar Para | 90.1 | 77.6 | 76 | .. | 19.08 | —12.85 |
| Surat | 99.2 | 78.7 | 66 | .. | 9.11 | —15.69 |
| Ahmedabad | 97.9 | 76.6 | 73 | .. | 4.30 | —14.66 |
| Deesa | 93.0 | 75.5 | 60 | .. | 12.42 | —8.48 |
| Neemuch | 81.5 | 72.1 | 80 | 0.40 | 18.15 | —4.32 |
| Indore | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| CENTRAL PROVINCES— | 86.9 | 75.3 | 91 | 2.54 | 56.57 | 15.21 |
| Jubbulpore | 86.5 | 73.8 | 79 | 0.02 | 28.56 | —5.27 |
| Saugor | 81.8 | 73.0 | 93 | 0.73 | 29.53 | —5.69 |
| Hoshangabad | 78.0 | 73.3 | 88 | 0.79 | 18.05 | —2.01 |
| Khandwa | 81.8 | 72.0 | 89 | 0.13 | 19.18 | —2.26 |
| Akola | 85.3 | 72.1 | 90 | 0.22 | 18.93 | —3.26 |
| Amraoti | 84.7 | 72.4 | 91 | 0.56 | 29.20 | —4.31 |
| Nagpur | 77.5 | 73.0 | 95 | 1.19 | 25.55 | —11.00 |
| Chanda | 89.2 | 75.6 | 98 | 4.07 | 39.91 | —4.27 |
| Raipur | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| KONKAN— | 86.5 | 79.0 | 83 | 0.01 | 62.40 | 6.10 |
| Bombay | 84.5 | 76.7 | 88 | 0.09 | 68.97 | —12.79 |
| Ratnagiri | 83.3 | 74.7 | 98 | 9.25 | 66.23 | —10.20 |
| Mormugao | 82.6 | 74.0 | 95 | 0.41 | 71.18 | —26.78 |
| Karwar | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| BOMBAY DECCAN AND HYDERABAD— | 92.9 | 74.1 | 69 | .. | 13.22 | 0.85 |
| Malegaon | 88.0 | 70.5 | 76 | .. | 13.92 | 3.04 |
| Ahmednagar | 82.4 | 69.7 | 90 | 0.64 | 24.84 | 9.41 |
| Poona | 83.2 | 73.1 | 75 | .. | 10.83 | —2.82 |
| Sholapur | 82.8 | 70.1 | 83 | 0.02 | 6.47 | —1.37 |
| Bijapur | 75.4 | 65.5 | 92 | 0.28 | 31.88 | —1.14 |
| Belgaum | 84.4 | 69.6 | 90 | 0.28 | 19.39 | 2.93 |
| Aurangabad | 79.2 | 69.0 | 95 | 1.24 | 17.76 | —7.95 |
| Nizamabad (Indur) | 74.8 | 70.5 | 90 | 0.11 | 28.02 | 11.48 |
| Hyderabad | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| MALABAR AND CEYLON | 82.5 | 72.8 | 94 | 0.81 | 79.14 | —17.28 |
| Mangalore | 81.7 | 74.7 | 95 | 0.27 | 75.48 | —5.05 |
| Calicut | 83.4 | 73.7 | 84 | 0.05 | 67.85 | 4.63 |
| Cochin | 86.1 | 78.2 | 80 | .. | 21.15 | 5.23 |
| Colombo | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| MADRAS (EXCLUDING MALABAR) AND MYSORE— | 78.1 | 72.7 | 91 | 1.75 | 25.65 | 8.62 |
| Masulipatam | 79.1 | 72.6 | 77 | 0.98 | 11.37 | 5.53 |
| Bellary | 85.0 | 77.3 | 99 | .. | 10.52 | —2.06 |
| Cuddapah | 79.8 | 76.6 | 70 | 0.05 | 10.61 | 0.22 |
| Madras | 79.5 | 75.3 | 90 | 0.10 | 11.50 | —0.52 |
| Bangalore | 86.7 | 70.2 | 79 | .. | 6.40 | 2.39 |
| Coimbatore | 92.5 | 78.2 | 62 | .. | 6.36 | —0.28 |
| Trichinopoly | 92.2 | 77.8 | 79 | .. | 5.98 | —0.61 |
| Negapatam | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |

Pills and tablets are often insoluble in the secretions of the intestinal tract, and are thus inert. When they do act, their action is so excessive as to be weakening. Kasagra is a pleasant liquid laxative, is gentle and effective. D 22

# COMMERCIAL.

## CONDITION OF THE AMERICAN CROP.

**The following report on the condition of the American cotton crop by the New York correspondent of the "Manchester Guardian" was published in mail week.**

Although complaints in regard to the progress of the cotton crop to date have been fewer than in previous years, the first real crop scare of the season was experienced during the past week. It came at a time when the market was well oversold, and the urgent covering by shorts sent prices upward rapidly. The foreign situation has lost its importance, even though it is still as unsettled as ever, as traders are giving all attention to the weather map and crop reports. Sentiment, too, has turned decidedly in favour of higher prices, and the advance has met with little resistance. Offerings for the most part have been limited, and the South, which had been selling on a liberal scale of late, appeared to have changed its attitude. Wall Street interests and commission-houses undoubtedly influenced by the continued strength of the stock market, bought contracts quite freely, and it was generally thought that new long lines were being accumulated. The belief that the South, unless the crop is another record-breaking one, will not experience the difficulties in marketing its cotton this year that it did last is increasing. The Special Commission of the Federal Reserve Board has been investigating conditions in the cotton belt, and has announced that no extraordinary means will have to be taken for financing the crop. The belief that the export situation will be fairly well cleared up before the new crop moves freely is also gaining ground.

### THE CROP REPORTS.

The continued dry weather in the Western belt and increased complaints from the Eastern States were the most emphasised factors in the "bull" movement. It had generally been expected that the market this season would be more susceptible to crop scares than heretofore, as a result of the decrease in the acreage and the smaller use of fertilisers, and although up to the early part of the past week the reports from the belt had been very favourable, at the first sign of changing crop conditions shorts covered. It was generally thought that, should the dry weather continue, the plant would deterorate rapidly, as it is in a very sappy condition, as a result of the continued heavy rains early in the season.

Sentiment in regard to the Eastern crop outlook is by no means unanimous, and the advance is credited more to a scare of shorts than to any serious damage threatening the crop. The change in crop conditions, many claim, was too sudden to be taken seriously, and even though they realise that continued dry weather would be injurious, the recent complaints have undoubtedly been exaggerated. Cotton needs high temperatures to grow, and it is nothing unusual for dry spells to be experienced. General conditions over the belt are considered too favourable to warrant any "bull" movement, especially when the "bearish" statistical position is considered. General rains over the belt during the next fortnight, it is claimed, would make a good crop sure. The political situation is not entirely disregarded. This fact was brought out early in the week, when the sinking of the American freight steamer Leelanaw was reported, and prices broke sharply. As a matter of fact, political developments must be watched as closely as the news regarding the progress of the crop.

Apart from a few light scattered showers in Central Texas and along the Atlantic coast, dry weather has prevailed throughout the cotton belt, and temperatures have been close to the 100-degree mark, with many sections of the belt late in the week exceeding that figure. Many complaints of drought are being received from Texas. It is said that the light showers in the central part of the State were of little benefit and that general soaking rains are needed. The fruitage in the greater part of the State is reported poor, and many complaints of shedding are being received. There are, however, many reports to the effect that the outlook for that State is still favourable, and that the plant has not suffered much from the dry weather. Fields are in an excellent state of cultivation, and the plant is generally healthy. Fields in Oklahoma are still grassy and the crop is several weeks late. Stands are fair, and prospects as a whole are improving. Apart from scattered complaints of grassy fields in Alabama, the conditions in the Central States continue favourable, and little deterioration has occurred during the past week. In some sections of Arkansas and Louisiana the crop is beginning to need rain. In the Eastern States conditions have been rather unfavourable, the plant being unable to withstand the hot weather, the lack of fertilisers preventing rapid growth. It is claimed that, owing to the backwardness, frost will have to be late if this section of the belt is to produce a normal crop. The crop is spotted and in many places is fruiting poorly. Many complaints of shedding, too, are being received from Georgia and the Carolinas. New bales are being received from many sections of the belt, and it is now predicted that the movement from Texas will be free early in August. Insects have been less active of late, and hot, dry weather has exterminated them from many sections.

### SPOT AND DRY GOODS MARKETS.

Little is heard from the South as to the spot situation, and business is on a very small scale. The South is offering cotton, but sales are not being pressed, even though the demand is small from both foreign and domestic spinners. Even forward business continues on a limited scale, as both New England and Southern mills are showing little interest in the staple, being generally credited with enough raw material to supply them until October. Spinners are said to be quite "bearish" as regards Fall prices for the actual. The new crop has already started to move to market in a small way and fears of pressure are increasing.

# CABLE QUOTATIONS.

## LIVERPOOL COTTON.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

Liverpool, Aug. 27th.

| | | Bales |
|---|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool | .. | 10,000 |
| " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | | 1,500 |
| " Sales of East India | .. | 1,000 |
| " Imports .. .. | .. | Nil. |
| Mid. Americans .. .. | .. | 5.63d |
| Egyptian F.G.F. .. .. | .. | 7.75d |
| New York 11 a.m., (as known in Liverpool at closing time) | October .. | 9.59 |
| | January .. | 10.03 |
| New York Official noon call | October . | 9.66 |
| | January .. | 10.07 |
| New Orleans 10 a.m. .. | October .. | 9.36 |
| | January .. | 9.77 |

Liverpool, Aug. 28th.

| | | Bales |
|---|---|---|
| Total Day's Sales at Liverpool | .. | 10,000* |
| " " Sales on Spec. & for Exp. | | 500 |
| " " Sales of East Indian | .. | .... |
| " " Imports .. .. | .. | 8,000 |
| Mid. Americans .. .. | .. | 5.68d |
| Egyptian F. G. F. .. | .. | 7.85d |

* Sales include 4,000 bales sold late yesterday.

## OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 27th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimated Sales.. .. .. .. | 8,000 |
| Total Imports .. .. .. .. | Nil. |

| Months. | Previous closing price. | To-day's price |
|---|---|---|
| August | 5.42 | 5.49 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.42 | 5.49 |
| Sept.-Oct. | 5.43 | 5.50 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 5.49 | 5.57 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 5.54 | 5.60 |
| Dec.-Jan. | 5.58 | 5.64 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 5.62 | 5.65 |
| Feb.-Mar. | 5.66 | 5.72 |
| Mar.-Apl. | 5.69 | 5.78 |
| April-May | 5.73 | 5.79 |
| May-June | 5.76 | 5.82 |
| June-July | 5.79 | 5.85 |
| July-Aug. | 5.82 | 5.88 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.85 | 5.91 |

Liverpool, Aug. 28th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimated Sales.. .. .. .. | 6,000 |
| Total Imports .. .. .. .. | 8,000 |

| Months. | Previous closing price. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|---|
| Aug. | 5.52 | 5.55 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.52 | 5.55 |
| Sept.-Oct. | 5.53 | 5.56 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 5.60 | 5.63 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 5.64 | 5.67 |
| Dec.-Jan. | 5.68 | 5.71 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 5.72 | 5.76 |
| Feb.-Mar. | 5.76 | 5.79 |
| Mar.-Apl. | 5.80 | 5.83 |
| Apl.-May | 5.83 | 5.86 |
| May-June | 5.86 | 5.89 |
| June-July | 5.89 | 5.92 |
| July-Aug. | 5.92 | 5.95 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.94 | 5.97 |

## CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, Aug. 27th.

| Months. | Previous closing price. | To-day's price |
|---|---|---|
| August | 5.42 | 5 52 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.42 | 5.52 |
| Sept-Oct. | 5.43 | 5.53 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 5.49 | 5.60 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 5.54 | 5.64 |
| Dec.-Jan. | 5.58 | 5.68 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 5.62 | 5.72 |
| Feb.-Mar. | 5.66 | 5.76 |
| March-April | 5.69 | 5.80 |
| April-May | 5.73 | 5.83 |
| May-June | 5.76 | 5.86 |
| June-July | 5.79 | 5.89 |
| July-August | 5.82 | 5.92 |
| Aug-Sep. | 5.85 | 5.94 |

Liverpool, Aug. 28th.

| Months. | Previous closing price. | To-day's price. |
|---|---|---|
| Aug. | 5.52 | 5.57 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.52 | 5.57 |
| Sept.-Oct. | 5.53 | 5.60 |
| Oct.-Nov. | 5.60 | 5.66 |
| Nov.-Dec. | 5.64 | 5.71 |
| Dec.-Jan. | 5.68 | 5.75 |
| Jan.-Feb. | 5.72 | 5.79 |
| Feb.-Mar. | 5.76 | 5.82 |
| Mar.-Apl. | 5.80 | 5.86 |
| Apl.-May. | 5.83 | 5.90 |
| May-June | 5.86 | 5.93 |
| June-July | 5.89 | 5.95 |
| July-Aug. | 5.92 | 5.98 |
| Aug.-Sept. | 5.94 | 6.00 |

## ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, Aug. 27th

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal | Good .. .. | 4.05 |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4.20 |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.35 |
| No. 1 Oomra | Good .. .. | 4.50 |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4.65 |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.80 |
| M. G. No. 1 Oomra | Good .. .. | 4.55 |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.85 |
| " Broach | Good .. .. | 4.95 |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 5.10 |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 5.25 |
| " Scinde | Good .. .. | 4.05 |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4.20 |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.35 |

Liverpool, Aug. 28th

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| M. G. Bengal | Good .. .. | 4.05d |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4 20d |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.35d |
| No. 1 Oomra | Good .. .. | 4.50d |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4.65d |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.80d |
| M. G. No. 1 Oomra | Good .. .. | 4.55d |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.85d |
| " Broach | Good .. .. | 5.00d |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 5.15d |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 5.30d |
| " Scinde | Good .. .. | 4.05d |
| " " | Fully Good .. .. | 4.20d |
| " " | Fine .. .. | 4.35d |

## LIVERPOOL COTTON STATISTICS.

London Aug. 27th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total Actual Export .. .. .. | Bales. 7,000 |
| " Forwarded . .. .. .. | 75,000 |
| " Imports .. .. .. .. | 30,000 |
| " Stock .. .. .. .. | 1,252,000 |

## LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

London, Saturday Aug. 28th.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Total in Sight..... | 2,500,000 |
| Egyptian Visible Supply ..... | .... |
| East Indian " " ..... | .... |
| American " " ..... | 2,660,000 |
| Other " " ..... | .... |
| Total Sales ..... | 48,000 |
| East Indian Sales ..... | 1,500 |
| Total Speculation ..... | 4,000 |
| Total Export ..... | 2,000 |
| East Indian Export..... | .. |
| Est Indian Stock ..... | 69,000 |
| East Indian Forwarded ..... | 2,500 |
| East Indian Actual Exports..... | 400 |
| East Indian Imports ..... | 3,000 |
| East Indian Speculation ..... | 800 |
| American Afloat..... | 20,000 |
| East Indian Afloat ..... | 14,000 |
| Total Afloat ..... | 55,000 |

## MANCHESTER MARKET.

Liverpool, Aug. 27th

Tone of Cloths :—Dull.
Tone of Yarns :—Quiet but steady.

## WOOL SALES.

Liverpool, Aug. 27th.

Wool auction sale closed to-day quietly.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| | Sold | 23,000 |
| Vicanere First White | highest price | 19½ |
| " " " | lowest " | 15 |
| " Ordinary " | highest " | 12½ |
| " " " | lowest " | 10 |
| Candahar First White | highest " | 15 |
| " " " | lowest " | 13½ |
| " Ordinary " | highest " | 13 |
| " " " | lowest " | 10½ |
| Bicanere White | highest " | 10 |
| " " | lowest " | 9 |

## AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, Aug. 27th.

| | Bales. |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports .. | 9,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain } " " to Continent .. } | 2,000 |
| Futures at New York Oct. .. .. | 9.65 |
| Previous closing price .. .. | 9.48 |
| Futures at New York Jan. .. .. | 10.06 |
| Previous closing price .. .. | 9.91 |
| Spot Cotton at New York .. .. | 9.65 |
| Previous price .. .. .. .. | 9.50 |
| Spot Cotton at New Orleans .. | 9 13 |
| Previous price .. .. .. | 8.94 |
| Futures at New Orleans Oct. .. .. | 9.43 |
| Previous price .. .. .. | 9.25 |
| Futures at New Orleans January .. | 9.84 |
| Previous price .. .. .. | 9.65 |
| Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) .. | 6⅞ |
| Demand Bills .. .. .. .. | 463.35 |
| Silver Commercial Bars . .. .. | 47⅛ |

Bales.

| | |
|---|---|
| Week's receipts of Cotton at U.S. Ports | 28,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain } " " to France and Continent } | 31,000 |
| Stock of Cotton at U.S. Ports .. | 676,000 |
| " " at Interior Ports .. | 411,000 |

New York, Aug. 28th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports .. | 5,000 |
| " Exports to Great Britain } " " to Continent } | 7,000 |
| Futures at New York Oct. .. .. | 9.90 |
| Previous closing price .. .. | 9.65 |
| Futures at New York Jan. .. .. | 10.33 |
| Previous closing price .. .. | 10.06 |
| Spot Cotton at New York .. .. | 9.85 |
| Previous price .. .. .. | 9.65 |
| Spot Cotton at New Orleans .. .. | 9.25 |
| Previous price .. .. .. | 9.13 |
| Futures at New Orleans Oct. .. .. | 9 66 |
| Previous price .. .. | 9.43 |
| Futures at New Orleans Jan. .. .. | 10.07 |
| Previous price .. .. | 9.84 |
| Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality) .. | 6⅞ |
| Demand Bills .. .. .. .. | 4.62.35 |
| Silver Commercial Bars .. .. | 46⅞ |

## MONEY MARKET.

London, Aug. 27th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver Spot .. .. .. .. | 23/16 |

Closing Tone of Silver :—Indian and Continental Buying.
Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 %

since 8th August 1914.

| | |
|---|---|
| Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about .. .. .. | £100,000 |

Spl. Transfer on Calcutta Rs. 10,00,000 @ 1-4
The sum of £300,000 has been earmarked.

| | |
|---|---|
| Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. .. .. | 4 15/16 |
| Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. | 5 |
| " Fine Trade Bills 3 months .. | 5½ |
| " " " " 6 " .. | 6 |
| Interest day to day loans .. .. | 3½ |
| " 7 day market loans .. .. | 4¼ |
| Exchange on London at Paris Francs | 27.75 |

London, Aug. 28th.

EXCHANGE.

| | |
|---|---|
| On London at Paris Frs. | 27.75 |

London, Aug. 28th.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bar Silver Spot .. .. .. .. | 22 15/16 |

Closing Tone of Silver :—Absence of buyers—India sold.

| | |
|---|---|
| Discount, Bank of England Rate 5 % since 8th August 1914. | |
| Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st. .. .. | 4 15/16 |
| " Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st. .. | 5 |
| " Fine Trade Bills 3 months .. | 5½ |
| " " " " 6 " .. | 6 |
| Interest day to day loans .. .. | 3½ |
| " 7 day market loans .. .. | 4¼ |

The sum of £100,000 has been eramarked for Egypt.

## WAR LOANS.

London, Aug. 28th.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3½% | 1925/28 | £92¼ |
| 4½% | 1925/45 | £97 11/16 |

London, Aug. 27th.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 3½% | 1925-1928 .. .. | £92¼ |
| 4½% | 1925-1945 .. .. | £97⅞ |

## MISCELLANEOUS MARKET REPORTS.

London, Aug. 27th

### WHEAT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Club. No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-Ship, July Sellers | 56/3 |
| White Delhi, per 492lbs. C I F. July Sellers | 56/6 |
| Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I F. August Paid arrived | 54 |
| F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. July Sellers | 56½ |
| Wheat Choice White Bombay. July Sellers | 57/3 |
| Karachi Barley September Sellers | 37/9 |

### SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe—60 lbs.—Nominal.
Barletta Russo—62½ lbs. Nominal.

### AUSTRALIAN

South Australian. Nominal.
Victorian.—Nominal.
New South Wales.—Nominal.

### SEEDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship Sept.-Oct. Sellers | 57/6 |
| Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers | 59 |
| Rapeseed, Brown, 416lbs. ex-Ship Aug.-Sept. Sellers | 52 |
| Linseed Bombay per 416lbs. ex-Ship Aug-Sept. Sellers | 57 |
| Toria Rapeseed Aug.-Sept. Buyers | 52/5 |
| Linseed Calcutta August-Sept. Paid | 56 |

### LINSEED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Argentine (La Plata) August-September; Buyers | 52 |

### COTTONSEED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) August-Sept. Hull Sellers | £8/7/6 |

### METALS.

| | |
|---|---|
| English best selected Copper | £80½ |
| Standard Copper G. M. B. | £71½ |
| Copper Braziers | £96 |
| Yellow Metal | 11 |
| Hard Spelter Nominal | £45 |
| Tin Plates I.C Coke 14x20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool | 18/9 |
| Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B 4% F.O.B. Liverpool | £17/5 |
| Pig Iron No. 1 Gartsherrie | £85 |

### FREIGHT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canal Value | 25 |

### JAVA SUGAR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Raw Java Nos. 16/18 C. & F. Calcutta September/December. | 19/10½ |
| Raw Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi September/December. | 20 |
| Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta September/December. | 21/10½ |
| Fine White Java, C. & F. Bombay and Karachi Sept.-Dec. | 22 |

### RUBBER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Para Rubber August-Sept. Buyers | 2/4¾ |
| Ceylon Rubber Sept.-Oct. Sellers | 2/4⅝ |

London, Aug. 28th

### WHEAT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Club, No. 1 per 492lbs. ex-Ship July Sellers. | 55/9 |

Tone :—Weak.

| | |
|---|---|
| White Delhi, per 492lbs. C.I.F —Nominal | |

Tone :—Weak.

| | |
|---|---|
| Choice Whillte Karachi, per 492 lbs. C.I.F. July Sellers. | 54/6 |

Tone :—Weak.

| | |
|---|---|
| F. A. Q. Red Karachi, per 492lbs. C.I.F. July Sellers. | 54½ |
| Wheat Choice White Bombay—Nominal. | |

Tone :—Weak.

### SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rozario Santa Fe 60lbs. Nominal.
Barletta Russo 62½lbs.—Nominal.

### AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian, Nominal
Victorian. Nominal.
New South Wales. Nominal.

| | |
|---|---|
| Karachi Barley Aug.-Sept. Buyers | 37/6 |

### SEEDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs. 85% ex-Ship Sept.-Oct. Sellers | 57/6 |
| Rapeseed, Yellow Guzerat, 416 lbs. ex-Ship August-Sept. Sellers | 59 |
| Rapeseed, Brown, 416 lbs. ex-Ship August-Sept. Sellers | 52 |
| Toria Rapeseed Aug.-Sept. Buyers | 52/6 |

### LINSEED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Linseed Argentine (La Plata) August-September Buyers | 52 |

### COTTONSEED.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bombay Cottonseed (sound delivered per ton) Augt. Sept. Hull Sellers | £8-7-6 |

### METALS.

| | |
|---|---|
| English Best Selected Copper | £80½ |
| Standard Copper G.M.B. | £71½ |
| Copper Braziers | £96 |
| Yellow Metal | 11 |
| Hard Spelter Nominal | £45 |
| Tin Plates I.C. Coke 14 by 20, 112 sheets per box weighing 90 lbs. C.I.F. Liverpool | 18/9 |
| Iron Corrugated sheets 24 gauge G.O.B. 4% F.O.B. Liverpool | £17/5 |
| Pig Iron No. 1 Gartsherrie | £85 |

### FREIGHT.

| | |
|---|---|
| Coals :—Cardiff to Bombay Canal Value. | 25 |

### RUBBER.

| | |
|---|---|
| Para Rubber August-September Value | 2/4¾ |
| Ceylon Rubber September-Oct. Buyers | 2/4⅝ |

# BOMBAY MARKETS.

## COTTON.

**(From our Commercial Correspondent.)**

Bombay, August 28.

The market this morning opened steady and later on eased off owing to profit takings. Business at Colaba opened a trifle easier, and the demand for spot cotton is moderate. We quote :—

Fine Bengal, September, 182.
Fine K/Akola, September, 210.

QUOTATIONS FOR 1916.

Good Broach, April, 255/8.
Fully Good Bengal, January, 200/8.
Fine K/Akola, January, 224/8.

The seeds and wheat markets were closed on Saturday.

MESSRS. PATEL BROTHERS' MID-DAY QUOTATIONS.

| Growths. | Fine | F.G. | Good. | Delivery |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| M.G. Broach .. .. | .. | .. | 237 | Apr. 25'16 |
| M.G. " .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Bengals (Ry. terms) | 200 | 202 | .. | Jan. 25'16 |
| H.G. Rajputana (Ry. terms | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Sind Punjab (Ry. terms) .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Khandesh .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Nathia .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Khandwa, Sanawad .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Wardha, Hinganghat .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Nagpore .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Bengals .. .. | 185 | .. | .. | Sept. 15 |
| Do. .. .. | 218 | .. | .. | Nov. 15 |
| Do. .. .. | 213 | .. | .. | Dec. 15 |
| M.G. Yeotmal .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Dhamangaum, Pulgam .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Oomrawatee description .. .. | .. | .. | .. | .. |
| M.G. Akola, Khgun., Fair Staple .. .. | 227 | .. | .. | Jan. 1916 |
| " " " | 212 | .. | .. | Sept. 1915 |
| Saw Ginned Dharwar .. .. | .. | .. | 226 | Do. |
| H. G. Western .. .. | .. | .. | 197 | Do. |
| M.G. Westerns .. .. | .. | .. | 209 | Do. |
| M.G. Miraj . .. .. | .. | .. | 226 | Do. |

What's the use of coughing when Zymole Trokeys will stop it? They are pleasing in appearance and taste, thoroughly antiseptic and contain nothing injurious. B-17

| | |
|---|---|
| M G Compta .. .. .. | 226 Do. |
| H.G. Bhangalkote .. .. .. | .. .. |
| H.G. Bijapore .. .. .. | .. .. |

## RECEIPTS OF COTTON AND PRODUCE.

The following are the receipts of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds, by rail and sea into Bombay during the 24 hours up till 6 p.m. on 27th August, 1915 :—

| | |
|---|---|
| Cotton | 3,259 Bales. |
| Wheat | 8,691 cwts. |
| Linseed | 11,052 " |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard Seed | 2,758 " |
| Ginfellyseed | 173 " |
| Poppyseed | 34 " |
| Groundnuts | 2,009 " |
| Castorseed | 2,317 " |
| Rice | 5,349 " |
| Myrabollams | 264 " |
| Cottonseed | 9,289 " |
| Mowraseed | 249 " |
| Gram | 7,543 " |
| Joowar | 15,162 " |
| Maize | 140 " |
| Barley | 5,808 " |

## STOCKS OF COTTON.

| | |
|---|---|
| Stock of cotton on 1st September 1914 | 650,000 |
| Receipts from 1st Sept. to 26th Aug. 1915 | 2,668,516 |
| | 3,318,516 |
| Shipments do. | 1,842,437 |
| | 1,476,079 |
| Afloat | 8,331 |
| | 1,467,748 |
| Estimated Mill Consumption and Up-country by Rail 1st Sept. to date | 867,000 |
| Stock of cotton in all hands | 600,748. |

## EXCHANGE.

Banks' Selling Rates :—

| | |
|---|---|
| T. T. Ready | 1s. 3 29/32d. |
| D. D. Mail | 1s. 3 31/32d. |
| T. T. Forward | 1s. 3 15/16d. |

Banks' Buying Rates :— from 12th Sept.

| | |
|---|---|
| Credits 3 Months' Sight Ready | 1s. 4 7-32d. |
| Do. Do. Forward | 1s. 4¼d. Sept. |
| Do. 6 Months' Sight Ready | 1s. 4½d. |
| Francs 3 m-s. do. | Nominal. |
| 60 d-s. Hong-Kong | 131½ |
| Do. Shanghai | 168 |
| 60 d-s. Yokohama | 152½ |

## BULLION.

| | Rs. |
|---|---|
| English Bar Gold | 25-4-0 |
| Australian Do. | 25-0-0 |
| Bombay Do. | 24-5-0 |
| English Shield Sovereigns | 15-13-0 |
| English Dragons | 15-3-0 |
| Silver ex-duty Ready | 58-15-0 |

## SHARE MARKET.

**(From our Correspondent.)**

Bombay, Aug. 29.

The Cotton Mill Share Market did not present any signs of activity to-day and business on a moderate scale was recorded at yesterday's closing quotations. Tata Iron and Steel shares stood steady.

In Mill shares for September Settlement Davids closed at Rs. 535, Fazulbhai at Rs. 373½, Standards at Rs. 882½ and Madhavji at Rs. 1,082½.

Swadeshi declined to Rs. 1,362½ and Centrals to Rs. 1,770.

Kohinoor kept neglected at Rs. 597½ and Ahmedabad Advance Rs. 700.

Currimbhais were quoted at Rs. 185, Crescent at Rs. 86½, Indore Malwas at Rs. 175 and Indian Dyeing and Bleachings at Rs. 116½.

Bombay-Burma Trading Corporation shares stood unchanged at Rs. 885.

Bombay Electric Tram ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 199 and Preference at Rs. 165.

Bank of Bombay shares improved to Rs. 1,585 and Bank of India to Rs. 55.

Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary shares kept in demand at Rs. 180 and Preference at Rs. 241½.

Tata Iron and Steel ordinary shares remained unchanged at Rs. 105 and Deferred at Rs. 204½.

Kemps improved to Rs. 125.

Central India Mining shares were quoted at Rs. 21½.

Amritsar Patti Railway shares changed hands at Rs. 151½ and Tapti Valleys at Rs. 560. Ahmedabad Prantij Railway shares declined to Rs. 635.

### GOVERNMENT PAPER.

Business in 3½ per cent. G. P. Notes (clean pieces) was reported at Rs. 90.

4 per cent. Port Trust Bonds were in request at Rs. 99½.

4 per cent. Bombay Municipal Bonds changed hands at Rs. 98 1/8.

## STOPPAGE OF INDIAN WHEAT EXPORTS

For the time being, at any rate, says a Home paper, the Indian Wheat Committee has ceased to operate. Whether, later on, more wheat will be forth-coming in India for shipment is likely to depend on the weather and other circumstances. Since the end of April, when the chatering began, a very large number of steamers have been fixed for Government account, but though no figures have been issued, it seems clear that the whole of the anticipated exportable surplus has not been shipped. So far the cessation of chartering for wheat has not had any effect in lowering other freights rates, and, indeed, the influence of the Government chartering during the four months it was in progress actually seemed to steady the market, for the rates set a standard on which merchants could base their bids in other markets. The highest price secured for the wheat at first was not maintained, because during the time it was arriving here shipments from North and South America were large and reports of the new North American crop were favourable.

## BOARD OF TRADE RETURNS FOR JULY.

Board of Trade returns show that the imports in July, at £75,548,187, exceeded those of the corresponding month of last year by £16,171,663. Part of this was due to the increase in the price of food, but there were large increases in the quantities of some imports particularly cotton and tobacco. Exports at £34,721,511, showed a decline of £9,683,869, chiefly attributable to the falling off in the shipments of cotton goods, wollen goods, machinery, and coal.

The Madras Cosmopolitan Club will entertain the Hon. Sir C. Sankara Nair to a garden party in the first week of October.

# SHIPPING.

## ARRIVALS.

August 27

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sultan-Van Koetic | Van-de-wal | Balic Papan |

August 29.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Salsette | Armitage | Aden |
| City of Agra | Davies | New York |

## DEPARTURES.

August 28.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| City of Delhi | Bremner | Calcutta |
| Salsette | Armitage | Aden |
| Lhasa | King | Karachi |

The following vessel entered in Docks for loading :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Steamer | Chakdara | for the Persian Gulf. |

S. S. Salsette :—The P. and O. Company's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain A. B. Armitage, arrived here at about 6 a.m. yesterday from Aden, which port she left on the 24th instant, with the English mails, a general cargo and about forty passengers, ex the steamer Moldavia, from London, which left from Aden direct to Australia.

S. S. City of Agra :—The steamer City of Agra, 3,096 tons, Captain E. W. Davies, arrived here yesterday from New York, which port she left on the 25th ultimo, with a general cargo, oil and a few passenger on board.

S. S. Sultan-van-Koetic :—The steamer Sultan-van-Koetic, 1,114 tons, Captain A. Van de Wal, arrived here on Friday evening from Balik Papan, which port she left on the 7th instant, with a cergo of liquid fuel on board.

S. S. City of Delhi :—The steamer City of Delhi, 2,825 tons, Captain Bremner, sailed on Saturday for Calcutta via Madras, with the same bottom cargo.

S. S. Salsette :—The P. and O. Company's steamer Salsette, 2,391 tons, Captain A. B. Armitage, sailed yesterday evening for Aden, with the English mails, a general cargo and a few passengers on board.

S. S. Sultan-van-Koetic :—The steamer Sultan-van-Koetic, 1,114 tons, Captain A. Van-de-Wal, sailed yesterday for Sabang, in ballast.

S. S. Lhasa :—The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Lhasa, 949 tons, Captain C. R. King, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with the mails and passengers.

S. S. Kaisar-i-Hind :—The P. and O. Company's steamer Kaisar-i-Hind with the outward Mails of the 20th instant passed Suez at noon on Saturday, the 28th instant.

Saturday, August 28, 1915.

### PRINCE'S DOCK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| A. Cannizaro | Smith | J. F. & Co |
| D. & E. Nabwag | Grant | T. Morrison |
| C. & R. Cilicia | Batteson | T. M. & Co |
| F. Trelawny | Owen | W. & A. G. & Co |
| G. Fiwoni | Alexander | T. M. & Co |
| N. Holzoare | Eaymun | D. Nanjee & Sons. |

### HARBOUR WALL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Satsunji | K. N. & Co |

### VICTORIA DOCK

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2 Indravati | | K. N. & Co |
| 3 Hujaz | Gray | T. M. & Co |
| 5 Lavinia Westoll | Harrison | S. Smidt & Co |
| 6 Gibraltar | Semple | K. N. & Co |
| 7 Soldier Prince | Alexandria | D. Nanji & Sons |
| 8 Yeboshi Maru | Nogiri | N. Y. K |
| 12½ 13 Itola | Butler | M. M. & Co |

### ALEXANDRA DOCK.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 Polyktor | Theopulatos | D. Nanjee & Sons |
| 3 City of Cairo | Parker | K. N & Co |
| 4 Mooltan | Haddock | P. & O Co |
| 6 Chindwara | Coleman | M. M. & Co |

### HARBOUR WALL.

| | |
|---|---|
| Sultan van Koetic | Asiatic Petroleum & Co |

### HUGHES DRY DOCK.

| | |
|---|---|
| Janus | M. M. & Co |

### VESSELS IN THE STREAM

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Alavi | Fanning | T. M. & Co |
| Berbera | Steadman | M. M. & Co |
| Bombay Maru | Perada | N. Y. K. & Co |
| City of Agra | Davies | K. N. & Co |
| Dilwara | Phillips | M. M. & Co |
| Khosrou | Hannah | M. & Co |
| Kinkon Maru | Teujinato | G. Arbuthnot & Co |
| Nurani | Thompson | T. M. & Co |

## EXPORTS.

Aug. 28.

### FOR LIVERPOOL.

Gibraltar (s) 250 tons manganese ore, Central India Mining Co.; 90 bales cotton waste, O. Velji; 200 bales cotton waste, T. Damjee; 49 bales cotton waste, Commercial Trading Co.; 27 bales cotton oily, O. Velji; 255 bales cotton fly, J. Purbhudas; 52 bales cotton fly, Commercial Trading Co.; 46 bales wool, E. Mahomed.

City of Cairo (s) 3 cases toilet soap, H. Curranee and Co.; 1,651 cwts. myrabolams, D. Velji.

### FOR LONDON.

Soldier Prince 100 cwts. wheat, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 350 cwts. linseed oil cake, L. and F. Barraclough and Co.; 100 bales hemp, G. Virji and Co.

Mooltan (s) 3 cases Indian cigars, King King and Co.; 27 cases bristles, J. A. Begbie and Co.; 11 bales woollen carpets, King, King and Co.; 100 cwts. deer horns, J. M. Rahimtoola; 143 cwts. casein, Indian Dairy Supply and Co.; 12 bales cotton and woollen carpets, A. Laduck; 8 bales cotton and woollen carpets, E. Mahomed.

### FOR NEW YORK.

Mooltan (s) 4 bales woollen carpets, King, King and Co.

### FOR GENOA.

Nairung (s) 61 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 5,646 cwts. linseed, Ralli Brothers.

### FOR MIDDLESBOROUGH.

Cannizaro (s) 4,000 tons manganese ore, James Finlay and Co.

Halizones (s) 120 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers.

### FOR HONGKONG.

Itola (s) 200 bales cotton twist, Tata, Sons and Co.; 201 bales cotton twist, E. D. Sassoon and Co.; 200 bales cotton twist, C. Ebhrahim and Co.; 150 bales cotton twist, David Sassoon and Co.

### FOR KOBE.

Yeboshi Maru (s) 500 bales cotton, H. Meghji and Co.; 675 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

### FOR MOJI.

Yeboshi Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, H. Meghji and Co.

### FOR OSAKA.

Yeboshi Maru (s) 200 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 200 bales cotton, N. M. K. Kaisha.

## IMPORTS.

S. S. City of Cairo from Liverpool, Agents Killick Nixon and Co.—149 casks China clay, 84 cases tiles, 110 drums sulphide sodium, 4 casks zinc sulphate, 7 barrels silicate of soda, 1 case salammoniac, 1 case syrup of iron, 5 kegs borax crystals, 113 drums calcium chloride, 200 cases candles, 17 cases 4 crates tyres, 14 cases oil cloth, 44 boxes soap, 152 cases brandy, 12 crates 1 case earthen ware, 1 cask green paste, 2,000 boxes tin plates, 43 casks gum tragasol, 5 cases aluminium circles, 8 bags asbestos twine, 13 cases drugs and medicine, 3 cases castor oil, 1 case gum Arabic, 1 case cod liver oil, 1 drum grease, 92 cases 1 bale cottons, 1 case woollen and cotton goods.

S. S. Cannizaro from Hull, Agents James, Finlay and Co.—30 drums boiled oil

# RACING AT POONA.

## SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

### A SPECTRE AT THE BEND.

(From our Racing Correspondent.)

The attendance at Poona was not so large as on the previous Tuesday; a goodly number however, rolled up to the Sixth Extra in the two "specials." The afternoon was cloudy, but the rain held off, and the weather conditions could not very well have been better. Lord and Lady Willingdon were present and took great interest in the various items of the excellent programme that was provided.

The Bangalore Plate, a high weight handicap for country-breds, confirmed my shortcomings in the form of our country-breds, which I admitted last week. And I owe an apology to Miss Seeta for having been inclined to depreciate her capabilities in my remarks last week, when she won the Patiala Plate in such excellent style. I have hitherto held an exaggerated estimate of Aubrey's merits, chiefly derivable from his performance in the Governor's Cup at Madras, when he beat Little Speed at a difference of 19lbs., in addition to having put up several other very smart records. Well, on Saturday we saw Seeta, Aubrey and Little Speed, all taking an active part in the proceedings, and it is obvious the Mysore Government's enterprise in the breeding of blood-stock is a signal success, with great possibilities in the near future. I may take the opportunity of mentioning that ten of the Mysore bred stock are to be put up for auction at the Race Counce on Thursday morning. They are from the Kuniga stud, and are the produce of such well-known sires as Munderah, Sugar Apple and Courage. If there is any money knocking about there should be keen competition and high prices realised.

Bleach gave us another taste of his training capabilities by pulling off the second division of the Koregaon Plate with Subeh Pasha, who had run prominently in the Novice Plate at the Fourth Extra. As he was well favoured in the weights, Subeh Pasha naturally had a large public following, and Hoyt being afforded a handy opening on the rails coming into the straight, the good thing came off all right by a narrow margin from Cardiff, who put in a strong run at the finish and would possibly have won the race, had Ebrahim his jockey been as lucky as Hoyt was.

This question of horses getting up on the rails at the home-turn is beginning to be one of the features of Poona racing, and it is occurring with such remarkable frequency, I think it might be as well for one of the Club's officials to occupy the "crow's nest" overlooking the turn to see what it is that makes the field swing out in such an unaccountable manner at an important spot when all the jockeys' energies should be concentrated on keeping as close in as possible to save ground when turning into the straight. One might reasonably be excused for imagining, some phantom or equine spectre looms up at the crucial moment and causes the susceptible ones to shy out.

Without indulging in any post-mortems on past meetings such as Fado, Seigneurie, Orloff and others, the Biglig incident in the sixth race was sufficiently eerie and mysterious to suggest that a spiritual shadow or spectre discernible by some of the highly strung hysterical brigade influences the diversion. In Biglig's case the outward swerve was so pronounced as to produce a disorderly scrimmage amongst the first flight, seriously prejudicing their chance of winning, Biglig probably getting ten lengths the best of it by running through on the rails instead of having to come round. If the prime cause of this curious phenomenon is not at once removed there will be a horrible disaster at this bend one of these days which may be the cause of a life or two being sacrificed. Biglig won the race, simply because Red Fish or Engine, whichever of Bence's pair it was, was rolling about like a ship in a storm from the turn to the distance, and before he could be steadied it was too late. Mr. Anangi Nanjee's Back Bay seems to have gone off beyond redemption, and if there is any hope of his being "reclaimed" it may come about through a change of name—why not Slum Improvement?

Reverting for a moment to the second division of the Koregaon Plate, I must confess to not being able to appreciate the deductions which led the handicapper to allot England and Monaco 9st. 7lbs., and 9st 3lbs. respectively. I don't think either of them have hitherto done anything to merit the rather questionable distinction. They are both, so to speak, newly landed ones, who have as yet not gained their spurs, and as such, it is surely a tall order to expect them to give weight and a beating to old stagers like Hongkong, Sherali, Kaiumers, American Spot, Tawdry and Pharoah. They have both run prominently in their own class, and may be possessed of latent galloping propensities known to the handicapper. I cannot, however, see that even with this thrown in, that such weights are calculated to encourage the new division to compete with the older generation and to put its best foot forward when the occasion arises. Experience has proved that it takes at least twelve months on an average for a raw Arab to develop his galloping powers, and the small minority of exceptional merit that occasionally display any marked superiority, might very well be allowed to win a race or two their pre-eminent qualifications entitle them to. My friend Mr. A. S. O. says I am always growling and carping, but in this particular instance. I feel sure the handicapper will excuse this querulous trait of mine, when I mention, that if it becomes to be recognised that the merits of the new division are to be estimated on such a superlative scale, the fact will in turn have an effect on the scale of prices which really promising new horses command. An owner will give anything up to Rs. 10,000 for a horse in anticipation of winning a race or two with something that has displayed galloping excellence in the newly landed class, but if this is to be at once discounted by the weight being piled on in advance, and while still a maiden, a fifth of the sum would not be obtainable.

The Magdala Pate was an excellent, handicap, but the event was deprived of a good deal of its interest by the withdrawal of Dhaman, which, to the public's mind, reduced the issue to a match between Mr. Goculdass's lot and Terror. Kayid from his previous essay had no chance, and Majbur still on the beefy side, short of his winding-up gallops preparatory for winning the Derby, were looked upon as negligible factors in the race. Night Hawk was whispered round as a dark tip, the little secret being so religiously respected by the recipients, that he started as one of the favourites. Mr. Goculdass made no secret of his confidence in his pair of smashers, but was considerably surprised at the way Nakib, accounted for Sparrow Hawk. In the gallop Nakib's time was clocked as about four seconds inferior to Sparrow Hawk's, a matter of sixty yards by distance, which shows the stamp of horse Nakib is when he means business. Mr. Goculdass's champion never looked better in his life, and it would appear the Champion Plate and a few other of the big events were likely soon to be appropriated by this brilliant grey. Terror ran very well and will be worth watching again. Night Hawk gave a promising exhibition, and with his known turn of foot will probably do well in the horse class later, when he can stay a bit better.

The August Plate provided a graceful and artistic exhibition of race-riding on the part of Barrett on Double Chin. At the distance it looked as if Sugar Loaf would just pull it off, but Barrett's determined finish after a well-judged race just deprived Ramshaw of the spoils by half a length. It is, however, simply deferring the day for Sugar Loaf, in the trim she is in, she will surely win something later on, with average luck. Cherrywood's third in the Ascot Plate with 9st. 10lbs. up, and a gallop to the good, inspired the public, and Mr. Kelso's horse started a good public favourite. When commenting on the Ascot Plate and the Harris Plate, both of which were won by Orloff, I suggested putting little value on the result and as a line for the big events they should be dismissed altogether. Manilla ran well and is coming on. She has fair English form credentials and will run better over a longer journey—the Aga Khan's Cup perhaps.

The Chinchwad Plate was voted a good thing for Ajax on his track gallop, but he only succeeded in dead-heating with Excelsior after an exciting finish. It was a very capable performance for a new horse, though the way Mr. Heath's horse appears to stop when something comes at him makes one wonder whether his heart is in the right place. Another yard or two on Saturday and he was beaten: Arrow smothered him at the finish in the Hopeful Plate: and he was walking, when Makbul got up to him in the Lohagaon Plate. People with weak hearts should go and take tea when Ajax is carrying their money for he can never be said to have won his race until he gets past the post first.

Thursday is a holiday and taking advantage of the fact the Poona Big Meeting commences. The fixture promises to be specially interesting this year as the "terms" events in many respects bear a more open aspect than is usually the case. As a large contingent is expected to leave from Bombay, the railway company will probably provide two special trains.

The following are the results:—

THE BANGALORE PLATE.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,200; second, Rs. 400; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Country Breds.

H. H. Yuvaraja of Mysore's SEETA, 7-3, Lynch ..... 1
H. H. Maharajah of Gwalior's BLACK BOY, 7-13, Mujeed ..... 2
H. H. Raja Sir Ranbir Sing of Patiala's HOUSE MAID, 8-7, Quinn ..... 3
Mr. M. Lakshmi Kataraj Urs' CROWBAR, 8-0, Buckley ..... 4

Also Ran:—Aubrey 9-12, Meah Jan; Hopeful 7-0, Japheth; Tango III 6-4, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Seeta led out followed by Hopeful and Black Boy, Aubrey running last. Nearing home Hopeful fell back and Crowbar improved a little. Seeta led all the way and won comfortably by 1½ lengths—½—½.

Time:—1 min. 16 4/6 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 37. Places Rs. 23 and Rs. 33.

THE KOREGAON PLATE. Division II.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 750; second, Rs. 200; third, Rs. 100. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

Mr. A. F. Brigstocke's SUBEH PASHA, 7-10, Hoyt ..... 1
Mr. Abdoola Faras's CARDIFF, 8-10, Ebrahim ..... 2
Messrs. Syed Ahmed and A. R. Dakeel's DEFENDER, 7-4, Purtoosingh ..... 3
Mr. Shaik Esmail's ABDUL, 8-6, Mujeed ... 4

Also Ran:—Hurchan 9-12, Trenoweth; Hongkong 9-4, Barrett; Sherali 9-4, Pratt; Tawakal 9-2, Hazza; Silver Knight 9-2, Hardy; Kaiumers 9-2, Buckley; American Spot 9-1, Zamil; Tawdry 8-7, Bowley; Crescent 8-5, Japheth; Pharoah 8-4, Templeman; Beaver 7-8, Kaikhosroo; Alman 7-8, Harrison; Jingle 7-5, Abbas; Ladakh 7-4, Etul.

The Race:—Sherali was very restive at the machine and delayed the start. They got away well with Kaiumers showing the way. At the five furlongs Sherali was in front, but gave way to American Spot at the half-mile, Hongkong being third. Coming round the turn Subeh Pasha came upon the inside and was in front at the distance, where he was challenged by Cardiff, but just managed to get home by half a length—2—½.

Time:—1 min. 24 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 45. Places Rs. 22, Rs. 86 and Rs. 43.

THE CHINCHWAD PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 1,200; second, Rs. 400; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 2nd Division.

Mr. Heath's AJAX, 7-10, Buckley ..... 1*
Mr. Roosi's EXCELSIOR, 7-8, Kaikhosroo ..... 1*
Mr. Ali bin Talib's MOOLTAN, 7-8, Mujeed ..... 3
Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's SOLAR STAR, 8-12, Barrett ..... 4
* Dead Heat.

Also Ran:—Black Malik 9-7, Pratt; Bhatty Chief 9-0, Trenoweth; Harry Johnson 8-12, Templeman; Nawabzada 8-7, Hardy; Iron Chest 8-6, Hoyt; Ajmer 8-6, Bowley; Sweden 8-3, Zamil; Shaif-el-Mulcok 7-8, Purtoosingh; Khedavi Miser 7-0, Ebrahim.

The Race:—Ajax jumped into the lead at once with Black Malik next. At the 5 furlongs Mooltan was second. At the turn Excelsior showed up followed by Solar Star. A great race ensued between Ajax and Excelsior the judge being unable to separate them at the finish.

Time:—2 mins. 24 1/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 24 on Ajax, Rs. 57-8 on Excelsior. Places Rs. 45, Rs. 20 and Rs. 27.

THE MAGDALA PLATE.—Distance 1 Mile.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arabs in the 1st Division.

Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's NAKIB, 9-12, Hoyt ..... 1
Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's SPARROW HAWK, 9-2 Barrett ..... 2
Mr. Dara Cowasji's TERROR, 7-13, Bowley ..... 3
Mr. Heath's NIGHT HAWK, 8-7, Templeman ..... 4

Also Ran:—Majbur 9-7, Kaikhosroo; Money Gold 8-6, Pratt; Gowahajmer 7-13, Mujeed; Longboat 7-4, Purtoosingh.

The Race:—Kayid was first away followed by Money Gold, Gowahajmer and Sparrow Hawk. At the 6 furlongs Night Hawk improved. At the turn Kayid was still leading, but Night Hawk, Nakib and Sparrow Hawk closed up and passed him in the straight. Hoyt shook up Nakib at the distance and he passed his stable companion, winning by ¾—1—1.

Time:—1 min. 53 3/5 secs.

Win Rs. 46. Places Rs. 74, Rs. 25 and Rs. 16-8.

THE AUGUST PLATE.—Distance 1¼ Miles.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Horses in the 2nd and 3rd Divisions.

Mr. M. Goculdass's DOUBLE CHIN, 9-4, Barrett ..... 1
Mr. D. B. Captain's SUGAR LOAF, 9-3, Melsom ..... 2
H. H. Yuvaraja of Mysore's LITTLE SPEED, 6-4, Lynch ..... 3
H. H. Maharaja of Gwalior's MANILLA, 9-0, Hill ..... 4

Also Ran:—Cherrywood 9-7, Kaikhosroo; Hamara 8-5, Quinn; Mil 8-1, Trenoweth; Pie Crust 7-12, Bowley; Shell 7-7, Buckley; St. Alban 7-2, Purtoosingh; North 6-8, Harrison Adelaide II 6-0, Japheth.

The Race:—Little Speed went off a cracker, with Hamara or Mil next, St. Albans third. At the turn Sugar Loaf ran up to Little Speed, going strong and looked like winning. Barrett, however, set Double Chin going down the straight and with a determined bit of riding won by half a length—1½—neck.

Time:—2 mins. 10 1/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 91-8. Places Rs. 24-8. Rs. 23 and Rs. 119.

THE KOREGAON PLATE. Division I.—Distance 6 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,000; second, Rs. 300; third, Rs. 200. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 3rd Division.

H. H. the Jam Sahib's BIGLIG, 7-8, Hoyt 1
Genl. Nawabzada Obaidulla Khan's RED FISH, 9-3, Bowley ..... 2
Mr. Ali bin Talib's TAMOOZ (late Kaiser), 8-8, Pratt ..... 3
Nawab Najaf Ali Khan's BEN HUR, 8-9, Hardy ..... 4

Also Ran:—Investment 9-5, Zamil; Jawan 8-8, Mujeed; Engine 8-7, Purtoosingh; Anaz 8-1, Abbas; Sacod 8-8, Templeman; Red Flag 8-1, Buckley; Grey Mist Native; Back Bay 8-1, Trenoweth; Quality 8-0, Kaikhosroo; Lord Satu 7-12, Harrison; Nasirabad 7-12, Barrett; Triumph 7-6, Lynch.

The Race:—They ran bunched up together to the half-mile, where Back Bay and Grey Mist showed up slightly in advance. Back Bay was still in front at the turn with Nasirabad close up. Here a lot of scrimmaging seemed to take place and Biglig was let through on the rails, and with nothing but a disorganised crowd to get the better of, won by ½—¾—¾.

Time:—1 min. 22 4/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 435. Places Rs. 107-8, Rs. 34 and Rs. 123.

THE HADASPUR PLATE.—Distance 7 Furlongs.

Winner, Rs. 1,500; second, Rs. 500; third, Rs. 300. A High Weight Handicap for Arab Ponies 14 hands and under in the 1st Division.

Mr. A. Nanjee's ACE OF HEARTS, 7-7, Purtoosingh ..... 1
Mr. Abdoola Faras's MALSTER, 8-2, Hardy 2
Messrs. Goculdass and Mathradass's BALOZ, 9-7, Barrett ..... 3
Mr. R. R. S.'s THANK YOU, 9-5, Kaikhosroo ..... 4

Also Ran:—Abdul Malik 9-10, Lynch; Young Majub 8-9, Templeman.

The Race:—Ace of Hearts showed the way to Abdul Malik, Malster and Young Majub, Baloz bringing up the rear. At the half-mile Baloz improved and joined his field. In the straight Malster challenged the leader but could make no impression on him, Ace of Hearts winning by 1½—2—1½.

Time:—1 min. 38 1/5 secs.

Totes Paid:—Win Rs. 81-8. Places Rs. 25, and Rs. 19.

## DEATHS FROM BURNS.

The adjourned enquiry regarding the death of Latiffbai, a Mahomedan girl aged about 17 years was concluded on Saturday morning by the Acting Coroner.

The girl's husband Nurmahomed Abdulla had removed the girl on the 20th instant to the G. T. Hospital for treatment as she was suffering from severe burns all about the body which, it was alleged, were caused by her mother-in-law Ameenabai soaking her clothes in kerosine oil and setting fire to them. Ameenabai also was taken to the Hospital suffering from burns received while putting out the fire on the clothes of the girl. The girl died in the hospital on the same day, her mother-in-law dying two days later. A verdict of accidental death was returned by the jury on the body of the girl.

The Third Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Frank Oliveira produced the girl's dying deposition to the effect that Ameenabai used to quarrel with her every day and also to beat her with a cane. Ameenabai set fire to her clothes by pouring kerosine oil.

The jury returned a verdict of death caused by extensive burns but said there was no sufficient evidence to show by what means the burns were caused.

# BLIND SOLDIERS' RACES.

*Photo by "Central News."*

**The blinded soldiers of St. Dunstan's, Regent's Park scored three races against the students of Worcester College for the Higher Education of Blind in mail week in the Putney Reach. The photo shows the race for the pairs.**


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## QUADRANGULAR CRICKET.

### THE HINDU TEAM.

### SOME SURPRISING SELECTIONS AND OMISSIONS.

The Hindu Selection Committee met yesterday, when the following were selected to play for the Hindus against the Parsis in the first round of the Quadrangular cricket contest at Poona on the 6th, 7th and 8th September:

(1) Mr. M. D. Pai (Captain).
(2) Mr. P. Vithal.
(3) Mr. P. Ganpat.
(4) Mr. D. Deodher.
(5) Mr. S. M. Joshi.
(6) Mr. M. H. Chanda Rana.
(7) Mr. P. Shivram.
(8) Mr. L. H. Sempre.
(9) Mr. S. K. Diveker.
(10) Mr. B. Bhusari.
(11) Mr. S. M. Dalvi.

Reserves: Messrs. B. A. Dalvi, and V. V. Kantak. In case of the absence of any of the bowlers, the captain will ask Baloo or Erasha to play.

The team as a whole will probably be received with surprise by supporters of Hindu cricket. The greatest surprise of the list is the absence of Baloo's name from it. He is not quite the demon bowler that he once was, but he is still in the front rank of Indian bowlers and he still possesses a fine command over the ball. Indeed, it is difficult to imagine a Hindu representative eleven without this great cricketer. It is said he himself informed the Committee of his inability to stand the strain of three consecutive days' play. This is very likely true but it is also freely rumoured that there were certain under-currents running against him, which he foresaw and which led to his offer to withdraw from the field. At least he could very well have come in as a "change" bowler if not as a principal one, and as an all-round man he is far better than most of those selected. The inclusion of Bhusari of Poona in the team will cause no less surprise than Baloo's exclusion from it. He has been selected as a second wicket-keeper—an unheard of thing in cricket history. Cricketers have heard of a second wicket-keeper being included in a team going on a long tour, when on a contingency arising he might be called upon to keep wicket in place of the man originally selected for the purpose. But to select a second wicket-keeper for a three-day match is an anomaly, especially when the present-day tendency is to select all-round men, and Bhusari can, by no stretch of imagination, be included in that category. He is only a second-class bat and no bowler. The omission of the names of Mehta, Talpade and Date from the list will also occasion some surprise. The Committee yesterday took nearly three hours to select the team; it remains to be seen whether the innings of the latter lasts as long.

Turning to the other members of the team there are few more dangerous bats than Pai when he is well set. He scores very fast and possesses an extensive repertoire of strokes. He is the best field on the Hindu side.

Vithal is probably the best batsman among the Hindus to-day. He has been in excellent form this season, as was evidenced by his brilliant century against the Bombay Gymkhana on Saturday.

Shivram is an all-round man and is in better form than last year. He possesses a fine defence, and is a good change bowler and a smart field. Ganpat is a dashing bat.

Chandarana is a bowler of more than average ability and at times sends down deliveries which are well-nigh unplayable.

Sempre, of Karachi, who will probably lead the Hindu attack, is a good bowler. His bowling has shown a falling-off this year but he should run into form by the time the contest comes off.

Joshi of Poona, is a good bowler, with an effective spin on the ball.

Deodher, another Poona man, is a pretty bat to watch.

Diveker is a good stumper and a "sticky" bat.

Dalvi is a moderate bat.

## A SUGGESTION FOR THE PRESIDENCY CRICKET TEAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

SIR,—I shall feel obliged if you will kindly publish the following letter in your valuable columns. Some anxiety was caused whether the Bombay Gymkhana will be able to pit out a good team this year as many must be serving at the Front. But looking to the report of their matches, the Bombay Gymkhana seem to have a better team than what they had the last two or three years. This year they will have Mr. Simms, brother of the Gymkhana Skippere Mr. Jackson, the wicket-keeper, Mr. Hardy of Poona, Mr. Clark, Mr. Christi, Mr. Tarrant. I beg to suggest the name of the well-known Northantshire county player Rev. H. Stawton, Chaplain of Ajmere, who has been scoring very consistenly of late. I give below some of his recent batting achievements:—121 not out against the Government College, 88 against the R. M. Ry., 84 against Mayo College, 64 (not out), against Mayo College, and 54 (not out), 68, 28, 38, in other matches. Besides being a good batsman he is a change bowler, and very good fieldsman. If he is selected this year, I am sure he will be a great help to the team,—Yours, etc.

JALL K. BANAJI.

Ajmere College, Aug. 24.

## RUGBY FOOTBALL.

The following will play for the Bombay Gymkhana v. the 2/6 Devon Regiment, on the Oval, this evening Kick-off 6 p.m. prompt:—Back: W. H. E. Aspinwall, Three-quarters: E. G. Lilley, C. D. Baker, H. B. Edwards, F. J. Cheminais, Halves: Capt. A. G. MacIlwaine and H. W. Kilby, Forwards: E. S. Dougall (Capt.), A. M. Green, C. N. Rich, Capt. O. W. J. Wynne, W. E. Osborne, H. R. Harris, A. Hampson, A. Lochore.

## CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

### BOMBAY GYM. V HINDU GYM.

### BRILLIANT CENTURY BY VITHAL.

The large number of spectators, who assembled at the Kennedy Sea Face on Saturday last to witness the return match between the Bombay Gymkhana and the Hindu Gymkhana, were treated to the best cricket seen so far this season in Bombay. There was nothing remarkable in the Bombay Gymkhana batting except the fine display by McCormack, but on the Hindu Gymkhana going in to bat was witnessed cricket which will long be remembered by those whose good fortune it was to see it.

The Bombay Gymkhana, who had the first knock at the wickets, made 159 for 7 wickets, when they declared their innings closed. Except for the innings of McCormack and Sir Fredric Sprott the Gymkhana batting was unenterprising in the extreme and they took no less than two hours and forty minutes to make their total. Their rather late declaration left the Hindu Gymkhana with the task of reaching their opponents' total in 50 minutes. It was no easy task the Hindus were set to perform and yet they very nearly achieved the feat by knocking up 133 in that short space of time. Vithal and Telang set to work in right earnest from the very start, treating the Bombay Gymkhana bowling with scant courtesy. 50 was knocked up in 25 minutes and it did not take long to knock up the century. Vithal played a grand innings, which included no less than sixteen 4's and one 6. His effort was faultless until he had made 80, when he gave two hot chances which were not accepted. Most of his runs came as the result of magnificent drives and it was a pleasure to see the masterly fashion in which he placed the ball. Telang also played well and would have knocked up a bigger score than he actually did if he were not obliged to take risks to force the pace during the concluding stages of the game with a view to enable his side to top, if possible, their opponents' total.

The Bombay Gymkhana were undoubtedly handicapped by the absence of H. L. Simms and C. G. Stileman. This absence was keenly felt by the side, when the Hindus were making mincemeat of their bowling. Their battng was also not up to mark, and the only two batsmen who could do anything against the Hindu attack were McCormack and Sir Fredric Sprott. The former contributed a fine innings of 53, his chief hits being six 4's. Sprott, who has consistently scored this season, played a useful innings of 31, which included three 4's and one 5.

The bowlers on either side failed to secure any remarkable analysis. Erasha, who was specially invited to come down to Bombay with a view to enable the Committee to judge his form, was unable to achieve substantial results, and Sempre of Karachi did little better. The scores:—

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| D. G. Hurlbutt c B. A. Dalvi, b Sempre | 8 |
| Sir F. L. Sprott (Capt.) b Date | 31 |
| F. F. Stileman c B. A. Dalvi b Sempre | 9 |
| K. McCormack b Erasha | 53 |
| J. D. Moore c B. A. Dalvi b Baloo | 14 |
| C. D. Baker b Erasha | 0 |
| H. V. Hampton b Erasha | 0 |
| F. J. Clarke not out | 19 |
| Murray, not out | 5 |
| H. F. Hearson and W. P. Pechey did not bat. | |
| Extras | 20 |
| Total (for 7 wickets) | 159 |

HINDU GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| D. K. Telang c Hampton b McCormack | 31 |
| P. Vithal, not out | 100 |
| The rest did not bat. | |
| Extras | 2 |
| Total (for 1 wicket) | 133 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA INNINGS

| | O. | R. | M. | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sempre | 18 | 43 | 3 | 2 |
| Erasha | 18 | 30 | 4 | 3 |
| Talpade | 7 | 11 | 2 | 0 |
| Date | 7 | 20 | 1 | 1 |
| Baloo | 10 | 35 | 1 | 1 |

Erasha bowled one "no ball"

HINDU GYMKHANA INNINGS.

| | O. | R. | M. | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Clarke | 8 | 44 | 0 | 0 |
| Murray | 4 | 28 | 0 | 0 |
| McCormack | 6 | 36 | 0 | 1 |
| Baker | 3 | 23 | 0 | 0 |

## A CRICKET PROBLEM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "CHRONICLE."

SIR,—A curious incident happened in a match played by the Islam Gymkhana against a local team week before last. A ball was played by one of their batsmen into the wicket-keeper's hands. The ball however, bounced from his hands and knocked off one of the bails but stuck between two of the stumps. The wicket-keeper picked up the ball from the wickets and appealed to the Umpire for a catch. The Umpire declared the batsman out. Is the decision correct?—Yours etc.

CRICKETUS.

August, 29.

[The decision, it seems to us, is wrong. If the wicket-keeper failed to hold the catch, the ball became dead when it left his hands.—Editor "B. C."]

## CRICKET AT NADIAD.

A cricket match was played at Nadiad on the 26th instant between the Nadiad High School team and the Patan High School team, which resulted in the defeat of the latter by an innings and 62 runs. In the first innings the visitors scored only 18 runs against the bowling of Messrs. Gagubha (Captain) and Hathising, to which the home team responded with 101 runs with a loss of 4 wickets, Messrs. Dolatrai, Chandulal and Hathising each contributing more than 20 runs. In the second innings the Patan High School scored only 21 runs.

## FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

### THE HARWOOD LEAGUE.

### BENGAL UNITED (3); 6TH DEVONSO.

The Bengal United rather surprised their supporters on Friday evening by gaining a decisive victory over the Devons by three goals to nil. Their encounter with the same team in the first half of the League ended in a draw. Considering the fact this is the first appearance of the Bengal United in League Football, they are to be heartily congratulated on the plucky fights they have put up against heavier and more experienced teams. It is to be hoped that the comparative success of the Bengali team in the League will stimulate Football amongst Indians in this Presidency. There are several well-known Indian teams in Calcutta and other parts of India, and it is rather to be deplored that the game is not more seriously taken up in Bombay. The United are a very useful combination and are now playing with greater confidence than they did early in the season. Acharya who is always a tower of strength to his side was again the most conspicuous figure on the field. He is an unfiring and cool player and his clever tackling was applauded, deservedly so, several times. Hussein was as speedy as ever on the right wing and centred well. G. Iyengar and V. Iyengar also gave a good account of themselves. Shrinivash at centre-half played well and was alike useful in defence and attack. The Devons' side has unfortunately had to undergo numerous changes. In nine games four different players have been tried between the sticks. Unless some of the old players, now at Deolali, are brought down for the remaining five games they have to play, the Devons will occupy a very lowly position in the League Table at the end of the season. On Friday evening Doidge worked hard at full-back and stopped several dangerous movements by the United's forwards. Prouse gave him good assistance, but was not too sure in his kicking. Hicks, at centre-half, is improving wonderfully and is becoming a very useful player The forwards, except for occasional bits of good play by Hendra and Risdon, were very poor.

*Bengal United*:—Silatker, goal; Acharya and Khan, backs; Nooruddin, Shrinivash and Shivrao, halves; Hussein, G. Iyengar, V. Iyengar, Sircar and Ghose, forwards.

*6th Devons*:—Mitchell, goal; Doidge and Prouse, backs; Richards, Hicks and Cansey, halves; Hainett, Prowesland, Risdon, Hore and Hendra, forwards.

*Referee*:—Mr. Harwood.

### ROYAL GARRISON ARTILLERY (3); Y. M. C. A. (0).

Saturday evening's fixture in connection with the Harwood League, was looked forward to with a considerable amount of interest and the very large gathering of spectators, that turned out, were treated to a fast and evenly contested game, which ended in a victory for the Royal Garrison Artillery by three goals to nil. Had the Y. M. C. A. managed to dispose of the Gunners the result of the League would have borne a very open aspect. The Bombay Gymkhana are now the only team likely to trouble the Gunners. These two teams have not yet met in the League, but if the Gunners' shape as well as they did on Saturday evening they ought to dispose of the Gymkhana. The Gunners played a much improved game, the forwards shooting at every opportunity. Bagley at back played exceedingly well and his sure kicking was a pleasure to watch. Weaver was not as safe as he usually is. The halves tackled very judiciously and time and again broke up the Y. M. C. A. attack. The Gunners' success is undoubtedly due to their halves. They fall back to assist the defence and follow up the forwards with great judgment. It would be hard to single out any particular forward for good play. Massey was perhaps a shade better than his colleagues and was responsible for all three goals. We are glad to see that the forwards have given up the practice of trying to run the ball through the goal instead of shooting at every available opportunity. For the losers W. James and Peel were as resourceful as ever, and had it not been for their good play a much larger score would have been registered against their side. They were ably assisted by Bourne and Gardiner. The latter player has "come on" rapidly in the last few matches and is due a special word of praise for his good play on Saturday. Morris, Harwood and Murray worked hardest of the attackers. The two wingmen were, however, rather starved of passes. Murray, at centre, received little assistance from his inner men Strelley and Munro. He made several bids for goal but was unsuccessful. Bridgewater brought off one or two good saves, but showed signs of nervousness.

Mr. Cashman supervised the game and although he did his best to do justice to the teams, he failed to detect certain fouls. He is, however, strong on the "off-side" rule and always spotted and pulled up the delinquents.

The teams lined up as under:—

*R. G. A.*:—Dodd, goal; Weaver and Bagley, backs; Jennings, Holden and O'Neill, halves; Gloster, Llewlyn, O'Keefe, Massey and Franklin, forwards.

*Y. M. C. A.*:—Bridgewater, goal; W. James and Peel, backs; H. James, Borome and Gardiner, halves; Morris, Strelley, Murray, Munro and Harwood, forwards.

RESULTS UP-TO-DATE.

| Teams. | P | W | L | D | Goals F | A | Pts |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| R. G. A. | 9 | 8 | 0 | 1 | 35 | 2 | 17 |
| Medicals | 9 | 6 | 2 | 1 | 21 | 6 | 13 |
| Y. M. C. A. | 9 | 5 | 2 | 2 | 11 | 10 | 12 |
| Bombay Gymkhana | 7 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 31 | 6 | 11 |
| 6th Devons | 9 | 2 | 5 | 2 | 11 | 18 | 6 |
| Bengal United | 8 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 9 | 18 | 5 |
| Inst. Luso-Indiano | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 22 | 3 |
| Lusitanians | 8 | 0 | 7 | 1 | 2 | 41 | 1 |

TO-DAY'S GAME.

Lusitanians v. Grant Medical College.

## CASUALTY LISTS,

### (REUTER'S SPECIAL WAR SERVICE)

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The following casualties are announced:—

WOUNDED.

Captain A. R. Nichols, Liverpools.
Captain H. S. Richardson, Rifle Brigade.
Lieutenant G. Fardell, King's Royal Rifles.
Lieutenant A. G. Jepsom, London Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant H. C. Clifford-Smith, Berkshires.
Second-Lieutenant W. A. Crebbin, Rifle Brigade.
Second-Lieutenant J. A. Pratt, Liverpools.
Second-Lieutenant C. E. Wood, Engineers.

WOUNDED IN DARDANELLES.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. Simpson, West Kents.
Lieutenant-Colonel G. H. Swindells, Cheshires.
Major D. J. Bernard, Rifle Brigade.
Major J. F. De Rees, Welsh Regiment.
Major T. A. Prentice, Cheshires.
Captain W. L. Dudley, Welsh Regiment.
Captain E. A. Dutton, West Yorks.
Captain H. M. Edwards, Engineers.
Captain H. Ellershaw, Manchesters.
Captain F. C. Gregory, Cheshires.
Captain T. D. Hampson, Cheshires.
Captain W. S. Lennon, Dublins.
Captain J. Pegram, Cheshires.
Captain A. McC. Taylor, Cheshires.
Captain W. H. Whyte, Dublins.
Captain C. N. Cameron, Cheshires.
Captain C. T. Cooke, Cheshires.
Captain T. F. Fraser, West Yorks.
Captain A. Geary Smith, West Yorks.
Captain H. M. Green, Welsh Regiment.
Captain G. Heath, Cheshires.
Cpatain A. H. Howard, Welsh Regiment.
Captain J. T. Lewis, Lincolns.
Captain C. F. Long-Price, West Yorks.
Captain A. M. Pearkes, West Yorks.
Captain W. T. Turner, Cheshires.
Captain G. R. Wilson, Cheshires.
Lieutenant J. Armstrong, Cheshires.
Lieutenant H. H. Elliot, Medicals.
Lieutenant F. H. Hartley, Manchesters.
Lieutenant G. S. Lithiby, Manchesters.
Lieutenant C. Moss, Cheshires.
Lieutenant K. J. Peake, Lincolns.
Lieutenant P. G. Pullon, Cheshires.
Lieutenant E. McA. Reidy, Manchesters.
Lieutenant G. Sidebotham, Cheshires.
Lieutenant E. T. Tadman, Cheshires.
Lieutenant H. W. Williams, Welsh Regiment.
Lieutenant H. Curtis, West Yorks.
Lieutenant F. E. Gent, West Yorks.
Lieutenant W. D. Kenyon, Cheshires.
Second-Lieutenant A. H. Bird, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant G. E. Bradbury, Cheshires.
Second-Lieutenant C. T. Coyne, West Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant J. F. Davies, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant H. J. Foot, Welsh Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant R. D. Foster, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant R. R. Gibbs, South Wales Borderers.
Second-Lieutenant C. F. Healy, Dublins.
Second-Lieutenant A. S. Hemsley, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant R. L. Hornsby, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant J. W. Kilner, London Regiment.
Second-Lieutenant K. Lees, Manchesters.
Second-Lieutenant A. W. Roderick, Welsh Regiment
Second-Lieutenant E. H. Smithers, Manchesters.
Second-Lieutenant T. V. Anthony, Cheshires.
Second-Lieutenant R. L. Cook, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant H. Davenport, West Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant A. E. Grant, Welsh Fusiliers.
Second-Lieutenant S. W. King, Cheshires.
Second-Lieutenant J. A. Spencer, West Yorks.
Second-Lieutenant T. Worth, Cheshires.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The following casualties are announced:

KILLED.

Captain J. S. Weston, Warwicks.
Second-Lieutenant J. D. Lavelle, Highland Light.
Second-Lieutenant G. A. Smith-Masters, Bedfords.

KILLED IN DARDANELLES.

Major H. C. Bates, Manchesters.
Major A. H. Wheeler, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain A. H. Bazett, Cheshires.
Captain P. L. Browne, Lincolns.
Captain A. J. Preston, Dublins.
Captain W. R. Richards, Dublins.
Captain J. H. Rymer, Manchesters.
Lieutenant J. W. Beanland, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieutenant F. R. Danson, Cheshires.
Lieutenant S. H. Marsland, Manchesters.
Lieutenant A. G. Nicholson, Cheshires.
Lieutenant L. Webber, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenants J. S. Burrell, Cheshires.
Second-Lieutenant T. A. Evanson-Jones, Manchesters.
Second-Lieutenant G. M. Hewart, Lincolns.
Second-Lieutenant T. G. Parkin, Lincolns.

DIED OF WOUNDS IN DARDANELLES.

Captain R. D. Baker, East Lancashires.
Lieutenant T. Hillman-Miller, South Wales Borderers.
Lieutenant J. Mackdam, Essex.
Lieutenant E. Worsnop, West Yorks.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

The 50th list of casualties from the Mediterranean Force reports:—

KILLED.

51st Sikhs, Major R. S. M. Harrison; 61st King George's Pioneers, Captain A. S. C. Rogers; 75th Carnatic Infantry, Major D. A. M. Fraser; 120th Rajputana Infantry, Captain W. B. Hore; 11th Manchester Regiment, Major J. J. D. Sillery (Late Indian Army).

DIED OF WOUNDS.

25th Punjabis, Major De. E. L. Passy.

WOUNDED.

14th King George's Sikhs, Captain M. Wace; 25th Punjabis, Captain G. W. Atkins; 119th Infantry, Captain G. H. Chambers.

MISSING.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles, Captain Lewis.

CORRECTION.

To the 48th list from Mediterranean Force, 15th Battalion Royal Fusiliers, for Major F. A. London read Major F. A. Loudon, attached to King George's own Sikhs.

(Continued on page 15.)

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(Seed of Strength)
This preparation is far superior to the German tonic nerve food now on the market.
VISEM is a Protein and Phosphorus food in a concentrated form, containing, in addition, Lecithin, which every medical man will tell you is the finest nerve stimulant known to science. VISEM is one of the few foods the system can entirely absorb. It is not a medicine but a restorative food. *VISEM spells force, renewed youth, nerve energy, brain power, strength of muscle and sinew.* In fact it has been proved to be the best tonic in all and every case of nervous weakness no matter from what cause. It will aid any medical treatment in fighting disease from infancy to old age. It is Nature's concentrated food, and will never interfere with the action of any drug prescribed. It always helps! Especially in the trying days of convalescence after a serious illness, a course of VISEM produces a most marked benefit. VISEM is made up in the form of tablets (24 in a tin) which can be eaten like biscuits; it is also obtainable in powder form, to be taken in water or milk.
It is specially suitable for all those ills to which residents in hot climates are particularly prone, and it is made by a BRITISH Firm of the very highest repute and standing, whose name is a guarantee of its quality.
VISEM IS A FOOD TONIC FOR GENERAL DEBILITY ARISING FROM ANY CAUSE WHATSOEVER.
Descriptive booklet, particulars, prices and supplies can be obtained from all reputable chemists, or from Messrs. A. H. WHEELER & Co.'s Railway Bookstalls.
Chemists required as Agents for Visem. For full particulars and trade terms apply to Messrs. A. H. WHEELER & Co., Calcutta, Allahabad, & Bombay (our advertising agents), or Messrs. LYALL WILLIS & Co., 1, Gastins Place, Calcutta.
St. IVEL, LTD., YEOVIL, SOMERSET, ENGLAND

GODREJ'S SAFES.
Used by Their Majesties when IN INDIA.
By appointment to His Excellency The Governor.
Highest Awards wherever Exhibited (13 Exhibitions.)
Largest Safeworks IN INDIA Employing 500 men.
MAKERS TO H.I.M. MINT AND A LARGE NUMBER OF EUROPEAN AND INDIAN BANKS.
7 LARGE SAFES
supplied to Messrs. EWART LATHAM & Co., after their experience of other safes in the recent fire in their Offices.
372 SAFES
supplied for Savings Banks in India and Burma after a severe competitive test by fire held in Calcutta by the Director General of Post and Telegraphs in July 1912.
400 BURGLAR RESISTING SAFES
recently supplied to Government to replace other maker's safes that had been burgled.
GODREJ & BOYCE,
MANUFACTURING Co.,
Near Gas Works, Parel, BOMBAY.

Latest Creation of V. Rigaud, Paris, Perfumer to the Courts of Spain, Russia, Holland, etc.
LOVE IN A DREAM
Perfume, a most unique and delicate perfume from Flowers of France; highly concentrated. One drop of the sweet scent represents the fragrance of a basket of fresh flowers. Adopted by fashionable and aristocratic ladies.
Lavender Water—With musk. Made of best Alps lavender and genuine Tonkin. Always the best. See white label and sprinkler and the guarantee of the
WHOLESALE AGENTS:—
V. C. DASTUR & Co.,
Princess Street, BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
of Hypophosphite of Lime.
FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,
FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

# BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

## LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS.

TO-DAY.

Municipal Corporation.

TUESDAY, Aug. 31.

Improvement Trust Meeting 4 p.m.

Treacher and Company's Ordinary General Meeting, Esplanade Road, Fort, 5 p.m.

Congress Reception Committee Meeting, Bombay Presidency Association Rooms 6-10 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, Sept. 1.

Bombay Gymkhana Mud Sports 5-30 p.m.

Municipal Standing Committee Meeting, 4-10 p.m.

THURSDAY, Sept. 2.

Gokul Ashtami Holiday.

Cricket: Bombay Gymkhana v. Parsi Gymkhana.

Poona Races.

DAILY.

New Alexandra Cinema, Crawford Market, 7, 8-45 and 10-30.

Excelsior Theatre of Varieties, 6 and 9-30 p.m.

Imperial Cinematograph, Charni Road, 7 to 8-45 and 10-30 p.m.

Palace of Varieties, Gaiety Theatre, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

## Business Notice.

All communications intended for the Editor should be addressed simply "To the Editor," and not to any member of the staff by name.

ALL BUSINESS communications (Advertisement, changes of address, etc.,) should be addressed to the MANAGER and all remittances made payable to him.

Subscribers whose copies are delayed in delivery are requested to send the covers to the Manager, previously marking thereon the date of the paper enclosed therein. By this means only can satisfactory investigation be made as to the cause of irregularity.

All new Advertisements or changes of advertisements intended for insertion in the paper must reach the Office not later than 4 p.m. on the day before publication.

## Notice to Correspondents.

In preparing MS. for the Press, correspondents are requested to write on one side of the paper only and to have their MS. typewritten if possible.

All communications intended for publication in "The Bombay Chronicle" must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. Unauthenticated communications are rejected as such, and are at once destroyed.

The Editor does not undertake to return rejected communications, but if a stamped and addressed envelope is enclosed with the communication it will be returned, but if this be not done, the rejected letter or article is destroyed and in any case the Editor does not hold himself responsible. The Editor cannot correspond about the rejection of communications.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

Regimental Orders By Lieut.-Colonel P. R. Cadell, C.I.E., Commanding.

Aug. 30.

248.—Appointments.—The Commanding Officer is pleased to make the following appointments in "B" Coy. with effect from this date:—
No. 8250 Vol. J. Donnelly and No. 7970 Vol. L. C. Segri to be Lance Corporals.

253.—Reversion.—No. 6948 Lce Corpl. F. F. Stileman, "G" Coy, reverts to the ranks at his own request.

266.—Transfer.—No. 6906 Cadet N. Brewin is transferred from "K" to "E" (Cyclist) Coy. in the rank of cyclist.

261.—"G" Coy. parades.
Monday 7-15 a.m. Coy. Drill at the Gymkhana. Parade with arms-Musketry and Coy. Drill.
Monday 7-15 a.m. Recruits drill at the Gymkhana.

(Sd.) N. B. KINNEAR, Lieut.,
Adjutant Bombay Vol. Rifles.

### BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

Corps Orders By Lt.-Col: J. W. Hawes, V.D., Commanding B.V.A.

Colaba, Aug. 28.

312.—Duties.
Duties for the ensuing week commencing 29th August 1915.
Orderly Sergt: No. 1 Company Sergt. Banks C. B.
Orderly Sergt: No. 2 Company Sergt. Sherran A. E.

313.—Parades.
Parades for the ensuing week commencing 30th instant.
Monday:—7 a.m. Signallers.
Recruits.
7-30 a.m. 15pr. laying Class.
Tuesday:—7 a.m. Signallers.
No. 1 Company will parade at Government Dockyard at 6-30 a.m. and proceed to Oyster Rock for Fort Manning.
No. 2 Company parade at Colaba at 7 a.m. for Fort Manning Colaba.
Wednesday:—7 a.m. Signallers.
No. 1 Company will parade at the Govt: Dockyard at 6-30 a.m. and proceed to Oyster Rock for Fort Manning.
No. 2 Company parade at Colaba at 7 a.m. for Fort Manning Colaba.
Thursday:—Holiday.
Friday:—7 a.m. Signallers.
No. 1 Company will parade at the Govt: Dockyard at 6-30 a.m. and proceed to Oyster Rock for Fort Manning.
No. 2 Company parade at Colaba at 7 a.m. for Fort Manning Colaba.
Saturday:—7 a.m. Recruits, Rifle Drill.

(Sd.) H. A. STARKEY, Lieut.,
Offg. Adjutant Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

### NO ITALIAN MAILS RECEIVED.

We are given to understand that no Italian mails were received by the P. & O. S. S. Salsette yesterday.

### S. S. CITY OF POONA.

The Ellerman Line S. S. City of Poona outward bound passed the Suez Canal on the 27th instant, and is due to arrive at Bombay on the morning of the 7th September.

### THE BOMBAY HUNT.

The Annual Meeting took place at the Bombay Gymkhana on the 26th instant, and a Committee was appointed and authorised to make the necessary arrangements for hunting during the coming season.

### THE BOMBAY CO OPERATIVE HOUSING ASSOCIATION.

A general meeting of the above Association will be held at the offices of the Bombay Improvement Trust to-morrow at 6 p.m. (S. T.), when there will be general discussion on the Hon. Mr. J. P. Orr's Lectures delivered on the 3rd and 17th August.

### ANCHOR LINE S. S. ELYSIA

Owing to the Anchor Line s. s. Elysia being delayed at Suez her passengers were transhipped to the s. s. City of Poona which sailed thence on the 27th instant and is due here on the morning of the 7th September.

### DEATH FROM SUFFOCATION.

A young Mahomedan girl aged seven years, named Musilambai died in the J. J. Hospital on the 27th where she was brought from Kurla for treatment, from suffocation, as she had swallowed a date on the 26th which stuck in her throat.

### MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

One attack and one death from plague were registered in Bombay on Saturday, the former being reported from Dongri. No cases of either small-pox or cholera were reported during the day. The total mortality from all causes was 82, as compared with 73 of the corresponding day of 1914 and 72 of 1913. The total number of rats caught was 2,289, out of which 4 were found to be plague-stricken.

### BOMBAY SOCIAL SERVICE LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the above League's Anti-Cambling Committee a public meeting was held in Bhatia Bal Rakshak Vidhyalaya Hall, Fort, on Friday last under the presidentship of Mr. Mathuradas K. Matani. Messrs. Durlabh Kavi Shyam Dhruva, Chatrabhuj Kersondas Shroff, and Girdharlal G. Mehta spoke at length on the evils of gambling so much prevalent among the Gujarati speaking population, males and females of Bhatias, and Banias particularly. The boarders of Bhatia Bal Rakshak Vidhyalaya recited a dialogue specially composed for the occasion. A vote of thanks to the Chair brought the meeting to a close.

### INQUEST ON THE DEAD BODY OF AN INFANT

The Acting Coroner held an inquest on the body of an infant, which was found by a Municipal sweeper at Agripada in a bundle lying near a dust bin. He handed the body to the Police, who found that it was the dead body of a newly born male child. Medical evidence showed that death was due to suffocation, but there were no marks on the face or chest of the infant to show how the suffocation was caused.

The Jury returned a verdict that death was caused by suffocation, but there was no evidence to prove the parentage, or by whom the suffocation was caused, or by whom the body was deposited on the Agripada Road.

### INQUEST ON THE DEAD BODY OF A NEWLY BORN CHILD.

At the Coroner's Court on Saturday morning an inquest was held by the Acting Coroner on the dead body of a newly born male child.

The dead body was found by a municipal sweeper near a wood-depot in Temper Street, Nagpada, on Friday last. The Police Surgeon, Dr. Powell, on a post mortem examination found signs of suffocation. The nose was flattened and the upper lip bruised, which suggested that suffocation was caused by pressure on the mouth and the nose.

The jury came to the conclusion that the death of the child was caused by suffocation, but there was no evidence to show by whom it was done.

### PASSENGERS BY THE MAIL.

The following is the list of passengers who arrived in Bombay yesterday by the P. & O. Mail boat Salsette:—

Howard Mr; de St. Croix Mr; de St. Croix Mrs; Richardson Mr. A; Carapiett Miss E; Langford Mr. G. C; Sykes Miss M; Sykes Miss H; Kiropatrick Mr. W; Clark Mr. T. W; Welch Mrs. E; Jewell Mr. S. W; Maind Mr. A; Fensom Mr. S. W; Davies Mr. S; Hargreaves Mr. W; Dutt Mr. S. N; Franjee Mr. S. R; Johnson Mr. W. C; Ayrton Mr. N. C; Hancock Mr. R; Larrymore Mr. N. A; McCausland Capt. E; Native Servt. Capt; Wilson Lt. G. A; Bradley Mr. J; Pottbury Mr. C. E; Alistair Mr. G; McIver Mr. A. C; Comrie Mr. M. C; Harry Mr. A. M; Dillnutt Mr. G. W; Knowles-Smith Mr; Lloyd Mr. H; McClure Mr. D; Fulton Mr. C. F; McDonnell Mr. W. F; Seaton Mr. H; de Dombaste Mr; Velissareradi Mr; Velissareradi Mrs; Abdully.

### INDIAN REVENUE RETURNS.

A SLIGHT FALLING OFF.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

The revenue returns up to the end of July showed total receipts of Rs. 25.58 crores as against 26.46 crores for the same period of last year. Barring land revenue all other main heads show a slight falling off.

### CEYLON PLANTERS RIFLE CORPS.

FIFTY MEMBERS RECEIVE COMMISSIONS.

(News Bureau.)

COLOMBO, Aug. 27.

Fifty members of the Ceylon Planters Rifles Corps have received commissions and many of them are in the regiments in the Dardanelles or in the Army Service Corps in Egypt.

Ceylonese ladies are going to the front for red cross work in France. Two Misses Mack and Hatton are named and they have a brother who has joined the British Flying Squadrons.

### RAINFALL UP TO DATE.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

The rainfall from 30th April to date is 20 per cent. or more in excess in Assam and the north Madras coast and is 20 per cent. or more in defect in the Bay Islands, Orissa, Central India, Chota Nagpur, Central Provinces east and the whole of the North-West India including the Punjab, Kashmir, the N.-W. Frontier Province, Baluchistan and Rajputana. Gujrat is within 20 per cent. of the normal.

## THE POONA SEVA SADAN.

THEIR EXCELLENCIES' VISIT.

As already reported their Excellencies Lord and Lady Willingdon visited the Poona Seva Sadan on Friday and inspected the various classes held there for the benefit of Hindu ladies. The following extracts are taken from the interesting Report of this unque institution, which was read by Mr. G. K. Devadhar, Hon. General Secretary, on the occasion:—

The Poona Seva Sadan was started in the beginning of 1909 by a few enthusiastic women in Poona who were then the prominent members of the Hindu Ladies' Social Club, under the guidance of Mrs. Ramabai Ranade, and assisted by some earnest-minded gentlemen.

The progress which this institution has made, during the six years of its existence, is, indeed, encouraging and is considered "remarkable" by Sir Richard Lamb. In place of the two elementary clases opened at first with 20 students there are now twenty classes to teach various branches of useful knowledge, which have to-day 253 students on their rolls, with a daily attendance of about 168, that, is about 65 per cent. In all 700 women were admitted in the various classes of this institution from the beginning. The gradual growth of this number will be found interesting. Taking the year to close in August, we find that in 1909, 51 women had joined, in 1910 the number increased to 97, in 1911 to 157, in 1912 to 302, in 1913 to 402, in 1914 to 542 and in August 1915 to 700.

Of these 700 women admitted into the institution so far, 256 were widows, 307 were married women, and 137 were grown up unmarried girls above the age of 12. The classification of this number according to caste is:—575 Brahmins, 60 Prabhus, 42 Marathas, 12 other Hindus and 11 non-Hindus. Of this number 450 were of age ranging between 12 and 20, 147 between 20 and 25, and 103 were over 25.

To-day, which is nearly the end of August, the number on the rolls is 253 with average daily attendance of 169.

DEPARTMENT OF WORK.

(1) We have now seven Primary Classes, with 101 women on their rolls, and the various subjects prescribed in the curriculum for primary schools from the infant class up to the fifth vernacular standard are taught in them.

(2) There are now three English Classes in which about 24 ladies read English from the primer to the third English reader.

(3) We have now six Work-Room Classes with 55 women on their rolls, who are taught sewing, plain and high class, hosiery, painting on velvet, gold and silk embroidery and wool-work. These classes are getting very popular and the articles made by poor women are sold every month to the extent of Rs. 100 roughly, a portion of which is distributed among poor women as wages.

(4) We have now three Harmonium Classes and a Singing Class. These four music classes count 47 pupils on their rolls and the number is on the increase.

(5) Our Normal Class, in order to suit the convenience of pupils, meets in the morning from 6 to 10-30, and in its two divisions, namely a Preparatory Class and a new First Year Certificate Class, has on its roll 26 women, nine of whom are already doing teachers' work in the Seva Sadan itself and in Municipal missionary primary schools.

(6) Our First Aid and Home Nursing Classes went on regularly till last year, when 13 women received First Aid certificates in addition to the 14 certificates already received during the preceding year. These classes have not yet resumed their work.

(7) Our work in the direction of the training of nurses and midwives, whose want is being keenly felt now-days, has gone on, satisfactorily; and the number of ladies that come forth to receive such training is steadily increasing. These women receive their regular training at the Sassoon Hospital for a full nursing course extending over three years and a half and have to appear for three examinations conducted by the Bombay Presidency Nursing Association in Medical, Surgical and Obstetric nursing. So far we sent to the hospital 16 young ladies for the nurses' training; of these 12 have stuck to their work. Of these 4 have become fully qualified nurses, have passed the three examinations and have received a diploma from the Association, while one more girl has last year passed the Junior Nursing Examination. We have opened a Hostel, for the boarding and lodging of the Seva Sadan nurses and midwives and also, at the instance of Lieut.-Co. Smith, for the benefit of the pupils of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's class at the Sassoon Hospital.

(8) Besides the abovementioned Hostel, we have now another Boarding establishment with about 25 inmates, most of whom are our pupils reading in Normal Classes, English Classes and other primary classes.

(9) Our Weekly Lectures: In order to enable our pupils and the regular members of our institution to enrich their minds by a wider culture, we arrange a series of weekly lectures on a variety of subjects of practical usefulness to women.

(10) Larger Social Service: In addition to the abovementioned activities conducted by the Poona Seva Sadan, the institution gives its workers wider opportunities for social service so as to be trained in the methods of charitable or relief work. While some of our workers go to the Hospitals to distribute sweets and fruit to the poor patients and to read religious books on special occasions, others, including Mrs. Ranade, have gone out when relief was largely needed. Many workers have come forward to do that work cheerfully. Thus they worked on the following occasions:—(1) The Salumbra Fire of 1910; (2) The Gujarat and Kathiawar Famine of 1911-12; (3) The Ahmednagar Famine of 1913; and (4) The Kumbha Mela Gathering at Hardwar this year. On other occasions they go out for lecturing.

(11) National Service: Two of our nurses offered to go for service on the staff of the Bombay Presidency War Hospital at Alexandria at the commencement of the present War. They sent to the War Office in Poona about 150 pairs of socks and in addition made woollen socks for soldiers.

FINANCIAL NEEDS.

Unfortunately, as is the case with almost all charitable institutions, our financial position is far from satisfactory. The gradual growth of our work, which is certainly a matter of great satisfaction, has imposed larger financial burdens. Our expenditure during the first year was Rs. 1,150; it went up to Rs. 4,130 in the third year; and it rose to Rs. 5,130 in the 4th year. In the 5th year, it went up to Rs. 7,500; and to-day our annual budget comes to Rs. 10,000 roughly, or Rs. 850 per month. But our sources of income are very meagre and, according to most liberal calculations, we can realize to-day about Rs. 8,500. Thus there is a clear deficit of Rs. 1,500 per year on the basis of our present income and expenditure.

We are deeply thankful to all the ladies and gentlemen that have helped our Building Fund. Even in our present buildings we are so crowded that we are unable to admit any more pupils and for this purpose a more spacious and commodious building in the centre of our plot is badly needed. It would cost us about Rs. 40,000.

### MAHOMEDANS IN PUBLIC SERVICES.

HON. MR. FAZLUL HAQ'S MOTION IN COUNCIL.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

At a meeting of the Bengal Legislative Council to be held on 4th September the Hon. Mr. Fazlul Haq will move:—"That all existing circulars relating to the extension of the appointments of Mahomedans in certain branches of the Public Service be made applicable to all departments in the Public Service and that all of the departments be directed to submit quarterly reports on the working of such circulars and that copies of such be circulated to all recognised Anjumans and Mahomedan public bodies.

### CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

COURSE OF LECTURES BY DISTINGUISHED SCHOLARS.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

The Syndicate of the Calcutta University have invited the following gentlemen to deliver a course of lectures during the next cold weather on some subject that they may select: Dr. Sir Robindranath Tagore, Dr. J. C. Bose, Dr. P. C. Roy and Mahamchopadhya Hara Prasad Shastri. Efforts are being also made to secure the services of one or two lecturers from England.

The Hon. Dr. Deva Prasad Sarvadhicary, Vice-Chancellor of the University, will leave for Simla on the 10th September, where he will make a short stay to confer with the Government of India on many important questions of the Calcutta University which are pending. The whole scheme for building hostels for students in Calcutta will be examined from many stand-points.

### BREACH OF INTERMENT REGULATIONS

A SIKH SENTENCED AT LAHORE.

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 29.

It is reported that one Sher Singh who had been ordered by the authorities to keep himself within certain limits, has now been sentenced by the District Magistrate to imprisonment for breach of conditions of internment. It is stated that the accused had gone to a fair outside the prescribed limits.

### GAZETTE OF INDIA.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Mr. M. Lawrie resigns the Civil Service.

Exemption from the operations of the Arms Act ceases to apply to Messrs Payne and Bank, ex-soldiers at present at Jhansi.

FOREIGN AND POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Capt. J. S. Crosthwaite gets privilege leave for one year.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. M. J. Ghatak, Deputy Accountant-General, Bengal, gets privilege leave for 20 days.

### DEPRESSED CLASSES MISSION.

THE VICEROY'S SYMPATHY.

(News Bureau.)

POONA, Aug. 28.

Mr. V. R. Sinde, Secretary, Depressed Classes Mission Society of India, recently sent a copy of the report of the Mission to his Excellency Lord Hardinge, who has through his Private Secretary sent Mr. Shinde a very kind letter informing him that his Excellency had read the report with interest and had keen sympathy with the Mission. A cheque for Rs. 250 was enclosed with the letter as the Viceroy's donation to the funds of the Mission.

## Official and Personal.

H. H. the Nizam with staff left Simla for his capital on Sunday morning under the usual salutes. His Highness was present at the theatricals at Viceregal Lodge on Saturday night.

His Highness the Raja of Manipur has generously offered to Government a sum of Rs. 28,000 for purchase of Motor Ambulance for use in India. The offer has been gratefully accepted by his Excellency the Viceroy.

Our Simla correspondent wires that Capt. Dobson, Worcestershire Regiment, Adjutant, Simla Volunteer Rifles, proceeds to Europe almost immediately. He will be greatly missed at Simla.

The Hon. Mr. Sriniwas Sastry, President, Servants of India Society, addressed a gathering of members of the Nagpur National Indian Association on Saturday evening on "Women's Education." After the lecture the Hon. Mr. Mayhew, Director of Public Instruction, led a discussion on the subject, several members taking part. Mr. Sastry had an interview with the Chief Commissioner on Friday.

It is officially announced that the Hon. Sir Harold Stuart will deliver the Madras University Convocation address this year on the 25th November.

### GOVERNMENT HOUSE DINNER.

The following guests dined at Government House, Ganeshkhind on Friday night:—

H. H. the Maharaja of Idar, the Hon. Mr. G. S. Curtis, Mr. C. N. Seddon and Mrs. Seddon, Brigadier-General M. Cowper, Mrs. Brooking and Miss Brooking, Mr. W. L. B. Souter, Mr. W. C. McDonald, Captain E. G. Byrne, Captain E. B. Fox, Captain A. Q. Archdale, Captain W. H. Salmon and Mrs. Salmon, Captain N. M. Adam, Mr. H. W. Oddin Taylor and Mrs. Oddin Taylor, Mr. Ratan Tata and Mrs. Ratan Tata, Maharaj Kumar Vijayasingh of Rajpipla, Kumar Prithirajsingh of Rajpipla, Lt. W. R. H. Scott, Lt. A. K. MacEwan, Miss Wodehouse and Miss Dupree.

The House Party included the Hon. Mr. J. A. D. McBain, Captain W. Lumsden and Mrs. Lumsden, Lt.-Colonel J.R.B.G. Carter and Mrs. Carter, Mr. D. Dewar, Mr. N. W. Kemp, Mr. E. L. Sale and Mrs. Sale, Mr. C. A. Beyts, Mr. C. G. Stileman and Mrs. Stileman, Lt. B. H. Matheson, their Excellencies and Staff.

### THE LATE HON. MR. F. M. CHINOY.

ELECTION OF A SUCCESSOR ON LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

A notification dated the 28th instant, issued by the Legal Department, Bombay, calls upon the Mahomedan community of the City of Bombay to elect within two months from the date of the notification a member to represent the community on the Bombay Legislative Council in place of the Hon. Mr. F. M. Chinoy, deceased. The attesting and returning officer will be the Collector of Bombay and 11 a.m. on 8th September, 1915, has been fixed as the hour and date of attestation of nomination papers at the Collector's office and at 11 a.m. on 15th September the scrutiny of the nomination papers will take place. Electors will record their votes on the 29th September at 11 a.m. at the Town Hall and the counting of votes will take place on the 30th September at 4 p.m. at the office of the Collector of Bombay.

### THE BOMBAY HUMANITARIAN FUND.

At the request of the Honorary Manager of the above fund, a large and influential meeting of some of the leading cloth merchants in Bombay, was held yesterday in the hall of the Moolji Jaitha Cloth Market under the Presidentship of Goswami Maharaj Shree Gokulnathji Maharaj when Mr. Chandrashankar N. Pandya, gave a lecture on "Non-Destruction is the Highest Religion." The subject was very well treated and illustrations from books of various religions were given.

The Honorary Manager, Mr. Lallubhai Gulabchand Jhaveri, and the Assistant Manager, Mr. Chhaganlal P. Nanavati, also spoke upon the subject in most suitable terms and declared that vegetarian diet had been so much popular of late in England that as a result thereof about 5,000 butchers' shops had been closed there. They thanked those present for the kind interest they took in the cause of this humanitarian movement, the aims and objects of which were now too well known. They also appealed to the public for supporting this Fund.

The President also impressed upon the public the utility of the Fund's work and heartily supported the appeal himself contributing the sum of Rs. 251 to the above Fund.

### Y. M. C. A. WORK IN MESOPOTAMIA.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 28.

In response to General Dixon's cablegram from Busra for reinforcements, Mr. Harold S. Vardon, Assistant Secretary, Wellington Branch Y. M. C. A., Calcutta, and Mr. Frank S. Coan, an American who was studying at Oxford when the war broke out and who has since been in the army works in Scotland, sailed to-day from Bombay to help in the Y. M. C. A., work for British troops in Mesopotamia.

### STERLING TRANSFERS ON LONDON.

There were no tenders for "Deferred" and "Immediate" Sterling Transfers on the Secretary of State for India in London for £1,000,000 offered for sale on Friday, the 27th August, at 15 29/32 and 15 27/32d. the rupee, respectively.


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M.A., LL.B., F.L.L.C.,
Secretary, The Latent Light Culture
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*THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE.*
*Monday, August, 30, 1915.*

## POLICE AND PEOPLE.

Lord Carmichael possesses, in a high degree, that penetrating insight into things as they are, coupled with a genuine desire to see them as they ought to be, which goes to the making of a statesman. If he were only persistent and painstaking enough to put his liberal ideas of government into practice he would make as desirable an administrator as a human being can be. One feels this after reading the admirable address he recently gave to the cadets of Sardah Police Training College. The key-note of this address was that neither routine efficiency nor prestige is the first essential, but what the police should aim at is to win the trust, co-operation of, and, above all, popularity with the people. "We must make it clear," he said, "that Government and police are as careful of the liberty and rights of every member of the public as we are of our prestige." Apart from this, what pre-eminently distinguishes the address is the frank and bold admission of the failure of the police hitherto to be what they ought to have been. And few could have analysed the duties and functions of the police as admirably as Lord Carmichael did. No other branch of administration, it is obvious, comes into more constant contact with the people or has greater power to influence the everyday happenings of millions of persons. Thus, Lord Carmichael rightly emphasized, the police are servants of the public, and if their duties are to be performed successfully, they and the public must act together. They must trust each other enough to believe that each will help the other, which means that the police cannot be truly efficient unless, besides being the servants of the public, they are also their friends to whom they should have no hesitation in looking for aid. The real test of the police finally resolves itself into this that "the only people who ought to be afraid of the police are the small section of the community who desire to break those rules of society which we call law, and if the police are feared by law-abiding citizens, who wish to lead honest lives, there is something wrong." Judged by these standards, Lord Carmichael was frank enough to admit that "the police officers in India did not yet command enough of public confidence to be fully effective."

### WHERE THE CHANGE IS NEEDED.

This could not be otherwise, so long as we find that, while in England, whose instance Lord Carmichael quoted, the police act on the principle that a man is to be presumed to be innocent until a competent tribunal has found him guilty, the police in India generally act on the assumption that it is their primary duty to secure a conviction. Instead of recognising that it is their function merely to collect facts and to give their evidence in a way which will assist the Court to get at the truth, they generally behave towards an accused person,—and in not a few cases such a person happens to be any man they can lay their hands upon,—as if he were already convicted and try to secure his conviction by any means or by withholding any fact which may be in his favour.. To attain this, they are again generally harsh and oppressive and, worst of all, so meddlesome in small things outside their duty, that it is no wonder they are unpopular. Many of these evils are attributable to the false impression which the present system of promotion encourages among the members of the police force, that the best officer is one who can boast of the largest number of convictions, and not, as it should be, he who best prevents the commission of crime in that area under his charge. And the conclusion at which Lord Carmichael arrives is fortunately what the representatives of the people have always urged that an improvement in the popular attitude towards the police can be brought about, not by any new regulations nor by any marked alterations in the general character of the public, but "by a change in the police themselves." And in so far as they become more popular, the police will also become more efficient. Therefore, Lord Carmichael finely added: "It rests with us,—with you as members of the force and with me as representing Government for the moment,—to make the police more popular and so secure the efficiency on which the organization depends. Success will not come in a day, but if we are determined to succeed, I believe it will not be distant. . . . . But I feel quite sure that success when it comes will be mainly due, not to any conscious action on the part of the public, but to what we ourselves,—you and I,—do. The public will only help us as when they trust us and when they feel that we trust them." We can only hope that these wise and brave words will be taken to heart by all members of the police in whatever part of the country they may be serving. But not the least admirable portion of Lord Carmichael's address was that which explained the attitude of the people in criticising the police. "The motives," he said, "which sway Indians are,—making allowances for different experience and different education,—just the same as those which sway Englishmen, or, as those which sway men all the world over, and I have never heard of any body of men that was willing to give active help to those whom they suspected, even though wrongly, of not being their friends." This, above all, needed to be emphasised and we trust it will silence once for all those superficial and interested critics who lose no opportunity of attributing motives to members of the public whenever the latter are constrained,—and constrained with justification,—to pass unfavourable criticisms, in the interests of the people at large, on the methods of the police.

### THE PUBLIC DISTRUST GENERAL.

Lord Carmichael said that "unless the police are popular they cannot be efficient." As to the means resorted to for attaining to efficiency, the only thing the public is so far aware of is the steady increase in expenditure under the head of Police Administration, which Mr. Surendranath Banarjea described during the last Budget debate of the Imperial Legislative Council as "growing by leaps and bounds while the improvement in efficiency does not correspond with the expenditure." The police to-day are as much dreaded by law-abiding Indian citizens as they were before the era of increased pay was inaugurated as a result of the recommendations of the police Commission. Nor are the Indian citizens alone in this matter, as "Europeans," said the "Statesman," not long ago, "have the same prejudice and never employ the police if they can avoid the necessity of seeking their aid." Improvement in the matter of police administration has been admitted on all hands to be a matter of imperative necessity for the last three decades or more. But Government, despite many efforts, have so far failed to effect any substantial improvement and the complaint of the Police Commission that "not only non-officials but officials of all classes, including magistrates and police officers, most bitterly complained of the corruption of the police," is as true to-day as it was in 1901. To bring about this much-longed-for improvement in the police, a critical examination is necessary with a view to ascertain why, in spite of there being a large number of educated men in the upper grades of the service, and, in spite of the decidedly improved status and remuneration, there still exists the old complaint of want of co-operation between people and police. An enquiry by an independent commission into the relations between the people was recently suggested by the Calcutta British Indian Association,—with special reference to the administration of the police in Bengal; and the suggestion is one that might be acted upon with regard to the whole of India. To be fruitful in its efforts, the commission must include within its scope the history of the Indian police and the different stages of its development from the time of the East India Company. Lord Carmichael alluded to Sir Robert Peel's famous Act of 1832 which brought the present system of British police organisation into being. The great change in the popular attitude in Great Britain towards the police was not brought about by any regulation or by any marked change in the character of the general public. "It was," said Lord Carmichael, "brought about by a change in the police themselves." Continuing his Excellency said: "In India it seems to me that in police matters we are now at the stage which England had reached perhaps 60 years ago, when, though the police system was good, the police officers did not yet command enough of public confidence to be fully effective. All fair-minded people with whom I have discussed the matter, even those who take the most gloomy view admit that there has been improvement here. But all fair-minded people also admit that improvement is still needed. We have to recognise this and have to face facts fairly."

### THE DUTY OF THE HIGHER OFFICERS.

The change in the popular attitude towards the police must be brought about by the police themselves. It must, be remembered, however, that the police in Great Britain are a decidedly better educated class, and a policeman realises that in dealing with a member of the public he is dealing with another free citizen like himself who knows what his natural rights and privileges are and how to assert them with force and moderation. In India the circumstances are altogether different both in regard to the police and the people. The vast majority of the former are illiterate and uneducated, and imbued as they are with the false traditional belief, prevailing from the time of the East India Company, that they are chartered libertines of authority privileged to oppress the public, they lose sight, or are generally ignorant, of the fact that they exist for the public, whose confidence they should make it their primary duty to earn. Thus, want of education and consequent innocence of a real sense of public duty are the two primary factors which have proved so far the stumbling block in the way of improvement in the morale of the police in this country. On the other hand, the mass of the people are uneducated and ill-informed and neither know what are their rights and privileges nor how to insist on their assertion with moderation. They are thus, in their sense of helplessness, often led to adopt undesirable methods and to deal with the police in a way which with a little more education and information, they would refrain from doing. But we cannot wait for the education of the masses before the state of the police in this country is mended. The police must be educated themselves in those principles and ideals which have made of the police in England a force which stands second to none in the world. And it is to the higher officers, both European and Indian, to the latter of whom Lord Carmichael's remarks were addressed, that we must look for the accomplishment of that task. And until the morale, character and methods of the force improve to such an extent as to enable it to earn the trust and confidence of the public, we hope that those higher officers will recognise, that the stigma of inefficiency and low morale will rest upon them as much as upon the rank and file, for it is they who, by their example, precept and high discipline, can set the tone that is so much desired.

## Notes of the Day.

**Messrs. Turner, Morrison and "The Bombay Chronicle."**

Our attention has been called to a paragraph appearing in a Calcutta journal, in which, following on a comment on the report of a case recently heard in the Bombay High Court in which Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co., were the defandants, the subjoined comment is added:—

That the head of Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co., will be as good as his word nobody doubts. The Company is big, but knows how to be generous, witness the way in which it let off "The Bombay Chronicle," which it might easily have crippled by pursuing the suit for libel arising out of that journal's strictures on the pilgrim traffic.

There is not the smallest possible ground of justification for this statement. There was never, in connection with this case, any suggestion of Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co., treating "The Bombay Chronicle" with "generosity" or of its being "let off," nor was there ever any fear, so far as we were concerned, of "The Bombay Chronicle" being "crippled" had the action proceeded. Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co. elected not to proceed with the suit. Had they not done so we should have been, and were, fully prepared to fight it. And to do justice to Mr. Wardlaw Milne, whose name is brought into the matter by the journal in question as the Managing Director of Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co., we imagine him to be the last person to be gratified at a spurious claim for generosity being graturitously made on his behalf by another party.

**The Submarine Farce in Washington.**

We suggested on Saturday that it would be well to be cautious in dealing with Count Bernstorff's assurances to the United States Government regarding the future behaviour of German submarines. It appears that this had been realised in England. The apparent *volte face* was received with suspicion and scant courtesy in England and the American press regarded it coolly. This is followed by a telegram stating that Germany is now modifying her original promise and has already reduced it to an undertaking not to jeopardise the lives of neutrals, a promise, it may be mentioned, which she has given before now and not attempted to keep. The fact is there are important things to bear in mind in connection with this business. One is that Germany has obviously made up her mind that she can fool Washington without limit, and the other is that in Germany there are two forces to reckon with. One is Tirpitz, whose reputation stands or falls with the maintenance of the submarine campaign, and who does not care the proverbial tinker's curse for anything that the United States may say or do; and the other is Bethman von Hollweg, who has some shreds of diplomatic decency left apparently, and who would like to save his country from any more odium than it has already earned among Neutrals.

**Bernstorff's Part.**

Bernstorff's part is merely to prevaricate and gain time at every fresh crisis, trusting to the dilatoriness of Presicant Wilson's Government and the volatile character of the American public to help him out. Thus any sort of promise will be made one day, if the mood for the time being of the American people demands it, and, as soon as the necessary effect has been gained, Bernstoff blandly smiles and explains that he did not really mean what he said. A promise to respect the lives of neutrals, of course, means nothing, since, as is pointed out in a telegram this morning and as we have often explained in these columns, it is quite impossible, if the submarine campaign is to be in the least bit effective, to discriminate between neutrals and vessels belonging to a belligerent. And further there is the unfortunate fact, as pointed out on Saturday, that Mr. Wilson has made a present to the German Government of the right to commit all those on board a merchantmen to the mercy of the seas, which involves the right to place the lives of neutrals in jeopardy. The United States Government has bungled itself into such a state of contradiction, confusion and helplessness over the whole matter, that it would be better to make up our minds to rely on the power of the British Navy to deal with the submarine menace and not worry about the matter any further than that.

**A Remarkable Revelation.**

One of the most remarkable revelations in regard to Germany's preparations and foreknowledge of the war is that which occurred in the hearing of a case in the United States District Court at Boston, and which is detailed in an article in "The Spectator" by "Americanus." It appears that the case arose out of the failure of the North-German Lloyd steamer, Kronprinzessin Cecilie, to deliver a consignment of gold amounting to about £800,000 which she was carrying from New York to London in July last. On the night of July 31st, when the ship was 1,000 miles from Plymouth, and at a time when war had not broken out even with France or Russia, much less with England, the Captain received a coded message from the managing directors of the North-German Lloyd Company announcing that war had broken out with England, France and Russia and the ship therefore turned back and returned to New York. And this was the defence to the action for not delivering the precious freight. German diplomatists may offer their assurances that Germany strove for peace up to the very last moment, but here we have actual incontestable proof that German shipping companies had been given definite warning some time before the state of war actually existed. But, of course, one of the conveniences of German diplomacy is that it has often no official knowledge of what the war machine is doing.

**Erhard's Catarrh.**

The details of the story are worth reproduction. We have heard before, of course, how the German merchantmen all over the world received warning of the war in time for many of them to get to a home or neutral port. But we fancy this is the first time that the story of how it was done has been fully revealed. Here is what transpired in the District Court at Boston:—

On the night of July 31, when the German steamer was about 1,000 miles from Plymouth, the Captain received by wireless a cryptic message, which stated that one Erhard was afflicted with catarrh, and the message bore the signature of "Siegfried," the code word for the managing directors of the North-German Lloyd Company. The message itself contained no meaning to the Captain, but it appeared that two years before, when he assumed command of the "Kronprinzessin Cecilie," his predecessor had given him a sealed package which was to be left unopened unless he received a message from "Siegfried" stating the fact that the imaginary Erhard had suffered some illness. In that event, he was to open the package, where he would find a code which would explain the message. On his opening the packet a code was discovered, which consisted only of words having reference to a possible war. It contained two basic sentences, one of which was "War is threatened with ——," and the other was "War has broken out with ——." It contained code words for "England," "France," "Germany," and "Denmark," and additional words for different groupings of these Powers. The particular message sent on this occasion was:

War has broken out with England, France, and Russia. Return to New York.

It is significant that, although the Company had appropriate code words to indicate a state of "threatening" war with one or more of the Powers in question, the managing directors of the North-German Lloyd sent, a few minutes before midnight on July 31, a positive statement to the Captain that war had "broken out" between Germany, England, France, and Russia.

**The "Anzacs" and The Indians.**

The Secretary of State for India has published the following communiqué through the Press Bureau: A senior officer of the Indian Army, who is in a position to know, writes to say that he has been much impressed by the camaraderie and good feeling existing in the Dardanelles between the Australian troops and the soldiers of the Indian mountain batteries. These men fought side by side in the famous landing at Gaba Tepe, and the batteries did so well and gallantly that the Australians have metaphorically taken them to their hearts, and all are the greatest pals imaginable. The political effect of this entente cordiale should be good both in India and in Australia.

**Breaking Down The Barriers.**

A propos of this the "Western Daily Mercury" writes:—

The "colour line" gets thin and faint when khaki is the only wear for white men and brown men fighting shoulder to shoulder. It is good to know that the "Anzacs," to give the men of the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps their newly-coined name,—are on most brotherly terms with their Indian fellow-subjects. The India Office evidently attaches great importance to the statement of a senior officer of the Indian Army who has been an eye-witness of the making of this latest "entente." One cannot wonder at that, for Australians have in the past carried their anti-Asiatic bias so far that it has threatened to become a source of both internal and external danger. War may erect new barriers between the races, but it breaks down or weakens some of the old ones.

**Further Evidence of The Entente.**

The Plymouth paper publishes also a long letter from a private in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, in which a description is given of his experiences at the Front. The following further evidence is afforded in it of the "entente" between the Indian soldier and the Englishman:—

A company of Indian warriors pass by,—a fine body of men, looking most dignified in their white turbans. "Hello, mate," calls out our irrepressible one. "Hullo, mate," calls back the Indian, his chocolate visage wreathed in smiles and displaying his ivory teeth. Now a company of Belgian soldiers. More good-humoured repartee. I find myself hoping that they do not understand English, for some of the allusions to the climate are not very flattering.

---

On relief by Rao Bahadur Thakur, Rao Bahadur Kilkar, officiating Sessions Judge, Akola, will revert to his substantive appointment as District Judge and be Additional Sessions Judge, West Berar, relieving Mr. Bapat posted to Chanda as District Judge. Mr. Ranade, District Judge, is transferred from Chanda to Amraoti.

# THE WAR.

## SUMMARY OF TELEGRAMS.

## BOMBARDEN WEST.

## FAILURE OF ENEMY AIRMEN.

## ENORMOUS DAMAGE AT ZEEBRUGGE

## EVACUATION OF BRESTLITOVSK.

Intense and effective bombardment of the German trenches is reported from the West. The Germans attempted a feeble retort to the recent great French air raids. Both on Saturday and Sunday they attempted to fly to Paris don't failed of their objective.

The French have reinforced their positions on the crest between Sondernach and Landersbach by seizing several German trenches, completely repulsing a counter-attack. Further extensive air raids have been carried out.

The British bombardment off Zeebrugge did enormous damage. A Dutch paper reports that the submarine sheds and a number of submarines were completely destroyed.

The Russians having evacuated Brest Litovsk, the Germans have occupied it. Prior to leaving the Russians exploded the fortifications and bridges and the garrison rejoined the field army. The Russians had time to remove the guns and munitions and the enemy got no booty.

The Russians are preparing further positions in the rear but, it is added, even these will be evacuated, if necessary, to prevant the Germans from delivering a smashing blow which they have been vainly trying to deliver for months.

General Joffre and M. Millerand have telegraphed to the Grand Duke Nicholas expressing the pride of the French Army at co-operating with the valiant Russian troops, whose heroic struggle has aroused the admiration of the world.

The Prussian losses, prior to Aug. 24, were 1,740,836 killed, wounded and missing. To these must be added 645 casualty lists for other countries of the Empire, the total of which is unknown.

Lord Kitchener in reply to an enquiry, declares that there is no ground for the allegation that national registration will be used indirectly to introduce conscription.

# GREAT BOMBARDMENT ON WESTERN FRONT.

## FUTILE ATTEMPT TO REACH PARIS BY ENEMY AEROPLANES.

## FRENCH IN VOSGES REINFORCED.

### MORE GERMAN TRENCHES CAPTURED,

### FURTHER SUCCESSFUL AIR-RAIDS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

PARIS, Aug. 27.

The French have rectified their front and reinforced their positions on the crest between Sondernach and Landersbach, by seizing several German trenches, completely repulsing a counter-attack.

Further extensive air raids have been carried out, one squadron bombarding the station and the electrical installation at Mulheim, others dropping bombs on the poison gas factory at Dornach, while, after German aircraft had attacked Clermont, the French replied by bombarding Ivoiry and Cierges.

### MORE ARTILLERY DUELS

#### BOMBARDMENT OF CHATEL

PARIS, Aug. 28.

The communiqué is featureless. The usual desultory artillery duels are mentioned and aeroplanes are still active. They bombarded the station of Chatel, in Argonne.

### TRENCHES WRECKED AND AMMUNITION DEPOT DESTROYED.

PARIS, Aug. 28.

A communiqué says:—The French artillery effectively bombarded the German positions at many points, especially north of Cerras where the German trenches were wrecked and the ammunition depot was destroyed.

The enemy barracks between the Somme and the Oise were likewise bombarded.

The Germans dropped long range shells in the Compiegne killing a nurse. The French artillery caused several fires in the region of Ammertzviller.

### EFFECTIVE BOMBARDMENT OF ENEMY TRENCHES.

#### AIR RAID TO PARIS FRUSTRATED.

PARIS, Aug. 29.

A communiqué says the German trenches have been intensely and effectively bombarded in the region of Nieuport and Hetsas and north of Arras, east of the Lille Road.

Artillery actions occurred in Argonne, where the French stifled German attempts to open a bombardment.

Six German aeroplanes attempted at ten in the morning to fly to Paris, but failed of their objective.

They dropped bombs at Nogent, Ribecourt and Compiégne, killing two nurses and a child at Compiégne.

The aeroplanes were bombarded and chased by French machines.

The commander of the squadron pursued a German aeroplane at a height of 3,600 metres and brought it down on to grass at Senlis.

The pilot and the machine were burnt to ashes.

### FEEBLE RETORT THAT FAILED.

PARIS, Aug. 28.

The Germans attempted a feeble retort to the recent great French air raids.

Four aeroplanes flew over the French lines making for Paris, hotly pursued by French aviators.

Three German machines promptly beat a retreat, two of which regained the German lines while the third was brought down in flames in the middle of a forest, and the occupants burned to death.

The fourth dropped five bombs on Montmorency and was then driven off.

### EXTENSION OF BRITISH FRONT.

#### BRITISH BATTERIES REPLACE FRENCH AT MANY POINTS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

LAHORE, Aug. 28.

The following is the "C. & M. Gazette's" special cable dated London, August 26:—

A writer in the "Figaro" publishes what has been known for some time past, that the British front on the Continent has been considerably extended. The British Batteries have replaced the French at many points. An Officer prisoner was surprised at finding the British Battery, saying the felt sure from the accuracy of the firing that this battery was still French.

## ENORMOUS DAMAGE AT ZEEBRUGGE.

### SUBMARINE SHEDS DESTROYED.

### LOSS OF SEVERAL SUBMARINES.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 27.

It is now learned that a great number of soldiers were killed in the British bombardment off Zeebrugge Ninety severely wounded men have been brought to Ghent. The damage was apparently enormous.

The paper "Tyd" says the submarine sheds and a number of submarines were completely destroyed.

### GERMAN SUBMARINE LOSSES.

#### BRITISH DEVICE TO FRUSTRATE ENEMY POLICY.

LONDON, Aug. 27.

No fear of interruption of sea communications and agriculture in England.

The Admiralty's revelation of the important losses of German submarines has aroused the keenest interest. The papers reproduce this in connection with the recent confession of the German expert, Captain Persius, that the submarine policy was nothing like as successful as Germany had hoped, since the British had devised a plan to render the work of submarines increasingly dangerous.

#### GOVERNMENT GUARANTEE TO WHEAT GROWERS.

The inferences drawn from these statements are further confirmed by a speech of Lord Selborne to a farmers' deputation, in which Lord Selborne stated that Lord Milner's committee on the extension of agriculture in England had recommended that the Government guarantee wheat growers a minimum of forty-five shillings a quarter for four years, and that the Government had decided not to adopt the proposal.

The Admiralty had been carefully consulted and had stated that the Navy had the submarine menance well in hand. There was no fear of interruption of sea communications, though they might be periodically disturbed.

#### INCREASE IN WHEAT ACREAGE AND CATTLE.

Moreover, the latest returns showed an increase in wheat acreage of half a million acres, which was nearly thirty per cent., an increase in cattle of 384,000 and in sheep of 450,000. The cattle figures were an absolute record.

#### LORD SELBORNE'S SCHEME OF HELPING FARMERS.

Lord Selborne adumbrated a scheme for helping farmers through county councils. Whether the system of service was voluntary or compulsory, many more men had got to go to the army, and he added, 'I have done, and shall do, my best to see that the farms are not denuded of the skilled class. I shall try, and Lord Kitchener has been most sympathetic whenever I have conversed with him on this subject, to leave you your foremen, stockmen, carters and shepherds.

### VICTIMS OF E 13.

#### ARRIVAL OF REMAINS AT HULL

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Bare headed crowds in Hull, to-day watched the transfer of the remains of E13 victims from the Danish funeral ship to the station.

The coffins were covered with both Union Jacks and Danish Colours and masses of wreaths sent by Danish sympathisers.

Piles of wreaths also awaited the arrival of the coffins. Queen Alexandra sent one for each coffin.

### MUTLAK ASHORE ON THURSDAY ISLAND

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The British steamer Mutlak, Port Kembla for Calcutta, is ashore on the Thursday Island.

### NATIONAL REGISTRATION AND CONSCRIPTION.

#### LORD KITCHENER'S ASSURANCE,

LONDON, Aug. 27.

Lord Kitchener, in reply to an enquiry from the labour weekly "Independent," declares there is no ground for the allegation that national registration will be used indirectly to introduce conscription.

## CAPTURE OF BRESTLITOVSK.

### A HOLLOW VICTORY,

### RUSSIANS PREPARING POSITIONS IN REAR.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS).

LONDON, Aug. 27, 1-20 p.m.

Despite German jubilation, it appears that the capture of Brestlitovsk is merely another hollow victory. The fate of the fortress was practically sealed when the Russians failed to hold the line of Bobr-Nareff-Bug against the vast numerical and material superiority of the enemy.

The Russians had time to remove the guns and munitions and therefore it is probable that the Germans found only an empty shell.

#### ENORMOUS GERMAN WASTE.

The Russians are preparing further positions further in the rear but even these will be evacuated if necessary to prevent the Germans from delivering a smashing blow, which they have vainly been striving to deliver for months past with the enormous waste of men and material.

The Germans admit that the Russians retreated from Brestlitovsk in good order. The Russian rearguard made a bold defence though it was badly outnumbered.

#### SCENES OF JOY IN BERLIN.

Great scenes of joy occurred in Berlin when the news was announced. The President announced the success in the Reichstag and it was greeted with storms of applause, on all sides.

### EVACUATION OF BREST LITO

#### NO BOOTY FOR GERMANS.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Prior to leaving Brest Litovsk the Russians exploded the fortifications and bridges, and the garrison rejoined the field army.

The Russian General Staff announces that the German claim to have assaulted Brest Litovsk is not exact.

The facts are that the Russians had long previously decided it was inexpedient to shut up the garrison of a hundred thousand, consequently all valuable material was removed in good time.

The forts on the left of the Bug alone resisted in order to allow the Russian armies to retire eastward.

When this movement had been effected the fortifications and bridges were destroyed, and the garrisons of these forts rejoined the armies in the field.

Thus the Germans got no booty.

### STUBBORN FIGHTING IN COURLAND.

#### FIERCE GERMAN ATTACKS BLOCKED.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 28.

A communiqué says:—Stubborn fighting is proceeding in Courland. The Russians are pressing the Germans north of the Dvinsk-Poneurec railway.

There is no change at Vilna. The Russians have blocked fierce attacks by Germans day and night at Bielostock, inflicting heavy losses.

### FRESH ACTIVICTY IN BALTIC PROVINCES.

#### RUSSIANS EVACUATE OLITA.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 28, 5-50 p.m.

To-night's Berlin communiqué indicates fresh activity of General von Hindenburg in the Baltic Provinces southward of Mitau and says that the Russians have evacuated Olita but the total absence of claims to booty either here or at Brestilitovsk shows how orderly and well executed is the Russian retreat.

### LECTURE ON WAR TIME THRIFT.

#### THE SPEAKER AT PENRITH.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Speaking at Penrith the Speaker of the House of Commons said that in war time thrift was virtue, generosity vice and waste crime. The State should set the first example by discontinuing the salaries of members of Parliament in war time, however right they might be in times of peace. They might also reduce the number of officials. The nation itself could economise on meat, bread, drink, tobacco and other things mostly imported.

## RUSSIA'S FAITH IN ALLIES.

### CONVINCED OF ULTIMATE SUCCESS IN WEST,

### BATTL PROBABLE AROUND VILNA.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

LONDON, Aug. 28.

"The Times" Petrograd correspondent has obtained interesting statements from M. Sazanoff, Foreign Minister, and General Polivanoff, Minister of War. The former indignantly denied the reports of German origin that the Russians doubted the good faith of the Allies. All were convinced of the ultimate success of the campaign in the West. M. Sazonoff repeated that Russia would make no peace while a single hostile soldier was on the Russian soil.

#### ARMIES MOVING TO NEW POSITIONS

General Polivanoff was also optimistic. He said the Russian armies are gradually moving to new positions. The enemy's main concentrations are around Vilna, where there is likely to be an important battle but the fate of the campaign cannot be decided before some time next year.

#### TWO MILLIONS MORE IN SPRING

The Russian armies can stand the winter without inconvenience, everything being ready for it. Meanwhile, two more millions are in training ready for the Spring. The safety of Petrograd is fully assured.

General Russky, who commands on the Petrograd front, has at his disposal several armies.

### RELATIONS BETWEEN ALLIED ARMIES.

#### THE PRIDE OF FRENCH ARMY IN CO-OPERATION

LONDON, Aug. 28.

General Joffre and M. Millerand have telegraphed to the Grand Duke Nicholas expressing the pride of the French Army at co-operating with the valiant Russian troops, whose heroic struggle has aroused the admiration of the world.

Grand Duke Nicholas has replied stating that the relations between the command of all the Allied armies afford a sure pledge of a glorious victory.

### COTTON AS CONTRABAND.

#### UTILITY OF THE PRECIOUS COMMODITY

PARIS, Aug. 28.

Commenting on the declaration of cotton as contraband, the "Matin" points out that the annual world's crop exceeds 11,245 million pounds representating 352 million sterling or three and a half times the value of gold extracted annually. It can thus be easily comprehended that precautions must be taken to avoid such a precious and abundant commodity remaining unutilised and unproductive.

### GERMAN LOSSES.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 29.

The Prusssian losses prior to August 24th were 1,740,836 killed, wounded and missing. To these must be added 645 casualty lists for other countries of the Empire, the total of which is unknown.

### GERMAN WAR LOAN.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The German war loan will not be redeemable until 1st October, 1924.

It is finally announced in Berlin that a new war loan will be issued at 99 and will, bear five per cent. interest.

### MEETING OF THE GREEK CHAMBER.

#### PARTIES ABANDON PROJECTED INTERPELLATIONS.

ATHENS, Aug. 28.

The meeting of the Chamber passed quietly. Both the Gounarists and the Independents abandoned the projected interpellations, deeming it advisable not to press M. Venezelos to make a binding statement on the foreign policy while negotiations of vital importance are in progress.

# LONDON LETTER.

## PUBLIC OPINION AND WARSAW

## NOT TO BE DISTURBED BY BAD NEWS.

## FUTILE ZEPPELINS.

## THE NATIONAL REGISTER.

### WHAT IT MEANS.

It would be foolish, says our correspondent, to imagine that a reverse like the fall of Warsaw is calculated to depress the spirit of England. The nation, while no longer under-estimating the task, has got beyond the point of being disturbed by an unfavourable turn in the struggle.

The making of the National Register was in process during Mail week and the question as to whether it does or does not precede compulsory National Service is the topic of discussion.

(From our Correspondent.)

LONDON, Aug. 12.

Those who believe that the English people are in a miserable state about the war, ought to have an opportunity of observing the public behaviour during a week when things are not going particularly well with the Allies—such a week, for example, as this one. The amateur strategist or politician who argues that the abandonment of Warsaw and the Russian withdrawal beyond the Vistula is an affair of no military importance is manifestly either ignorant or insincere. The campaign in Poland has been a vast disappointment to the Allies, and it is foolish to attempt to explain it away. But it is not less foolish to imagine that a reverse of this kind is calculated to depress the spirit of England, or to make the public in general more tolerant of the lachrymose, press. It would seem, indeed, that as a nation we have got beyond the point of being disturbed by an unfavourable turn in the struggle, however serious. The task is no longer under-estimated. The people have come to realise its extent and enormous difficulty. They are prepared for its cost. In the work of organising for victory they are well set. Every month carries us a further stage along the road, despite the appearance of an unending deadlock. For a long time it has been clear that for the next decisive event we must look, not to Poland, but to either the Dardanelles or the Western front. Warsaw, in consequence, falls into something like due relation to the whole scheme of battle. In its immediate effect upon the public mind it cannot, for instance, be compared for a moment with the fall of Namur or of Antwerp in the early stage. Nor is the impression heightened by the renewal of the aerial raids, after a summer interval, which people find it difficult to understand.

### THE ZEPPELINS AGAIN.

There had been various indications that a revived activity in the air was anticipated. The August nights, of course, are tempting, and the more so because the autumn mists showed a tendency to begin early. The London area, after months of semi-darkness, has been lately kept in something like real obscurity after nightfall. In the east coast towns the regulations as to the showing of lights have been applied with increasing severity. The aerial scouts protecting the coasts and the metropolis have been extraordinarily on the alert. The air has never been so full of fliers, and the least practised eye may note the immensely enhanced mastery of the pilots, the wonderful sureness with which the machines dash about. More than ever, this becomes a war of mechanicians. The German airmen repeated their former "triumphs." Coming, on the night of August 9th, apparently in a squadron of five airships, they succeeded in dropping bombs on a few of the coast towns, killling about the usual number of people, and losing an airship on the return journey. This must be reckoned as a somewhat costly enterprise for the enemy, and it adds to the already large mass of evidence in proof of the inefficiency of the Zeppelin as an instrument of war. It is likely enough that the raid of this week is preliminary to more extensive adventures of the same kind; at

(Continued on page 10.)

# LONDON LETTER.

(*Continued from page 9.*)

present we can but commiserate the Great General Staff of Germany upon the disappointing results of their aerial plans so far and the cheery indifference of the British public under the infliction.

MAKING THE REGISTER.

Since the beginning of the week an army of enumerators have been at work distributing the forms of the National Register. Like the census forms, they are to be filled up on a Sunday night (August 15), the assumption being that more people sleep at home on Sunday than on any other night of the week. The plan of the Register has, of course, aroused a good deal of hostile criticism. It takes in all males and females between 15 and 65. The scope was obviously decided upon in order that the public should not regard the Register as merely for military purposes; and Mr. Walter Long explained rather lamely perhaps, that women and girls had been included because they would have felt it a slight to have been left out. It is an obvious weakness of the scheme that it should be made to include so large a number of people, mainly women, who cannot be worked into any scheme of national organisation; but those advocates of the Register who believe thoroughly in its value would reply that, given tolerably good machinery, the business of sorting out the efficients can be carried through in a very short time, At this moment the forms are being studied in a myriad households, and I am much mistaken if the great majority of people do not find themselves surprised and embarassed by the absurdly meagre amount of space provided for the answers. Thus about two square inches are left for statement in reply to the one important question, apart from the age and sex:—

Are you skilled in any work other than that upon which you are at present employed, and if so, what?

A man or woman trained in the making of precise condensed statements might be able to manage an answer in the fragment of space allotted, especially if the work is simple and he, or she, happens to write a particularly neat hand. But when one thinks of the masses of people who, besides writing rather like Queen Elizabeth, will want to express themselves as to the work in which they look upon themselves as skilled, the mental impression is distracting, and the result for the enumerators and classifiers is likely to be undesirable. The voluntary enumerators, needless to say, are indispensable for the giving of advice and concrete assistance. They include many thousands of educated women, who find themselves called upon in the homes to answer innumerable questions, many people being not sufficiently familiar with the handling of forms to learn what they want to know from the ample instructions given in the newspapers. Among the people giving not altogether unwelcome trouble to the enumerators are those who are anxious to do something but do not find any place in the form for offering services. If you have not an alternative occupation, presumably the Government does not ask for information, but the enumerators are all advising girls who want to be nurses, for instance, to put it down, so as to be on the safe side. A common complaint is that fuller opportunity should have been given to men to state what they are already doing for the war apart from definite Government work. The inquiries that are being showered on the newspapers which are answering conundrums reveal some curious points. Men and women secretly married and living with their parents show great anxiety lest the fact should be divulged. A man sixty-seven years old who wants to do something asks pathetically, "Is it optional for old fogies to fill up the form or forbidden?" A curious point is that only one correspondent has written to say that he is a conscientious objector to all war, "which is murder," and can he refuse to register? The answer is—£5 for refusal, and £1 a day for each day the refusal is continued.

THE REGISTER'S MAIN PURPOSE.

The available evidence goes to show that the number of men and women skilled in war work who are still outside the munitions army cannot be very large. The intensified efforts of the past few months have, it is believed, had the effect of drawing in nearly everybody. We are led accordingly to the inference that the main purpose of the National Register is to provide the War Office with a census of men of military age still at work in unessential occupations. This is emphasized by a paragraph in the instructions issued by the Registrar-General:

As the forms for males are coded, those of them which refer to men between the ages of 18 and 41 should be copied on the special pink forms applied for the purpose. When this work has been completed, these forms should be reserved for the use of the officer commanding the regimental depot of the district in which the area of the local registration authority is situated. Further instructions in regard to them will be issued later, and meanwhile they should be retained by the authority.

It may be recalled that in his speech at the Guildhall on July 9 Lord Kitchener said:—

When this registration is completed we shall anyhow be able to note the men between the ages 19 and 40 not required for munition or other necessary industrial work, and therefore available, if physically fit, for the fighting line. Steps will be taken to approach, with a view to enlistment, all possible candidates for the Army—unmarried men to be preferred before married men, as far as may be.

The meaning of this is perfectly plain. As soon as the pink forms are in order, such men of military age as are not satisfactorily accounted for will be subjected to the process for what Lord Milner called "conscription by cajolery." This will be far more systematic than anything of the kind hitherto practised, though it has been fairly thorough; and we may be sure that to the persuasions of the recruiting officer there will be added a tremendous social and economic pressure, exercised mainly through the employers. This is the dark side of the voluntary system, as it survives after an unprecedented year of war,—an aspect which public opinion, and especially Radical opinion, will be driven to confront in the immediate future. It is instructive to note that, so far, the objections to the threat of a renewed campaign of badgering come chiefly from some of those papers that have worked throughout for compulsory military service. "The Times," for example, says:

We want no more of the humiliating system of harrying men who may, or may not, be eligible for military service. The expedients of veiled compulsion already adopted in far too many cases are utterly discreditable both to those who practise them and those who authorize them. The plain duty of the Government is to avoid all suspicion of trickery, to drop furtive methods, and to make no use of the Register for purposes of enlistment without first stating frankly exactly what their objections are.

As we know, "The Times" invariably has a motive (which is not a democratic motive) when it comes out with a protest of this kind; but there can be no doubt whatever as to the rightness of the view here expressed.

## RUDYARD KIPLING AT THE FRONT.

### WHAT FRANCE IS DOING IN THE WAR

(News Bureau.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

A "Pioneer" cables says:—

The "Daily Telegraph" publishes extracts from a private letter from Mr. Kipling written at the French Front. He says he wrongly thought he realised what France was doing. He is only now beginning to understand that every single action of every individual in France is coloured and guided by her strong determination. She is not only fighting this war, but living it with gaiety as well as a cold deadly earnestness of purpose.

The example the French are setting us can not be rubbed in too often too hard. "Having seen patience, fervour, and terrific industry on all land, I must testify that nothing England can do will be enough to keep her abreast of such an Ally."

He is much impressed with the work of the 75's and describes their officers as cheerful folk, able to work to 30 yards clearance over their own Infantry.

## AUSTRIANS AND LUSITANIA FILM

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 27.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

The "Morning Post's" correspondent at Tienstein states that on August 21 some Austrian marines belonging to the Legation Guards entered a British owned cinema, destroyed the screen and carried off the Lusitania film. The proprietor has applied to the British Legation for redress.

## RELIGIOUS FREEDOM IN LIBYA.

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 27.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says:—

An Italian decree establishes religious freedom in Libya declaring that the rights of wakfs shall be respected and no hindrances be placed on Muslims' relations with their religious Chiefs. says:—

## GERMANY AND COTTON,

LAHORE, Aug. 27.

A "Civil and Military Gazette" cable says::—

According to the American Department of Commerce, Germany at the end of July held 670,000 bales of cotton as compared with 2,200,000 bales a year earlier. She had £20,000,000 sterling worth of cotton goods as against £50,000,000.

## CHINAMAN RUNS AMOK.

### FIVE MEN WOUNDED.

The Rangoon correspondent of "The Advocate of India" states:—Report comes from Mogok that a Chinaman, since proved to be mad, ran amok on Monday morning and injured five men two of whom were Europeans, with a dagger. Three of the wounded were Gurkha coolies, who were attacked on the road in succession, the fourth was Mr. Morgan, the Chief Engineer of the ruby mines, who while passing on his motor bicycle was stabbed below the armpit.

The Chinaman ran into the jungle and Mr. Hill, the headquarters Magistrate, Mogok, picked up the injured and took them to the hospital and then collecting about one hundred miners and some ruby mines assistants started off to carry out a beat in the hills.

When Mr. Hill returned to Mogok, Mr. Ryan came with the information that the Chinaman, who had been found, had stabbed Mr. Nichols badly on the forehead.

Mr. Nichols fired a revolver hitting the Chinaman in the chest. The Chinaman then stabbed Mr. Nichols who missed fire a second and third time, after which Mr. Ryan knocked the Chinaman over dead.

## CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

With a half day it was agreeable to find prices for jute shares fully maintained, but the other sections were without interest Coal-Jumoni 3½, Kuardi 12, Raneganj 25, Sodich 4 1/8.

Government paper 3½ per cent at Rs. 89, 89-1, and small sums at Rs. 89-4, 89-5.

# AUSTRIAN POSITIONS CARRIED.

## ITALIAN HYDROP LANES RAID RIVA.

### ENEMY REPULSED ON CARSO.

(Reuter's Telegrams).

ROME, Aug. 28.

An Italian communiqué says that after stubborn fighting the Italians carried strong Austrian positions on Col. di la Gosiuro and other heights. Hydroplanes raided Riva by moonlight dropping bombs on the fortifications.

The enemy was repulsed after violent struggle on the Carso.

## CAPTURE OF STRATEGIC POSITIONS ON MONTE ROOSON.

LONDON, Aug. 27.

The Italians have captured trenches on the southern slopes of the Monte Rooson, two miles northward of Plezzo. This considerably narrows the investment of the fortress as on the south the Italians have already reached the suburb of Cersozza.

## FURTHER ITALIAN SUCCESSES

### APPROACH WORKS PUSHING FORWARD.

LONDON, Aug. 27.

An Italian communiqué reports the capture of the trenches on the upper Isonzo and on the Carso Plateau and adds that along the whole front our approach works are pushing forward uninterruptedly.

## AUSTRIANS' HEAVY LOSSES.

### TWO FORTS IN STRINO VALLEY DESTROYED.

ROME, Aug. 29.

A communiqué says that the enemy suffered heavy losses in the Strino valley, abandoning a number of machine guns and much ammunition.

Two Austrian forts were destroyed.

The Italians, in the Plezzo zone, successfully bombarded the enemy encampments in the Zepenja valley, also columns of troops marching.

The Italians found near Montenero machines for squirting liquid fire.

## SINKING OF THE ARABIC.

### FULL SATISFACTION TO U. S. ASSURED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28, 9.20 p.m.

Count Bernstorff has been instructed to intimate that full satisfaction will be given to the United States for the sinking of the Arabic. Count Bernstorff explains that Germany will make more than a mere disavowal if the Arabic was sunk without warning.

## GERMANY'S CLIMBDOWN IN SUBMARINE POLICY.

### RECEIVED WITH SUSPICION IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, Aug. 28.

Germany's volte face with regard to submarine warfare is received with suspicion and scant courtesy in Great Britain where it is described as a deathbed repentance and return to sanity which will not efface the memory of the assassination of women and children.

Lloyds insurance rates are not affected. The rates are already low.

The American press likewise regards the climbdown coolly. The "Evening Post," analysing Germany's motives, finds the main reasons to be the effectiveness of the British measures against submarines and desire to influence American opinion against Britain by the pretence at readiness to compromise.

## GERMANY BACKING DOWN.

### THE LATEST PROMISE.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

Germany is now backing down in her assurance to give America full satisfaction.

The latest promise is not to jeopardise the lives of Neutrals.

This, read in the light of President Wilson's Notes, cannot meet America's wishes, which are the reestablishment of international law at sea.

It is also pointed out that submarines cannot discriminate between Neutrals and others, hence it is believed that outrages will continue in spite of Germany's protestations and promises.

## KING OF SIAM'S GIFT TO D.L. INFANTRY

LONDON, Aug. 28.

The King of Siam has sent a gift of £1,000 to the Durham Light Infantry of which he was formerly an officer.

# DISTURBANCE AT TEHERAN

## LOCAL BRIGANDS ATTACK GENDARMERIE.

### SWEDISH OFFICER'S NARROW ESCAPE.

(Reuter's Telegrams).

PETROGRAD, Aug. 27.

Telegrams from Teheran state that local bands of brigands have been attacking the gendarmerie who have lost two guns and munitions at Burujird.

A Swedish officer barely escaped with his life.

## ACCIDENT TO KING OF SWEDEN.

### FELL BETWEEN RAILWAY PLATFORM AND CARRIAGE.

STOCKHOLM, Aug. 28.

The King of Sweden had a narrow escape at the Jerna railway station. He was proceeding to Stockholm and missed his footing while entering the train and fell between the platform and the carriage. Then his foot became jammed. His Majesty fell against the train, but, fortunately, was quickly extricated. His injuries were dressed in the saloon carriage and no serious consequences are feared.

## LATE CAPTAIN LAMBERT'S PROPERTY

LONDON, Aug. 27.

Captain MacLaren Lambert, formerly aide de camp to the Viceroy, who was killed in action on May 13th, left unsettled estate to the value of £26,085.

## INTERNED UNDER DEFENCE OF REALM ACT.

### CALCUTTA GRADUATE SERVED WITH NOTICE.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

Last night, Mr. Lowman of the Special Branch, Calcutta C.I.D., accompanied by two officers motored down to College Square and handed over to Babu Makhan Lal Sen, B.A., an Internment Order, asking him to report himself to the Superintendent of Police at Chittagong on the 30th August, 1915. The place of internment is at Teknaf, a fishing station 26 miles from the town of Chittagong, at present inaccessible to vehicular traffic. Makhan Babu is confined to bed owing to an attack of fever. He came into prominence as an organiser of the Burdwan relief works.

## AGRAPARA DACOITY CASE.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

A Government communiqué says the Agarpara dacoity case will be tried by Special Commissioners comprising of Mr. Chotzner, Additional Sessions Judge of the 24-Parganas, as president, and a retired Deputy Magistrate and an Alipore Vakil named Babu Surenda Nath Mullick, as members.

## FLOODS SUBSIDING IN EASTERN BENGAL.

### GOOD TEA PROSPECTS.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 28.

The latest official report from Assam states that the floods reported from Goalparah, Kamrup, Darrang, Nowgong and Lakhimpur, has subsided and is subsiding in Garo Hills. Agricultural operations have been much hampered in Goalparah and Nowgong. Reports from the tea gardens state that prospects of the tea are good.

## INTERNED ARYA SAMAJIST LEADER.

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 28.

Pundit Munshi Ram, of the Arya Samaj, with respect to whom the authorities had recently pasesd orders of internment has now applied to the Government for a grant of subsistence allowance.

Particulars have now been compiled of officers contributed by various Punjab Departments for employment at the Front or on military duty outside the Province. Of these the Punjab P. W. D. has contributed 23, Punjab Education and Agricultural Departments have sent one officer each, Police Department has supplied 12 officers, Punjab Medical Department no fewer than 50 officers, of whom 9 are Civil Surgeons, 6 belong to Medical College, Lahore, 1, to the Punjab Lunatic Asylum, 2 to Sanitary Branch, 3 to Jails Branch, while one was Medical Advisor in Patiala and 2 were Supernumerary Medical officers. The balance are officers of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, 12 belonging to the Civil Branch and 11 to Railway Branch.

# VICEROY'S WAR NEWS.

## THE EASTERN FRONT.

(News Bureau.)

SIMLA, Aug. 29.

The Viceroy's war message from the Secretary of State, dated 28th August, says:—

A Russian communiqué says that there has been no change in the Riga region.

Towards Bausk and Birpa on Wednesday and Thursday the enemy pursued a vigorous offensive. Towards Vilna there has been no important change.

On the middle Nieman and the front between the sources of the Bobr and the Pripiati the retirement covered by rearguard engagements continues.

A German communiqué says the fortress of Olita between Kovno and Grodno has been evacuated by the Russians and occupied by the Germans.

A Russian communqué says energetic German attempts to take the offensive on Wednesday night and on Thursday towards Bialystock and north of that town have been successfully stopped and have cost the enemy heavy losses.

At Brest-Litovsk the Russians blew up the fortifications in conformity with orders and the garrison joined the army in the field.

A German communiqué says the Germans are fighting for the passage of the river Leona north-west of Kamintie Litovsk, 23 miles north-east of Brest Litovsk and also approaching the road from Kamiencie to Myzzezyce, 20 miles north-east of Brest-Litovsk. South-east of Brest Litovsk the Germans have been repulsed.

## IS DISSUADING PEOPLE FROM ENLISTING AN OFFENCE

### INTERESTING CASE AT TANJORE

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 28.

Before the District Magistrate of Tanjore one Doraisami Rajaperian was charged at the instance of Captain H. Norris of St. Thomas Mount with the offence of obstructing a public servant from discharging his duty. The facts are that Arunachela Rajaperian, a recruit belonging to Oluvur village in Tanjore, overstayed the leave granted him by his Jemadar and that Kaliaperumal and Kuppusami Naick, two of the recruiting party, proceeded to Oluvur but found the recruit absent. He is still absconding. While the recruiting officers were enquiring, the accused met the two recruiting officers and was reported to have told them that they should not have come into the village to recruit sepoys and to have threatened to beat them if they should come again or words to that effect.

Accused pleaded an alibi. Counsel for the accused, summing up, contended that the evidence was practically only that of Kuppusami Nasik, one of the recruiting party, and after all it amounted to nothing more than dissuading villagers from enlisting. It was not to be regarded that the said officers were then engaged in a public duty as public servants, because enlisting was optional and officers could only advise the citizens to enlist as sepoys and however laudable it might be to serve in the Army, their action could not be regarded as an offence within the operations of the Indian Penal Code, in the absence of any special enactment. It might be wrong or immoral or impudent to advise the people not to join the Army, but it was not a penal offence under section 186 I. P. C.

Judgment was reserved.

## RETURN TICKETS FOR PILGRIMS.

### MADRAS MOSLEMS' PROTEST.

(News Bureau.)

MADRAS, Aug. 27.

A well-attended meeting of the Mahomedans of Madras was held this afternoon at Mylapore at which resolutions were passed emphatically condemning the action of Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co., Agents of the Bombay-Persia Steam Navigation Company, in selling compulsory return tickets to the Hajees and not allowing them the option of buying single tickets.

The meeting also prayed the Government of India to take early steps in the interests of pilgrims by intervening and affording perpetual relief in the matter.

## FIGHTING FLAMES-PROJEC

Describing his experience of "flame fighting" in Flanders a corporal of the Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders says:—

We go under fire now in the actual sense of the word. If you get near enough you can easily imagine yourself frying, the heat is so hot, and then when the liquid gets you on a tender spot the pain is unbearable. There is one danger from this in "Kultur" brand of blowpipes that only soldiers can appreciate. That is the danger of your ammunition exploding. In my opinion that is the worst danger of all, when you remember that a man is often a walking powder magazine.

I saw a fine thing done by two drivers of the Transport Service who were in charge of a cart loaded to the brim with ammunition when one of these attacks developed. As soon as it began to get really sultry, these chaps realised the danger to all around them, and without any thought for themselves they dashed off to a safer place and began carrying away the cases. They had got the greater part away when there was a terrific explosion. Luckily no one was any the worse, but if that had taken place where I saw the cart first the loss of life would have been terrible besides helping the Germans in their attack. We hope these chaps will get official recognition. I know they were complimented by their officers.

# DEVELOPMENT OF SMALL INDUSTRIES.

## LORD CARMICHAEL ON GOVERNMENT HELP.

(News Bureau.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

His Excellency Lord Carmichael in the course of his tour reached Berhampur yesterday morning when the Berhampur Municipality, Murshidabad District Board, Murshidabad Association and Murshidabad Mahomedan Association, presented separate addresses, to which his Excellency made a joint reply. In course of his speech, referring to the small industries and their encouragement by Government, his Excellency said that a good market existed for such small industries as are in Murshidabad and Nadia Districts, if they could only bring the producer and the consumer into touch and could show those who appreciated such articles where to find them. His Excellency had one idea in mind, it was to get up an exhibition by the workers themselves in Calcutta at times when the people who might be interested were there. This might perhaps give encouragement to these small industries.

Referring to the production of silk on a big scale, his Excellency said that it was for all interested in the trade to decide what it was worth while to do. Then the Government would help if it could and he sincerely hoped that they might together be able to do something to restore, in some small measure at any rate, the old prosperity of the silk trade.

MAHOMEDANS IN PUBLIC SERVICE.

Replying to the Mahomedans his Excellency said that the report of the Mahomedan Education Committee was just now with the Director of Public Instruction, who would shortly submit it to Government.

Regarding the employment of Mahomedans his Excellency said that it was the declared policy of the Government that Mahomedans should have a fair share of Government employment, provided qualified men were found.

As regards agricultural improvement, his Excellency said that it was the aim of the Government to have at the headquarters of every district a farm, where experiments could be tried by skilled officers and where demonstrations of proved utility could be shown to cultivators.

## GERMANY'S INTENTIONS TOWARDS RUSSIA.

### THREE HYPOTHESES DISCUSSED.

(News Bureau.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 29.

The "Pioneer's" special cables from London, dated August 27, state:—

"The Paris de Journal's" special correspondent in Russia says:—"Three hypotheses are discussed touching the Teuton's intention. Some believe they will threaten Petrograd, even if this be done only with the land forces estimated at 3 millions. Others are convinced that the objective will be Moscow. Still others say that the enemy's main object is southern Russia, a theory felt to be borne out by climatic and political considerations and also the immense wealth of cereals in that region.

The correspondent is not quite satisfied with any of the three theories. The Teutons, he said, are trying desperately to participate events and the Russians are showing their traditional cleverness, using every means to delay the enemy, while awaiting the movement of their own supplies. He believes they will be reorganised and ready for an offensive before any too serious blow can be inflicted upon them.

M. Herve writes to the "Guerre Sociale" that Germany is irremediably lost, not even a miracle can now avert the crash. Germany was lost from the day she found England against her.

## COURTS-MARTIAL IN CEYLON.

### SENTENCES OF DEATH AND PENAL SERVITUDE.

(News Bureau.)

COLOMBO, Aug. 29.

At a Court-Martial held at Kolutara, Arthur Dias, Henry Dias, and Charles Dias were found guilty of treason, shop-breaking throwing explosives into buildings, etc., and sentenced to penal servitude for life.

At the Kurunagalle Court-Martial one Pereira was sentenced to death for murder. Several other prisoners sentenced to penal servitude. At Mabara too a large number of prisoners were charged and punished.

At Kolutara from the 9th to 13th August three prisoners were sentenced to death for treason and murder and many others to penal servitude.

## CEYLON AEROPLANE FUND.

(News Bureau.)

COLOMBO, Aug. 29.

The Ceylon Aeroplane Fund amounting to Rs. 22,680 and 30 cents has been sent to London for the purchase of one aeroplane. A second list has been opened to purchase one 100 h. p. Gnome Gun Biplane, costing Rs. 33,750.

It is reported that Mehta Nand Kishore, who was discharged by the Special Tribunal, on hearing that a warrant had been issued for his arrest, telegraphed from Muttra to the Lahore authorities that he was coming to surrender himself, which he did on Thursday. He has been ordered to be interned in thana Chaubara, Tahsil Leiah, Muzaffargarh District. Nothing has been so far mentioned about any subsistence allowance.

Small-pox and plague are reported in Ceylon.

# "LIFE"

## MRS. NAIDU'S ELOQUENT ADDRESS.

### CONCEPTION OF UNITY.

### THE REV. DR. SCOTT'S APPRECIATION.

There was a record attendance at the Empire Theatre on the afternoon of Saturday last, when under the auspices of the Students' Brotherhood Mrs. Naidu delivered a lecture on the "Message of Life." At the conclusion of the meeting, in the Chairman's words, the audience were left in doubt whether Mrs. Sarojini Naidu was a greater poet or orator. The great theatre was packed to its fullest capacity and many had to be turned away as there was not room enough for all the enthusiastic hearers. A great number of prominent ladies and gentlemen were present, and the chair was occupied by the Rev. Dr. Scott, than whom there is no more popular professor among the students of Bombay, as was shown by the repeated and continued applause with which he was greeted. The audience was naturally greatly impressed with the eloquent lecture from Mrs. Naidu, and they showed their appreciation in an unmistakable way.

Dr. Scott in introducing the lecturer of the day said: The presence of this vast assemblage is a proof that no very elaborate introduction is necessary. You already know our distinguished visitor. You know the enlightened and progressive circle in Bengal from which she arose. You know her life in Central India, her books and her travels and her intimate acquaintances with the various aspects of intellectual and practical activities. You know her mastery of the English language, for its rythms and melodies come to her as naturally as to the most gifted of Englishmen. She is a singer, but by no means the idle singer of an idle song or of an empty day. She is also a thinker and writer and lives with a purpose.

You know that in early times the singer was a seer and the qualities of bard and of sage, or of poet and of prophet, were in close alliance. The true poet had the power of penetration and of insight into the deeper aspect of things and his harmonies of speech flowed from an inner harmony of soul. We somewhat tyrranically desire, that the poet shall not only equip himself for the full use of his gifts of song, but also that by study and meditation and contemplation, he shall think out some interpretation of the world, some message of new life on nature or on life which for his generation he must break into melodies. Mrs. Naidu is to give us a message to-day and she calls it the "Message of Life." That is going to the heart of things, for life is all, or nearly all we need to know. There are hundreds here on the threshold of life and in this sphere there is only one life for us. Listen and learn, for you will hear things that are deep and tender and true, things that may help you to nobler conceptions and a worthier fulfilment of the beauties of life.

#### MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU'S SPEECH.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, in the course of a long speech, said that that her message of life would never come amiss to the Students' Brotherhood and to the members of that greater human brotherhood, who had gathered that afternoon in their hundreds, and that it filled her with pride and thrilled her with hope. Sometime ago when the invitation of the Students' Brotherhood reached her and she was asked to have the honour to deliver the annual address to its members, she hesitated for reasons which were otherwise than personal. Not because her health did not permit but because of the poverty of her spirit, that had not enough wealth to give to so many hungry and clamouring spirits. But considering it to be her duty, as well as her privilege, she accepted that invitation because she felt that a young generation standing, as Dr. Scott said, on the threshold of life was waiting for a message and inspiration, to make them ready and ripe for the responsibilities and duties which awaited them. She felt it to be a privilege to be there that day. The subject of the lecture, she said, came to her as an inspiration while she was seated by the window of her hotel watching of great stream of life that flowed past and she was thinking of the message which was given to her by her father, in his last days, who had exercised the greatest influence on her life. And that message was of perennial light and hope, of eternal life and of eternal truth. She thought she could do no greater service to the young generation, or no greater honour to the memory of her dead father than to impart the inspiration of his final message. Nothing struck her as more paradoxical than the history of this great country, and of the immemorial history of this great nation. Civilisations had come and gone, civilisations had died, as all living things had died, and become mere memories to be reconstructed from mere fragments as they sometimes saw done in some of the European museums. Assyria and Babylon, Egypt and Greece were dead, and when one thought of them in their greatness, and in their glory, she wondered that so little survived. But when one came to India from many of those ancient civilisations one realised how marvellous, how inexhaustible was that spiritual vitality which had kept up her life to-day. One did not think of India as dead, to be reconstructed with the fragments of a piece of sculpture or from some coin, looking at the superstructure or image thereof. Rather coming to India one felt that life there, in spite of those historic vicissitudes, was progressing in unbroken historic continuity. Though the drums of conquest had rolled over India, all those foreign conquests, all through the many centuries, had left no permanent mark, to obliterate her spiritual civilisation. Spirituality was the mainstay of her vitality and she saw when she travelled through the length and breadth of India the same ancient temples from which still resounded the invocations to the same deities which were heard in ancient times, side by side with the modern spinning mills, and girls' schools and other things.

#### DESTINIES OF YOUNGER GENERATIONS.

She had been spending a great many years in going from city to city not to see the buildings, not to see the signs of wealth and power, not to be feted at social gatherings, nor indeed to make holiday pleasure, but rather to feel the pulse of that younger generation whose destinies seemed to her to be bound up with the future of India. And one thing she had found, whether in Calcutta or in Madras, whether in the Punjab or in the great cosmopolitan city of Bombay that though the native influences that mould the details of character might be different, the underlying spirit, the animating spirit that made life thrill to the pulse, and all the differences that were natural and peculiar to the different provinces, were a thing that made her realise that the special message of life for India to-day was the message of unity. No longer divided by any thing save a difference of mere language, no longer divided by any real or any blasting differences of aspiration, no longer divided by anything through lack of that one thing that makes an intellectual and spiritual meeting ground, that is a common education, one realised that it was the same cry which she heard on all hands, and that was that they wanted to serve their mother country and achieve something. One found this aspiration struggling with difficulty in the grip of that conservative tradition, of that conservative inheritance and that was strong enough to say that "I am descended from that great past, but that I will not be bound merely by that past" and in this conflict of the new spirit there was an overwhelming power of ancient tradition serving to bring about a tremendous vigour in the moulding of the character of the young Indian. And there they found a different set of historic circumstances, that were moulding all the provinces, with which their youth had certain characteristics, to bring as their special contribution to the federation of culture and achievement to India. There side by side the Hindu and the Mahomedan were grown up and grown out of the bitterness and proud antagonism into a more enduring unity of purpose, realising that India of to-day was not the India of Vedic dreams or of the sword of Islam.

#### POSSIBILITIES, OPPORTUNITIES AND DUTIES.

The message of life in the various parts of India that appealed to them and moulded them was dependent on the special set of historic and social circumstances that surrounded them. Every young man said to himself, to-day, no matter in what mother-tongue he spoke, the mother tongue of the spirit was the same the tenor of the question was the same and the answer was the same,—he asked himself what the message of life had to give to him, a man, a human being with a human destiny. Human souls and human destinies were guided and moulded and shaped by the special race consciousness and race ideals to which they belonged. The life said that the youth's duty lay in so shaping his daily life that never for one moment shall the India of the immemorial yesterday be the same till he knew the destiny of India's to-morrow. So it was for them to take stock of themselves as to what were their possibilities, their opportunities, their obligations and their duties, and what special section of that great duty of that complex, that manifold and multiform duty fell to their share. And then they began to say to themselves that the work was so great and they as individuals so small: but then they had to remember that no human being was so small as not to be able to fill a niche in the great scheme of life some little corner that could only be filled by that one individual. But life said to him—to the child—however small and however weak he might be, it had a place for him to fill, unless the child had been faithless in fulfilling that duty, and so in that spirit they accepted their responsibilities, their individual responsibilities, realising that greater men were called upon to play greater parts, and smaller men to fulfil smaller duties, but that each man had his unique destiny, his unique privilege, his immutable responsibilities to fulfil, as best lay in his power,—that of service, and of sacrifice. Whether they failed or triumphed, it did not matter. They must be endowed with a great spirit, a selfless spirit, a spirit that was content to work from day to day, adding to the ages the sum total of earnest endeavour, whether it was crowded by success or failure. It was not the success, nor the result, but the endeavour alone that made the man, that desire to create good, that desire to achieve, and that vitalising, quickening endeavour. What was the peculiar message that came to her from the past? How were they going to assimilate the past and the future, how were they going to make a fair and harmonious reconciliation between the mystical traditions they had inherited from their father, and what the future had in store for them? How were they going to reconcile, harmonise, assimilate those ancient gifts of the past with those of the future? The great world teacher, Sri Krishna, had taught them that true Yoga was wisdom in action. It was a prophetic teaching pregnant with meaning.

#### MESSAGE OF UNITY.

Proceeding she said, she was asked "Mother make a good speech to your boys." She came to her boys with a message, and they said to her "Mother make a good speech for the sake of the country." It was from far off Hyderabad, that great Native State, which, as she had said the other day, was the great melting pot of the different races of India, of the Indian religions, she came with a message for not only her children but for all and every Indian. That message was one of unity. It was a message for all, whether Hindu or Mahomedan. She came fresh with enthusiasm, fresh with sympathy for them, no matter that hundreds of miles separated them from her, for their hearts beat with the same impulse, they had the same yearning spirit of a young generation, so full of desire to achieve, so full of courage and unity, because life was life because there was no death there was no birth, but from day to day, from life to life, from eternity to eternity there was always human endeavour and the need for human service. Worship, Mrs. Naidu said, that spirit of God whose Temple was built in the heart of man.

"My message to you as a woman," concluded the lecturer "as an Indian, as a sister, as a human being, as one sharing with you the common responsibilities of a generation, perhaps very little older than yourself, I beseech you my brothers, I beseech you my children, do not be deaf, do not forget that man is a God. Let it not be said in your generation and mine that we were afraid of the divinity of our destiny."

#### VOTE OF THANKS.

Mr. Mirza in rising to propose a vote of thanks to the lecturer said, that in the unavoidable absence of Sir Narayan Chandavarker it was his great privilege to propose a hearty vote of thanks to the lectures of that evening. The first time he had the privilege and pleasure of meeting her was in London. The scene was a memorable one. There were representatives from Bengal—Imperial Bengal as she called it—from Madras and from the Punjab, and they all literally sat at her feet. Two years had rolled since then and it was only last Saturday that he heard her speech again, a speech to a very representative audience of the city. He could never forget the occasion, the last occasion, on which he met her in London when the students of whether Bengal or Bombay sat at her feet.

When he asked her how she proposed to treat the subject, whether she was going to approach the problem of life from the point of view of the philosopher or of the poet, the answer was an unhesitating one —"I don't know." There lay it seemed to him, the similicity of her heart. She took a cue from the heart-throbs of her audience and also revealed the secret of her heart. The lecturer's words that evening would leave on the minds of both men and women of this city a truer conception of life than ever. He again thanked the lecturer for coming there that day and delivering that eloquent and instructive lecture.

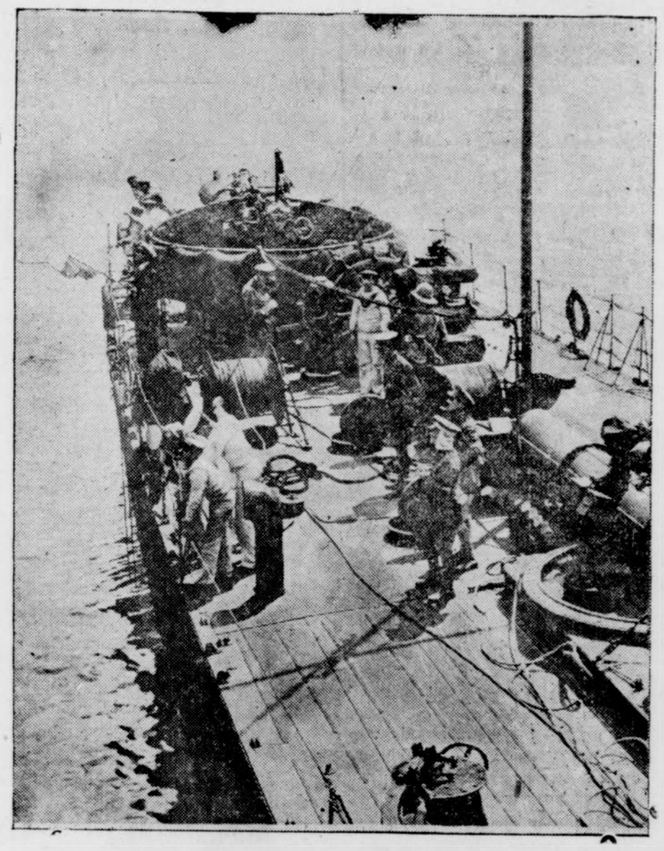
Dr. Scott said: As a member of this great meeting and of the Students' Brotherhood, I tender you my most cordial thanks for the wonderful way in which you have left us doubtful as to whether you are greater as a poetess or as an orator. One thing I am certain of, that there are very few poetesses in the world who could have delivered this oration. You have spoken to us of the solemnity and the dignity of life. You have communicated to us your thoughts on this great subject and I trust you will be able to feel in the years to come from the testimony of many that your words have led the young men of this city to a higher conception of life and of the goal that should be before them in their lives, so that they may live with a fuller purpose, more consecrated endeavour to prove themselves worthy of all their privileges and opportunities and possibilities. I have risen simply to express to you the thanks of this great meeting and you will carry away from this meeting the consciousness that we are greatly indebted to you for the great trouble you have put yourself to, for the effort in giving to this city and of addressing in this vast building, this great audience, and still more for the words of ripe wisdom which you have spoken to us.

Mr. Mirza Ali Akbar Khan proposed a vote of thanks to the chairman. He said that it was a very fortunate circumstances that when the message of life was being delivered to the Students' Brotherhood and to that larger brotherhood of men and women of the world by a great poetess, they had in the chair a man of such literary eminence, who appreciated and taught poetry and was himself a composer of poetry. They were all grateful to Dr. Scott for the great services he had rendered to the Students' Brotherhood and to the students of this city. He again thanked him for gracing the chair on the occasion.

Mr. C. M. Cursetji said that before they parted that evening he would like to propose a hearty vote of thanks to Mr. C. P. Khatao for lending them that magnificent theatre for the occasion. They were in a great fix for a suitable hall to contain that great gathering, and had it not been for Mr. Khatao's generosity in placing the theatre free of charge at their disposal they would have been at a loss to know what they should do.

The proceedings then terminated.

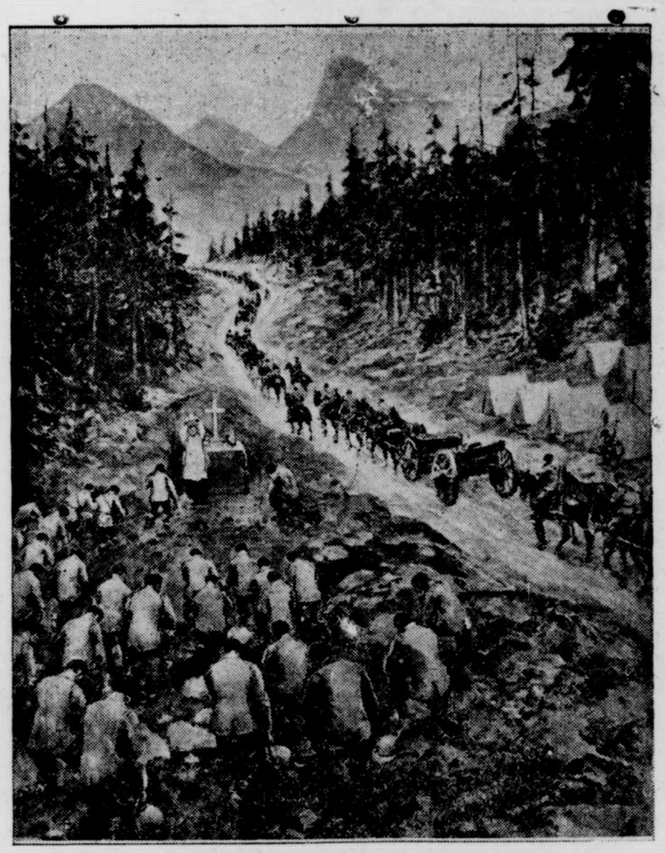
# SIR IAN HAMILTON ABOARD A DESTROYER.



*Reproduced from the "Illustrated London News."*

**Before the Allies landed on Gallipoli, on April 25, Sir Ian Hamilton made a reconnaissance of the north-western shore of the Peninsula on board a destroyer. The photo shows the General with officers of his staff on board. Sir Ian is the third of the three officers in the middle of the photograph. He is standing amidships, and the nearest to the reader, wearing a neckshade to his field-cap, and has his hands, holding a fieldglass, behind him.**

# MASS IN THE MOUNTAINS.



*Reproduced from the "Illustrated London News."*

**The elevation of the Host; Alpini kneeling before a rude alter of boxes, while the Artillery forced to continue their advance without a stop, cross themselves devoutly.**

## BRIGADE ORDERS

(By Brigadier-General M. Cowper, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Brigade.)

POONA, Aug. 26.

A Standing Medical Board will assemble every Monday at the Station Hospital, Poona, at 10 a.m. to report on such cases as may be brought before it.

President: The A.D.M.S. 6th Divisional Area, Members: Two R.A.M.C., Officers.

(ii) A Standing Medical Board will assemble every Tuesday at the Indian Troops Hospital, Ghorpuri, at 9 a.m. to report on such cases as may be brought before it.

President: The A.D.M.S., 6th Divisional Area, Members: Two R.A.M.C., Officers.

(By Brigadier-General M. Cowper, C.I.E., Commanding Poona Brigade.)

POONA, Aug. 27.

The detail of officers as mentioned below will assemble at the Dining Room, East Factory Barracks, Kirkee, at 10 a.m. on the 31st day of August 1915, for the purpose of trying by a district court-martial the accused person, No. 40 Driver Henry Carvell, Australian Flying Corps, attached 2/1st Wessexx F.A. Brigade and such other person or persons as may be brought before them.

President: Major H. Herries-Crosbie, 2/4th Wilts Regiment, Members: A Captain 3rd Sappers and Miners, An Officer 2/1st Wessex F.A. Brigade (of not less than 2 years service), Prosecutor: Lieut. and Adjutant A. K. MacEwan, 2/1st Wessex F.A. Brigade.

The accused will be warned, and all witnesses duly required to attend.

The O.C. 2/1st Wessex F.A. Brigade will provide the necessary forms, Stationery etc.

The proceedings (in duplicate) will be forwarded to the Station Staff Officer, Poona Brigade.

1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon R.D. Gholap is granted four months sick leave on Medical Certificate with effect from 25th August 1915.

The first 60 days leave to be on full pay.

1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon D. M. Trivedi is granted four months sick leave on Medical Certificate with effect from 26th August 1915.

The undermentioned officer is granted leave as under:—

Lieut. G. A. Laverton, 2/4th Wilts Regiment 9 days.

On the recommendation of the Senior Medical Officer, Belgaum, the Non-Commissioned Officer in charge Supplies, Belgaum, is authorised to issue one pound of firewood per man, per day, for boiling drinking water for the British Troops at Belgaum during the month of September 1915.

# THE KAPOLE STUDENTS' UNION.

## MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU'S ADDRESS.

On Sunday afternoon Mrs. Sarojini Naidu presided at the prize distribution to the successful Kapole candidates at the last University examinations and to the prize winners in the Union's elocution and essay competitions of this year at Sir Mangaldas House, Girgaum. There was a large gathering of both ladies and gentlemen.

Mr. Nagindas P. Mehta briefly referred to the work of the Kapole Students' Union and congratulated the Union on securing as president for the occasion a lady of such distinguished talents as Mrs. Naidu.

After the distribution of prizes Mrs. Naidu offered a prize to any Kapole student who could compose a poem within 20 minutes.

Mrs. Naidu then said that she was genuinely moved on the present occasion to meet the Kapole community in such large numbers, particularly the students, whom she claimed as her own. She did not say that as a mere conventional procedure, but because that community had held forth its hands to succour the poor to impart the benefit of education. There was no more patriotic duty than that of stretching out the hands of fellowship, knowledge and experience to the younger generation. She had arrived in Bombay some ten days ago and she had read the throbbing heart of the people of the Bombay Presidency. Her first experience was at the Town Hall where the women of Bombay spoke through their spokesmen and offered their services for the great cause of human readjustment. Another phase of activities of the people of Bombay, with which she came in contact was exemplified by the Students' Brotherhood. Although wars may come and civilisations may come and decay, that Brotherhood which was bound by the Students' Brotherhood would remain for ever. She then saw the Seva Sadan where young widows worked. That Sunday's gathering was one more rich experience. The Kapole Community was sectarian in its work, but these smaller parts made up the greater federation of a united India. The Union was doing great work.

Two years ago when she went to England she came for the first time rather intimately into contact with several members of the Gujarati Community. And it was her great pleasure and great privilege to win the friendship of one who was one of the finest products of the younger generation. She referred to Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, that great, noble and selfless worker for the cause of India. The late Mr. G. K. Gokhale spoke of Dr. Mehta's dauntless courage, his selfless purpose with the greatest admiration and said that he would be a great man.

It was a great moral service that the Kapole Community was rendering by the founding of those educational institutions for the benefit of the poor. She praised Dr. Jivraj Mehta, because he represented the symbols of the possibilities. There would not be one but many who might not be leaders of men but who would be the leaders of India. Unless they served their country it was of no use. It was the doing of the greatest good to the greatest number that mattered. The service of the country consisted in the daily drudgery and in the daily privations. And where they offered their services to the mother-country, that country would no longer be the widowed mother sitting in the dust, because her sons had known how to serve her. They loved her in sorrow and they loved her in her old age. They must not forget that she was the mother of civilisations. She appealed to the audience to realize that their interests were larger and more widespread than those of more individuals.

A hearty vote of thanks was proposed by Mr. Tribhuvandas P. Mahuwaker to the President, Mrs. Naidu.

The audience dispersed after taking some light refreshments.

Zymole Trokeys stop that rattle in your voice. They are pleasant to use if your throat feels husky. Try them and be convinced. Then you will never be without them. B-19

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# LAW INTELLIGENCE

## HIGH COURT.

### APPELLATE SIDE.

### ALLEGED ADOPTION OF AN ORPHAN.

### DECREE REVERSED.

(*Before Justices Shah and Hayward.*

ANANT BALWANT DALVI v. UMABAI RAMCHANDRA AND EIGHT OTHERS.

This was an appeal against the judgment of Mr. K. H. Kirkire, First Class Suoordinate Judge of Ratnagiri.

The plaintiff-appellant, who styled himself as Anant Balwant Dalvi sued for a declaration that he was the adopted son of Balwant alleging that he was adopted in May 1889. He was given in adoption to Balwant by his natural mother at Balwant's house at Aravli. A deed of adoption was written in the "mangar" (shed) of Balwant when the adoption ceremony was performed, but it was stolen away by his enemies during Balwant's illness.

That certain thikans (fields) were the ancestral property and leasehold lands belonging to the plaintiff and the second defendant Govind Ramchandra; the share of the plaintiff's deceased adopted father Balwant being one half and that of Govind, brother of Balwant and uncle of the appellant one half. Both Balwant and Govind who were separate had amicably arranged between themselves that each of them should manage and enjoy certain fields till a regular partition of their whole property was effected. The appellant and his adoptive father Balwant had been enjoying the income of lands set apart for their separate enjoyment, as well as the income of the lands mortgaged to Balwant and also acquired by him with his own funds. The appellant sought to recover all this property of which he was dispossessed. He also asked for an injunction restraining defendants 3 to 5 from paying the rent to other defendants who were in their turn to be restrained from accepting the same.

After Balwant's death his widow Kashibai brought several suits in which the plaintiff's right as an adopted son was challenged.

The first respondent Umabai is the daughter of Balwant. She disputed plaintiff's adoption and contended that in 1889 when the adoption was said to have taken place, the plaintiff was an orphan. The plaintiff's natural father died before the plaintiff was born and that his natural mother died in 1886. Under these circumstances it was urged that even if any adoption might have taken place it was illegal.

All other defendants had no direct connection with the merits of the alleged adoption.

Several issues were raised in the lower court but the chief one was whether the adoption was proved as alleged by the plaintiff.

The lower court held that the whole oral evidence about adoption was got up, as would appear from certain circumstances, which indicated beyond any doubt that the boy's mother was not at all alive in 1889. The evidence pointed out that the boy was an orphan in 1889 and the adoption of an orphan was illegal. Weighing the probabilities of the case and looking to the pros and cons of both the sides, he was inclined to hold that the plaintiff's case was far from being true and honest. The evidence which was adduced in the case, was extremely meagre and unsatisfactory.

Their Lordships held that the plaintiff would be entitled to a decree on the footing that he was the adopted son of Balwant. They also held that the suit was within time. As regards the other questions of relief such as the possession of the suit property, their Lordships remanded the case to the lower court to record findings on the issues bearing on them.

Mr. H. C. Koyaji with Mr. S. S. Patkar appeared for the appellant.

Diwan Bahadoor Rao and Mr. A. G. Sathe appeared for the respondents.

### HOLI BONFIRE.

### VOLUNTARILY CAUSING GRIEVOUS HURT

(*Before Justices Batchelor and Hayward.*)

BECHAR ANOP AND TWO OTHERS v. THE KING-EMPEROR

This was an appeal against the decision of Mr. P. J. Taleyarkhan, Sessions Judge of Broach and Panch Mahals, who, agreeing with the assessors found the appellants guilty of voluntarily causing grievous hurt without grave and sudden provocation and sentenced the first two accused under section 325 I. P. C. to five years' rigorous imprisonment and the third accused was sentenced to one year's imprisonment as he was very young and had taken a minor part in the assault.

The prosecution story was that on the evening of 1st March 1915 there was a quarrel between the second accused and one Jija at the Holi bonfire at Vintoj in the Panch Mahal taluka. The quarrel was about a piece of wood in the fire. The second accused recognized it as his and was angry that it should have been put into the fire, and attempted to take it away. Thereupon Jija remonstrated with him for losing his temper and would not let him have his way. At first they were prevented from fighting by the persons who had assembled near the Holi, but eventually Jija was attacked with sticks. The assault was commenced by the first accused with a blow dealt on Jija's head with a thick staff. The second and the third accused followed suit. The police patel arrived on the scene shortly after, and on his asking Jija who had beaten him the latter uttered the names of the three accused and then became speechless. He was taken to the hospital, where he died without regaining consciousness. It appeared that Jija had received in all eleven injuries.

It was suggested as a defence that the accused were acting in self-defence. The third accused pleaded an alibi.

The Sessions Judge was of opinion that the plea of self-defence could not avail the accused. It was also proved by the evidence of the accused's own witness that he was present at the scene of offence. The fact that the accused had set up a false alibi pointed to the consciousness of guilt.

Their Lordship after hearing arguments agreed with the view of the Sessions Judge with regard to self-defence, but reduced the sentence of the accused. The first and the second accused were sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment. The sentence of the third accused was confirmed.

Mr. Govindlal N. Thakore appeared for the accused.

The Government Pleader represented the Crown.

## CAUSE LIST.

BOARD FOR MONDAY, THE 30TH OF AUGUST, 1915.

**Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinsha D. Davar.**
**In the Division Court No. 40.**
For Consent Decree.

291-15—M B Chothia, Oosman Mahomed Hoosein Abdulla v Jussab Abdulla and ors, Nanu H and Co, M B Chothia.

**Suits for hearing and final disposal.**
**Long Causes.**

130-13—Captain and V, Virbai widow v Kanji Jadhowji, Manchershaw and N, Part heard.

368-14.—Crawford B & Co, Khatizabai v. Ebrahim Mahomed Bham, & ors, Capt & V, Dhunjisha & B, Part Heard, 12-8-15.
For Trial of remaining issues.

382-07.—M Bilhothea, Aboo Mahomed Poonjani v. Haji Moosa Aba, & ors, Khund L & M.

Long Causes.

998-14.—Crawford B & Co, The Bombay Co, Ld, v. Dada Miya Kaudwam, Sabnis & G.

1311-14—Payne and Co, Sir Jugmohandas Varjiwandas and Co v Brijlal Bhugwandin Trivedi, Edgelow G W and Co.

1509-14.—J A Valles, Isabel Mary Cordeiro v. Dominica Mary Cardoz, Sabnis & G.

357-92—Matubhai J and M, Sale Mahomed Noor Mahomed and ors v Cassbhai Gulamhusein, Hiralal and Co. (for a pauper).

1002-11—Hiralal and Co (for a pauper), Cassum Gulamhussein v Fazul Jaffer and ors, Mathubai J & M.

302-14.—Jehangir S M and H, Fulbai, widow, v. Sailey Mahomed Dharamsey, & ors, Matubhai J & M, Little & Co.

27-15.—Kanga & S for a pauper, Bai Maneckbai, widow v. Soodamal Nandlal, Manch & N, for a pauper.

79-15.—Payne & Co, H. E. Bode & Sons, a firm, v. Lalji Doongersey & Co, a firm, Sh D & D.

76-15.—Payne & Co, Shaik Jassim bin Mahomed Ebrahim v. Motichand Reipchand, Edg G W & Co.

18-15.—Malvi H M & R, Bai Kapilagavri, widow, v. Hiralal Mansukhlal Munshi & ors, Man & H M & Co, Matu J & M.

28-15.—In Person a pauper, Karamchand Premchand v. Kastur Ujan & ors, Madh K & C.

124-15.—D J Mantri Arjun Jairam v. Shivi, wife of Arjun Jayaram, Purmanand & Co.

901-13.—Captain & V, Lakhamse Ludha & Co, a firm, v. Damji Herji & Co, a firm, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

894-13.—Captain & V, Lakhamse Ludha & Co, a firm, v. Damji Herji & Co, a firm, & ors, Edg G W & Co.

296-15.—Mulla & M, Messrs Hirji Jetha & Co, a firm, v. Messrs Tricumdas Lalji, a firm, Sabnis & G.

831-15.—Payne & Co, Sonbai, widow, v. Jafferbhoy Fazalbhoy Goolam Hoosein, Patell & Ez.

633-14—Rustomji and G. Yamnabai widow v Jilloobai widow and ors, Captain and V.

1320-12—Edgelow G W and Co, Dhulaji Hakmaji and ors v Gulabchand Vanna and ors, Jehangir M and S.

587-15—Rustomji and G, Nandlal Chunilal Desai v Amulak Khoobchand and Co a firm, Motichand and D.

82-15.—Patell and Ez, Umar Haji Sumar v. Bai Zilikhabai, widow & ors, Patell & Ez, Ty D & Co, Captain & U.

**Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman.**
**In the Division Court No. 53.**
For Consent Decree.

656-12—Bhai K and G, Dewan Bahadur Kasturchand Abirchand v Gulabchand Manalal and Co, and ors, Payne and Co, Tyabji D and Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

958-14—Merwanji K and Co, Tribhowandas Kalliandas Gajjar v Edulji Maneckji Mody, Mulla and M, Part heard.

1407-14—Crawford B and Co, Karl Ettlinger and anr v Chhagandas and Co a firm, Payne and Co, Part heard, 7-8-15.
For postponement.

S C 818.15.—Little & Co, Krishna Kenning & Co, a firm, v. J R Miller, M B Chotha.

1009-14—Merwanji K and Co, Allimahomed Camrudin and anr v T M Pardhy & ors, Captain and V.

274-14.—Mehta D & L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Oomer Soab & ors, v. Rehmatbai, widow, & anr, Little & Co, Mehta D & L.

275-14.—Mehta D & L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Oomer Soab, & ors, v. Rehmatbai, widow, & anr, Littls & Co, Mehta D & L.

370-14.—Mehta D & L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Oomer Soab, & ors, v. Rehmatbai, widow, & anr, Little & Co, Ard H D & Co, Payne & Co, Mehta D & L.

273-14.—Mehta D & L, Abdul Kadar Haji Abdulla Haji Oomer Soab, & ors, v. Rehmatbai, widow, & anr, Little & Co, Ard H D & Co, Mehta D & L.

570-14.—Ardeshir H D & Co, Poonamchand Tulsiram v. Nemchand Dayabhai, Jamsetji R & D.

1395-14.—Ard H D & Co, Jagmohandas Dewji v. Dewji Lowji & ors, Bh K & G, Jeh M & S, C P D'Cunha.

1227-14.—Mehta D & L, The Advocate-General of Bombay v. Narandas Primji, Jehangir S M & H.

209-13.—Malvi H M & R, Messrs Gambhirchand Kedarnath, a firm, v. Kedarnath Tejmal and anr, Ard H D & Co.

1480.14.—Little & Co, Dwarkanath Goverdhandas v. Lal Mahomed Khodabux Patel & anr, Captain & V.

8-15.—Payne & Co, Walji Ebji, a firm, v. Kilachand Devchand & Co, a firm, Bhai K & G.

950.13.—Unwalla P & P, Kanji Jethse & anr. v. The Advocate-General of Bombay & ors, Little & Co, Ard H D & Co, Wadia G & Co, Sab & G.

813-13.—Merwanji K & Co, Esmailji Mulla Vallibhoy & ors, v. Dewjibhoy Karrimbhoy & ors, Jehangir S M & H.

1119.14.—Khund L & M, Adaibhau Sobhaji & Co, a firm, v. Bai Mariambai widow & ors, Mehta D & L.

22-15.—Ard H D & Co, Tha Kordas Atmaram v. Moghibai, Captain & V.

700-14.—Captain & V, Jethabhai Hirji v. Neubai, widow, Maneckial & Co.

70.15.—Matu J & M, The Pioneer Bank Ld v. Rai Sahib Lala Mazir Singh, Edg G W & Co.

110-15.—In Person, Parbhudas Harakhji v. Vithal Govind Raja, Pandia & Co.

125-15.—Balkrishna & M, Raichand Kessavi & Co, a firm, v. Haji Cassam Haji Sedick Sumar, Captain & V.

184-15.—Jehangir G & B, Messrs Dharamsey Assoo & Co, a firm, v. Kalidas Nathoo & anr, Nadirsha & D, Jam R & D.

240-15.—Payne & Co, The Connaught Mills Co, Ld, v. Popatlal Mulchand, a firm, Bhai K & G.

241-15.—Payne & Co, The Empress Spg and Wg Co, Ld, v. Popatlal Mulchand, a firm, Bhai K & G.

242-15.—Payne & Co, The Howard & Bullough Mills Co, Ld, v. Popatlal Mulchand, a firm, Bhai K & G.

206-15.—Pandia & Co, Raghavji Raghunathji v. Bai Kessarbai, widow, Bhimji & Co.

309.15.—Little & Co, Aboobaicker Abdool Rehman & Co, a firm, v. Rampartab Ramchander, a firm, Tyabji D & Co.

272-15.—Mulji & Th, Bhauji Versey & anr, v. Mahomed Khan Valad Dawood Khan, & anr, Captain & V.

726-15.—Madh K & Ch, Basil N. Lang, v. Ruttonsey Pragji, Payne & Co.

768-13.—Daphtary F & D, Rai Saheb Keshavrising Chandmal v. Shivnath Shriram Assawa, & ors, Tyabji D & Co.

**Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Macleod.**
**In the Division Court No. 43.**
For Dismissal.

552-15—Ardeshir H D and Co, Rampratab Monghilal a firm v Messrs P Crystal and Co a firm, Captain and V.

**Suits for hearing and final disposal.**
**Long Causes.**

1406-14—Shroff D and D. Ruttonsi Rawji a firm v The Bombay United Spg and Wvg Co Ltd, Payne and Co. Part heard.
For Settlement of Issues.

147-15.—Kanga & S, Gani Latiff, a firm, v. Manilal Mulji, a firm, Payne and & Co, As per J O D 7-8-15.
Long Causes.

1380-14.—Jehangir S M & H, Edalji Cowasji Patel, v. Shavakshaw Jamshedji Dubash & Co.

779-14.—Mehta D & L, Laxmibai, widow, v. Parwatibai, widow and anr, Ragh N & Co, Jeh S M & H.

753-14.—Mulla and M, Tillockchand Mamraj, a firm, v. Surajmal Leherchand, a firm, Sarajmal & Co.

1293-14.—N C Dalal, Moreshwar Malwankar, v. Soorajbai, widow and anr, Patell & Ez, Edggelow G W & Co.

1369-14.—Mulla & M, Jainambai & anr, v. Maneckbai, widow, and anr.

1222-14.—N C Dalal, Bhimabai Malwankar v. Soorajbai, widow, and anr, Patell and Ez, Edgelow G W & Co.

644-14.—Payne & Co, Kasturchand Sadasukh, v. Sarupchand Hukumchand, a firm, Malvi H M & R.

195-14.—Madh K & C, Keshow Balwant Ragguru & anr, v. Adaibhau Sobhaji & Co, a firm and ors, Kh L & M, Sab & G, Edg G W & Co.

360-11—Jehangir M and S, Chimabai widow v Dhulia Kuppa and ors, Daphtary F and D, MatubhaiJ and M.

223-14—Daph F and D, Haji Ajum Gulam Hoosein and Co a firm v Thacker Monji Liladhar and Co a firm, Bhimji and Co.

514-15.—Madh K & Ch, Shiv Narayen Baldeodas, a firm, v. Tillockchand Kalyanmal, a firm, Merwanji K & Co.

O S 328-15.—Payne & Co, Madhowlal Govindram and anr, v. Dwarkadas Jekisondas and ors, Payne and Co, Edgelow G W & Co.

1217-14.—Little and Co. The Indian Specie Bank, Ltd, (in Liq), v. Krishna Subramany Aiyar, & anr, Edg G W & Co, In person.

443-14.—Sm B & Co, Kashinath Narayan Kangootkar v. Vithal Dewji Kangootkar, & anr, Cap & J, Rustonji & G.

12-15.—Little & Co, John Sanders Slater v. Daphtary Fariera Dewan a firm, Mir K & Co.

S C Ct 732-26191-14.—Jahangir M & S, Behramji Hirjibhai Warden & ors, v. Bai Samratbai, widow, Khand L & M.

145-15.—Khand L & M, Bai Samratbai, widow, v. Kaikhusroo Behramji Mehta & ors, Jeh M & S.

709-14—Motichand and D, Ranchordas Haridas and anr v Hoosenbai widow and ors, Patell and Ez.

192-15—Sm B and Co, W H Brady and Co, Ltd v S K T Karmappa Mudaliar, Pandia and Co.

## BARISAL SPECIAL TRIBUNAL.

### SENTENCES ON THREE DACOITS.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 29.

The special Commissioners at Barisal engaged in hearing the twenty-first case delivered judgment yesterday. In this case Imdadaly, Sirdar Mangazi, and Nawabali were charged with committing a dacoity in the house of one Jagat of the village Gopaldi. It was alleged that at dead of night dacoits, numbering fifteen or sixteen, armed with deadly weapons, entered Jagat's house, assaulted the inmates and took away valuables and cash amounting to Rs. 550. Six commissioners found the accused guilty and sentenced Imdadaly and Nawabali to eight years' rigorous imprisonment and Mangazi to five years' rigorous imprisonment.

## ALLEGED OBSTRUCTION AND RIOTING.

### TRYING MAGISTRATE'S JURISDICTION QUESTIONED.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALICUT, Aug. 29.

The District Judge, South Malabar, heard yesterday an interesting criminal appeal preferred by sixteen persons including a woman, against the conviction and sentences of various terms of imprisonment passed by the First Class Magistrate, Anjengo, a small British Possession in Travancore, for obstructing a public servant in the discharge of his duty and for rioting. It would appear that the police constable served notices in a certain case on the first accused, who, however, immediately tore up the paper and was, thereupon, arrested and subsequently a mob gathered and rioting ensued. About thirty persons were charged, but only sixteen convicted by the lower Court.

Dr. Swaminathan, for the appellants argued that the Magistrate had no jurisdiction to try the case in Trivandrum as he did. The Public Prosecutor pointed out that the Magistrate, being also Assistant Resident, had no office in Anjengo and usually tried cases in his office in the capital of the State. Dr. Swaminathan further argued misjoinder of charges, etc. The Judge ordered the accused to be discharged from bail bonds.

## SIR GEORGE BUCHANAN.

### FINED FOR RASH DRIVING.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

RANGOON, Aug. 27.

Mr. H. F. Sitzler, I.C.S., Western Subdivisional Magistrate to-day disposed of a case in which Sir George Buchanan, Chairman of the Rangoon Port Trust, was charged with a rash and negligent act on July 26, by turning sharply his motor car thereby colliding with the motor-bicycle of Mr. Frank Coombes and causing grevious hurt to Mrs. Coombes, who was in the side-car of the cycle.

The defence admitted that the accused's course was wrong but on crossing clear of traffic the accused was entitled to follow the general practice of motorists, of ignoring the Motor Vehicle rules and also that in the darkness of the evening and with hood down Sir George did not see Mr. Coombes approaching.

The Magistrate in a lengthy judgment criticised the defence very strongly and spoke in scathing terms of the accused's bad driving. He found the accused guilty of both the charges and fined him Rs. 600 of which Rs. 450 is to be paid to the complainant.

A Colombo telegram states Mr. G. S. Santon of the Ceylon Civil Service died in England suddenly on Tuesday. He was the father of Captain P. D. Santon, who is now in the 20th Punjabis.

## BOMBAY POLICE COURTS.

### CHARGE OF BRINGING A FALSE SUIT WITH A FORGED RECEIPT.

### SEQUEL TO A SMALL CAUSE COURT SUIT.

Before the Second Presidency Magistrate at Mazagon, Inspector Morris charged Heeralal Darjung, Sunder Narayan and Benni Teli, with bringing a false suit, giving false evidence and with using as genuine a forged document.

The facts of the case as stated by Inspector Raghunathrao are that a suit was filed in the Small Causes Court as a pauper by one Dwarka Jungu for the recovery of his wages amounting to Rs. 54, when the first accused in his defence produced a receipt before the court alleged to have been signed by the plaintiff, Dwarka. The Chief Judge of the Small Causes Court who heard the suit, in deciding the claim in the plaintiff's favour for the full amount, held that the receipt was a forgery.

After some further enquiry it was found that the writing in the receipt was that of the third accused and was attested by the second accused. On the Registrar sanctioning their prosecution Mr. K. K. Suntoke on behalf of the three accused applied to the Chief Judge to set aside the Registrar's order. But the Judge declined to meddle with the sanction for prosecution given by the Registrar.

After recording some evidence the case was adjourned.

## INSOLVENCY OF A GERMAN FIRM.

### CLAIM BY DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

At the High Court to-day before Mr. Justice Chaudhuri, in connection with the insolvency of Messrs. Worman and Company, a German firm which became insolvent before the declaration of war, Mr. Edmond Gross, temporary Manager of the Deutsch Asiatische Bank, another German concern, which after the declaration of war went into liquidation under Government supervision, was examined. It appeared the Deutsch Bank claimed the goods of Worman and Company, saying that there were due to them from the latter over ten lakhs of rupees on account of advances made from time to time. The Delhi and London Bank also laid claim on those goods.

On an application made sometime ago, the Court directed that Mr. Gross and two others be examined in order to ascertain what was the position of affairs. Mr. Gross, examined by counsel on behalf of the Official Assignee, said that on the outbreak of hostilities the Deutsch Bank ceased all transactions with Worman and Company. He could not say whether there was any record showing when possession was taken of the goods of Worman and Company On 3rd August last year, Worman and Company were indebted to the Deutsch Bank to the extent of over nine lakhs of rupees.

The Court directed that the examination of Mr. Gross and two other witnesses be postponed till after the long vacation.

## PLAGUE MORTALITY IN INDIA.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 27.

The mortality from plague is increasing every week. Last week's figures show that the death-rates have been doubled compared with the previous week's returns. The total for all India for the week ending 21st August stood at 1,258 against 2,052 cases in the previous week. Bombay Presidency alone accounts for 964 deaths against 1,613 cases. Other provincial figures are Madras Presidency 48, Bihar 4, United Province 14, the Punjab 4, Burma 34, Central Provinces 14, Mysore 66, Hyderabad State 106 and Central India 4.

## MADRAS PROVINCIAL CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

MADRAS, Aug. 29.

A general meeting of the Madras Provincial Congress Committee will be held on 1st September, when, it is understood, the scheme of self-government within the Empire, drafted by the Sub-Committee appointed for the purpose, will be considered.

## THE CASE OF THE FLY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—I had pleasure in sending you yesterday, as promised, the ocular proof that flies carry germs. The film covering the bottom of the dish is composed of a sterile and jellified broth which provides all the necessary material for the rapid growth of bacteria. From your own observation you know exactly where the fly walked as each separate foot-print is now marked by a small spot. Each of these spots is a colony of bacteria that has grown from the germs left by the fly in his walk. That these growths are bacteria can easily be demonstrated by a microscopic examination and I shall be pleased to arrange this for you if you so wish.

I trust, Sir, that I have proved to your satisfaction that flies do carry germs and also their contaminating influence. It necessarily stands to reason that the nature of the bacteria carried by a fly depends on the nature of the bacteria that were growing in any matter previously visited by the fly, and it is needless for me to enumerate even a few of the diseases that are spread by flies.

As there is now, I think, no further proof necessary of the danger of flies I will close my correspondence by again thanking you for courtesy in allowing me the use of your paper.—Yours, etc.

TOM CASHMAN.

33, Souter Street, Byculla.

27th Aug. 1915.
27th Aug. 1915.

## MILK SUPPLY OF CALCUTTA.

### GOVERNMENT EXPERT'S RECOMMENDATIONS

(NEWS BUREAU.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.

The Calcutta Coporation have invited the opinion of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the much vexed question of the improvement of the milk supply of Calcutta. The Corporation have forwarded to the Chamber the report of Captain Matson, who was specially deputed by the Government to make an independant inquiry into the whole question, which has been under consideration of the Corporation since 1910, when a special committee was appointed to consider the advisability of establishing a municipal diary farm. The Committee of the Corporation submitted several recommendations, one of which was that the fee for slaughtering prime cows should be raised to Rs. 10. This proposal evoked considerable opposition from butchers, who went on strike. The levy was suspended and the committee was reconstructed.

Briefly, Captain Matson's recommendations are:—(1) to obtain the necessary legal powers; (2) to establish markets in which all milk must be sold and where it will be subjected to proper examination; (3) to provide appliances for cleansing and pasteurizing milk and to insist upon all milk sold being treated by this process; (4) to provide land at a distance from Calcutta to which the city "gowalas" can go and then to take steps gradually to move them out of the city; (5) to arrange for the cheap transport of milk to Calcutta and (6) to establish a municipal dairy farm as a model and to assist and to control the settlement of "gowalas" in the country.

These recommendations are now under consideration of the Chamber.

## DEVELOPMENT OF MYSORE TRADE.

### RECOMMENDATIONS OF SPECIAL COMMITTEE.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

BANGALORE, Aug. 27.

The Committee appointed to consider the question of developing the trade of Mysore have submitted their report. They recommend, among other things, the appointment of correspondents to the Industries and Commerce Committee temporarily in Madras, Calcutta, Bombay, Delhi, Colombo, Rangoon, etc., and to give to the scheme a fair trial of five years. The function of the agents is to communicate to the Committees all published information to develop the Mysore trade, answer enquiries of the Mysore Commercial Association and advise Mysore merchants with necessary information, etc. They also favour the appointment of some officer connected with Mysore trade as member of the Chamber of Commerce of either Bombay or Madras.

Regarding the encouragement of foreign travel by merchants, the Committee recommends (1) merchants to recognise the value of travel to develop the trade; (2) encouragement of such travel by State by granting loans without interest; (3) good social and financial introduction by the State and the Bank of Mysore Ltd., and (4) the grant of two foreign scholarships made available annually for sons of merchants possessed of good conversational knowledge in English.

## NORTH COORG CLUB.

### DAMAGE SUIT FOR REMOVAL OF MEMBERSHIP.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

BANGALORE, Aug. 29.

The Hon. Sir Hugh Daly as Judicial Commissioner of Coorg passed judgment in a suit brought by Mr. Green Price against mebers of the North Coorg Club, Mercara, claiming damages to the extent of Rs. 15,000 for removal of membership. The judgment is as follows:—

"Original suit number 2 of 1915 on the file of the District Judge of Coorg will be brought on the file of this Court and the Government of India requested to transfer it to the High Court of Judicature, Madras."

Regarding appeals filed by Mr. Green Price in the Court of the Judicial Commissioner of Coorg against the decree passed by the District Judge of Coorg for Rs. 5,400 in favour of Mr. Newcombe, the Judicial Commissioner passed the following order:—"The Government of India will be requested to transfer this appeal to the High Court of Judicature, Madras."


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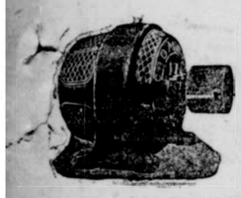

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*(Continued on 6 column.)*

# MACHINERY, ENGINEERING, ELECTRICAL AND MOTOR SECTION.

## (Published every Monday.)

## PRESSURE SCRAPING OF WATER MAINS.

### AN INTERESTING LECTURE.

In a carefully prepared paper re-cently read before the Institution of Municipal and County Engineers Mr. James Macfadzean, B.Sc., Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., Borough Engineer of Ayr, described the method adopted for "Presure-scraping Fifteen Miles of Water Mains," carried out under his direction, says "Cassier's Engineering Monthly." A single line of pipes conveys the water from Loch Findas to a 7,000,000 gallon service reservoir near Dalrymple a distance of 17 miles. Of the pipes used, 2½ miles are of fireclay and the remaining 14½ miles of cast iron of 16 inch and 14 inch diameter. This main was laid in 1887, and had not been previously scraped, the original calculated capacity was 2,592,000 gallons per day; from the available records it was found that in 1903 the maximum daily delivery had fallen to 2,037,000 gallons, and in 1911 this had been further reduced to 1,865,000 gallons, a reduction in eight years of 8½ per cent. Nearly 1,000,000 gallons short of the then average daily requirement during certain periods, this deficit had to be made up by pumping from a spring water source. It was therefore quite apparent that recourse would have to be made to some scraping process. Tests were made as to the constituency of the incrustation, and it was found that quantities of nodules came away during scouring operations; the incrusted matter was comparatively soft and easily detached, its thickness being small in comparison with the diameter of the cast-iron pipes. The type of scraper adopted was Glenfield and Kennedy's, which, as results showed, prove quite satisfactory.

The pipe system was divided, by means of hatch boxes, into convenient sections of 1 to 2 miles according to the conditions that prevailed. There were two short stretches where a head of 15 feet could not be relied on, and hatch-boxes were placed at the beginning and end of these, so that the scraper might be pulled through by means of ropes or chains. The general work of inserting the hatchboxes and also the scraping operations were much simplified because the main discharged into a service reservoir holding nearly three days supply. The boxes were put in two at a time, the arrangement being that the water was not to be shut off for longer than six hours on each day. During the scraping process it was, of course necessary to keep spare lengths, collars and jointing materials at hand so that in the event of a burst, or the scraper having to be cut out, no time would be lost. All main valves had to be opened wide, also the air valves, although there was the danger that the efficiency of these might become impaired by the washing into them of material scraped from the pipes.

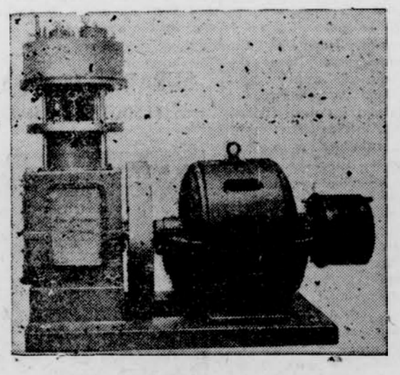
The scraping of each section was done in the same way, the hatch-boxes at each end were exposed, and shear legs erected for lifting off the covers and the raising and lowering of the scraper; the water was then entirely cut off the section and drained dry by opening the scour valves. The scraper was then placed in the first hatch-box and the cover bolted down securely; the water turned on, and when the pressure behind the scraper was sufficient, it moved off with a low rumbling sound. Precautions were taken to ensure that the scraper was travelling and doing its work, men were told off to shut each scour valve as the scraper reached it and to open up again after the scraper was home. Each section was done twice; the 16-inch scraper weighed 3 cwts., its average speed through the pipe was about two miles an hour, and the head of water required to drive it was about 15 feet. The same scraper was used where the pressure was low, but it had to be pulled through by means of a chain, a much slower method, but the operations were much the same.

The immediate results of the operations the author said, were very satisfactory. The delivery capacity of the main was increased by 681,000 gallons per day, or 36½ per cent., thus bringing it to within 46,000 gallons of its original daily capacity. He mentioned another result of equal importance, and that was the securing of an increase of 30 feet in the pressure head at the point where the size of the main was changed. This raised the hydraulic pressure to a stable height above the pipe.

The costs are given by the author, including hatch-boxes, valves, scrapers, etc., the cost per mile amounted to nearly £34 for the 14-inch and £46 10s. for the 16-inch main. The actual scraping costs on the 14-inch were £13 7s. 11d., and on the 16-inch main £11 19s. 9d. per mile. As a result of the experience gained and the advantages derived, Mr. Macfadzean considers that the main should be scraped at least every three years; he has found that tests made in May of this year, two years after the last scraping, showed a loss in capacity of 276,000 gallons, or 40½ per cent. of the beneficial increase obtained by the scraping operations that have been described.

## DREWRY RAILWAY MOTOR CAR.

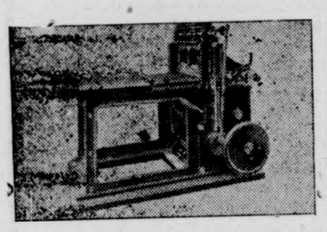
20 H. P. Car to seat 9 on a Chilian railway.



100 H. P. Air Compressor, 3,000lbs, working pres

## THE PREPARATION AND PROPORTIONING OF CONCRETE.

It is still not unusual to mix concrete in the most haphazard manner, proportions being given, and even specified, as 4 to 1, 6 to 1, 8 to 1 and so on. *Ferro-concrete* quite recently called attention to the subject, saying: In the present day proportions of cement, sand and aggregate are almost invariably specified separately for important work, but it is to be feared that a good deal of concrete used in ordinary building construction is prepared on the hypothesis that gravel, and notably Thames ballast, consists of particles of sand and pebbles so mixed, naturally, that they are suitable



Postage stamp perforating machine.

for concrete, without separation and remixing in correct proportions to ensure the absence of voids in the final product. It is not sufficient to test the aggregate and sand for voids and then to decide upon the amount of cement. The first essential for really good and economical concrete is to grade the aggregate and the sand, so that each shall contain a minimum proportion of voids and provide a maximum amount of bearing surface for the particles of each constituent. The next thing is to determine the proportion of cement required to fill the whole of the voids and to coat all particles effectively. Last, but not least, the materials must be thoroughly mixed, preferably by machine, with a judiciously specified proportion of water.

## A STOCKLESS ANCHOR.

The Baldt Steel Company are manufacturing a stockless anchor, which has many distinctive features; all parts are made of acid open-hearth steel, having a tensile strength of 60,000 to 70,000 lbs. per square inch, an elastic limit of 35,000 to 40,000 lbs., and an elongation of 20 to 30 per cent. The anchor has no angular surfaces on which a chain can foul; it will take hold with both flukes simultaneously and will not roll from side to side, it does not break the mud in entering in; the flukes are parallel to the shank so making a straight pull. It houses close to the ship's hawse pipe; each part is more than double as strong as the cable of any given size anchor. There are large lugs on each side of the shank, which fit in corresponding recesses in the flukes, and when assembled in that way, without the use of the large body pin, will withstand the regular pulling test to which all anchors are subjected; its strength under stress oeing in no way dependent upon the through pin.

## ELECTRIC PROPULSION OF NAVAL VESSELS.

It is interesting to note that the first announcement of the principles of propulsion of naval vessels by electricity was made by Mr. W. L. R. Emmet, in 1909, before the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers. Credit is due to him that he should have been the first to make known the advantages of electricity applied to ship propulsion and the increased possibilities, future action and progress of ship design and construction. Commenting upon this subject, the "Marine Review" says:—The last decade is replete with progress in marine applications of electricity; it is noteworthy that these applications have followed land development in the electric field. From an auxiliary of little importance, except for lighting, electrical applications of power have grown, until now we find electricity entering into the main design of the vessel. The marine engineer is willing to admit that an electric motor will drive a ship, but imagine his astonishment when he finds in the future to what extent the full effect of applied electric energy will lead.

## STEEL PRODUCTION IN NEW SOUTH WALES.

The Governor-General of Australia, Sir Ronald Munro Ferguson, recently officially opened the new Steel Works erected at Newcastle by the Broken Hill Proprietary Company, Ltd. In the course of his remarks, the Governor-General said that it was an enterprise in which the whole of Australia was interested; raw material was drawn from many parts of the country and its products would make all the railways of Australia independent of extraneous foreign supplies. The capacity of the works was 150,000 tons of manufactured materials per annum. The works, which are now completed, cost £1,500,000; they have also developed the sources of iron and limestone required. The Government and the public have it practically in their hands to decide whether further extensions will be required when it has been proved that the quality of iron and steel produced is such as to merit the support which it is confidently believed it will have. There is little doubt that a number of industries will spring up around the steel works that must employ both capital and labour to the great advantage of the Commonwealth.

## THE USE OF ELECTRIC-DRIVEN DUST VANS

The enterprise of the Birmingham Municipal authorities has again been shown in the adoption of electric-driven vans by the Refuse disposal department. Mossay electric vehicles have been hired with a view to demonstrate to other users of haulage vehicles their suitability for use in towns. The two machines will, we understand, replace four horses and a spare one used for drawing four-wheeled wagons. The capital cost for 2½ ton Mossay is £650, and the running cost per 135 miles per week would be £10 9s. 5d. Electricity would be obtained from the destructor plant at ½d. per unit. The result of practical trials will be looked for with considerable interest.

## DEVELOPMENT IN HEATING AND VENTILATION.

At a recent meeting of the Society of Engineers, Mr. A. H. Barker, B.A., B.Sc., read an interesting paper on "Some Future Developments in Heating and Ventilation," in the course of which he said that the reasons for the lack of progress which he found, in the complexity of the factors that go to make up a given result, also the difficulty of defining in terms of exact science what the result is and should be added to these the variability of human physiology and psychology, had to be taken into account. The heating and ventilating engineer aimed at producing comfort, but was baffled by the fact that a man is comfortable only when he thinks he is. Air, which judged by chemical analysis is impure, may feel fresh and sweet and *vice versa*. The only legitimate function of the engineer is to produce and control specified movements of air and their effects, while it should, he said, be the duty of the physiologist and hygienist to specify what are healthy and comfortable conditions.

In connection with heating, the expression "temperature of a room" is generally understood to mean the reading of a thermometer suspended in the room, but this reading does not necessarily indicate the temperature of the surrounding air as given in any way a reliable guide to the feelings of the occupants of the room. The air temperature, the radiant temperature, the quantity of convected heat and the quantity of radiant heat must all be determined, but first the relation between the thermometer reading, the air temperature and the radiant temperature must be determined. The freshness of the air in a building must depend upon keeping the air temperature relatively low and the radiant temperature high. It is, of course, known that the chemical composition of the air has, within wide limits, no effect on the human organism, whereas its temperature and humidity are of vital importance.

The paper, as a whole, is a valuable contribution to the literature upon the subject of both heating and ventilation. Mr. Barker described experiments and exhibited apparatus made and used by him in connection with his research and experimental work at the University College.

## EIGHT-CYLINDER MOTORS.

The "Scientific American" writes: How quickly the American 8-cylinder gasoline motor has forced its way to the front is plainly shown by the fact that one of the latest types of this motor is used in certain hydro-aeroplanes which have been ordered by the Allied Governments. The motor in question is the Hershell-Spillman engine, which is being used in at least two of the 1915 models of motor cars. Its flexibility, power and lightness have served to draw attention to it as a probable motor for aeroplanes and hydro-aeroplanes; the motors are now being installed in hydro-aeroplanes at Hammondsport, New York.

## SUPPLY OF AIR TO BLAST FURNACES.

The practice of supplying air to furnaces is undergoing a revolution; frequently the blowers were situated some distance from the furnace, necessitating the using of lengths of pipe and consequent loss of air by leakage, requiring motors of considerable horse-power. To-day, we find slow-speed blowers are used, placed alongside each furnace, driven by say 7½ h.p. against 40 h.p. motors, direct-coupled, and that these are of ample size and furnish all the power required.

## ZINC USED INSTEAD OF MORTAR.

In jointing the stones of two elliptical arches of 82 feet span, that support a recently completed reinforced concrete bridge near Lyons, it is reported that zinc has been used in place of mortar. Experiments having proved that molten zinc, at 800deg., caused no fractures in "dry" stones, the zinc was melted and poured between the stones forming metallic joints 1/8th of an inch thick. This substitution for mortar increased the cost about 10s. for each square foot of the bridge's horizontal surface. Tests showed that a less compressible metal is needed for very hard stones.

THE ORIENTAL ION WORKS.
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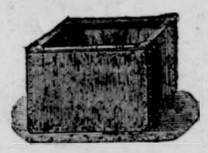

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*(Continued from 1st column.)*

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# FORSAKEN WARSAW.

## EMPTY SHELL LEFT FOR ENEMY.

## LAST SCENES OF THE EXODUS.

(By yesterday's Mail.)

A thrilling description of the scenes in Warsaw during the great flight of hundreds of thousands of inhabitants from the city has been sent to the "Chicago Daily News" by Mr. Bassett Rigby, its correspondent with the Russian Army. He telegraphed from Stockholm as follows:—

A week ago to-day a train arrived in Moscow from Warsaw, carrying the British, French, Belgian, and Serbian Consuls and the Consular archives. The American Consul remained in Warsaw, having laid in a big stock of provisions with the intention of sticking to his post. On the train were also the British Anglican chaplain and the last remnant of the British colony, some riding in cattle-trucks. The refugees included most of the high officials of the Law Courts, with their archives and about £3,000,000 of Court funds. The journey from Warsaw to Moscow occupied three days, as it was around by way of Bialystok and Vilna, because the direct route *via* Brest-Litowsk was choked with troop trains.

On Thursday evening, July 15, the Russian authorities announced that the official evacuation of the city would begin on the following Sunday. As a matter of fact it began immediately. Police visited every house, and one American was told to try to induce the inhabitants in his building to leave at once for Russia, as distinct from Poland. Empty freigh-cars were quietly accumulated on sidings until thousands were available.

While 350,000 citizens, including nearly half of Warsaw's Ghetto, thus departed eastward, nearly another 350,000 of peasants came trooping into the Polish metropolis from the neighbouring districts. Practically the entire population of the districts north and south-west came in a ceaseless procession day and night—tired, dust-whitened peasant families with their cattle and portable goods, thronging the roads converging on the city. In Warsaw itself literally tens of thousands of homes were broken up instantly. I know of four cases of men worth more than £200,000 last month who are now nearly penniless.

### FACTORIES STRIPPED OF MACHINERY.

Simultaneously with the evacuation, all property likely to be useful to the enemy, especially metal machinery, was removed or destroyed. Factories were feverishly stripped, and owners of plants were granted free transport to the eastward for what they could save. Day and night one heard the periodical roar of dynamited factory plant that was embedded in concrete or was too cumbersome to dismantle and transport. Every fragment of this dynamited metal was taken eastward on the railway.

Warsaw newspapers made their last appearance with issues announcing the evacuation. Their linotype machines were rooted up and carted away. Police and soldiers visited every printing establishment and every newspapers office, taking founts of type and dismantling presses. Hardly a ton of copper fittings was left in the city.

Warsaw knew no stoppage of work in that week. In post offices, banks, telegraph offices, law courts, and the various municipal departments men were busy dismantling. Through the streets endless columns of laden carts and lorries converged on the Praga and Alexandroveski bridges across the Vistula. Only a group of soldiers with legs dangling over the side distinguished from the wagons containing peasants with a few sacks of potatoes, those containing the banks' millions of roubles in paper money, or the irreplaceable records of the Law Courts.

### REMOVING ALL COPPER.

Day and night gangs of soldiers were briskly stripping league after league of copper telegraph wires from the poles. Church doors were flung open and the edifices were crowded with weeping and praying Poles and Russians, among whom passed ministering priests in their gorgeous robes, while aloft in the towers huge bronze bells were unslung lest they became food for Krupp cannon later on. All church bells, archives treasure, gem-studded rituaistic implements screens vestments, and ikons were carried over the Vistula and away to Russia.

It is reported that the vault of the Church of the Holy Cross in Kravoski-street was opened by chopping, and that the sacred heart preserved there was removed to Moscow.

All crops around Warsaw were destroyed when no troops could be spared to garner them. Villages were razed to the ground and the city's suburbs were surrounded with trenches. Suburban residents were ordered to retire into the city to avoid injury in the pending rearguard action planned to take place while the last dynamitings are carried out. Three Vistula bridges, including the new Praga Bridge, more than a mile long and costing £1,250,000, are lined with sandbags and wires are set in readiness to explode land mines at the last moment before the Germans enter Warsaw.

Beyond Brest Litowsk no civilian is allowed to journey. The evacuation of the towns between Warsaw and Brest Litowsk is beginning, and hardly 200,000 persons remain. Food costs ten times more than it did last month. There is no public water supply machinery, the operating pumps having been transported to Russia, and a typhoid epidemic is expected. More than 5,000 wounded soldiers remain in the hospitals.

### 1,000-MILE DRIVE.

Since Wednesday, July 21, every wheeled vehicle has been taken across the Vistula, with nearly all the horses, 2,000 hackney carriages being driven by their owners across Russia for a distance of nearly 1,000 miles to Moscow. A number of the city's British fire-engines were also sent away. Thousands of poor people were ferried across the Vistula daily, all streaming eastward and unable to buy bread in Warsaw. Paper money was almost without value in the city, and most shops were shut.

Pro-German Poles are said to have prepared a list of pro-Russian Poles to give to the Germans when the latter enter the city, the German military authorities, according to the story generally circulated, having signified their intention of hanging the leading anti-German Poles. The result was that the well-to-do Russian Poles fled from the city. The police shot five pro-Germans whom they found brandishing loose rope and jeering outside the house of a Russian sympathizer. This summary action was taken because the Courts of justice no longer exist in the city.

Miss Kennedy, the only British subject left in Warsaw, is in hospital suffering from pleurisy.

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**The atest Indian recipient of the coveted Victoria Cross.**

## AMRITSAR MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

### TROUBLE OVER NOMINATION OF HINDU CANDIDATES.

(News Bureau.)

LAHORE, Aug. 27.

Recently in connection with the Amritsar Municipal elections considerable friction arose among the Hindu candidates and it appeared that a contest was inevitable. At this juncture the Hindu candidates for nomination were face to face with over four thousand objections to their names being on the electoral roll. The Deputy Commissioner, Mr. C. N. King, I.C.S., sat through a long day, but could only dispose of 300 objections. Everyone felt this procedure absurd and the Hindu candidates approached the Deputy Commissioner with a suggestion that all objections would be withdrawn by the parties interested, if Mr. King would select from Hindus ten men fitted in his opinion as councillors. The Deputy Commissioner in good faith selected ten, of whom two were not even among the prospective candidates but the Hindus loyally abode by their promise and it was understood that these ten selected by Mr. King would be the only nominated candidates.

Subsequently, the irregularity of the whole procedure became more and more manifest and many people and the Punjab Press pointed out that the Deputy Commissioner practically nominated the so-called Hindu elected members of the Municipality. The proceedings have now been annulled and fresh notices issued calling on candidates to send in applications between the 25th and 30th August.


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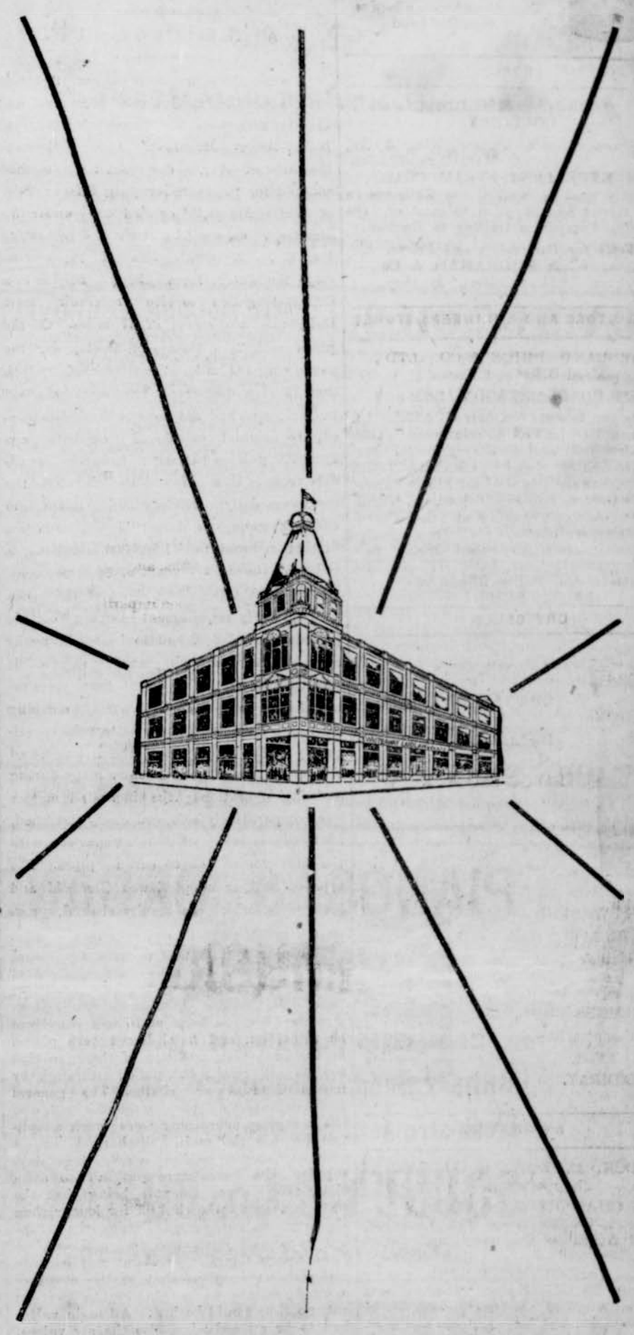

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( Late King Edward VII. )

Sandringham, March 6th, 1889.

Gentlemen,—I am glad to be able to tell you that the Oils supplied by you to the Estate of H.R.H. The Prince of Wales, have given me such satisfaction that I write to ask you to send another case (one dozen), accompanied with the invoice.

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FOR HORSE, SHEEP & CATTLE.

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**BEST INDIAN PAIN BALM**

Price 8 Annas per Bottle

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CALIFORNIAN FRUIT IN SYRUP

PEACHES, PEARS, APRICOTS, CHERRIES, Etc.,

ALL AT Re. 1 PER TIN.

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Manager


## CASUALTY LISTS.

**(REUTER'S SPECIAL WARSERVICE)**

LONDON, Aug. 26.

WOUNDED.

Major D. Cookes, Artillery.
Captain L. D. Daly, Leinsters.
Captain C. S. Morice, Worcesters.
Captain R. H. Gregory, Sherwoods.
Captain R. D. Law, West Yorkshires.
Captain W. Legge, Seaforths.
Captain G. R. Harding, Engineers.
Lieut. R. T. Hog, Artillery.
Lieut. H. G. Kaye, Yorkshire Lights.
Lieut. G. H. Kellie, Engineers.
Lieut. T. L. Williams, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut. A. C. Woodhouse, Essex.
Sec.-Lieut. H. G. Dorrell, Durham Lights.
Sec.-Lieut. A. F. Leslie, Engineers.
Sec.-Lieut. T. H. Poole, Leinsters.

DARDANELLES CASUALTIES.

WOUNDED.

Major T. A. Best, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Major W. T. Carless, Herefords.
Major A. P. Fordmoore, Londons.
Major J. L. Fulda, Irish Regiment.
Major R. E. Key, York Lancasters.
Major T. B. Mann, Londons.
Major C. S. Owen, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Captain C. Y. Baldwin, Munster Fusiliers.
Captain A. G. Edmonds, Londons.
Captain R. T. Evans Welsh Regiment.
Captain I. Jones, Welsh Regiment.
Captain G. J. Massy, Connaught Rangers.
Captain E. C. Morel, Irish Regiment.
Captain T. H. Parry, Welsh Fusiliers.
Captain V. H. Scott, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Captain W. E. Trickett, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut. G. C. Ballentine, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. E. C. Beard, Irish Regiment.
Lieut. H. E. Davies, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut. W. D. Evans, Welsh Regiment.
Lieut. R. W. Roberts, Herefords.
Lieut. T. E. Hastings, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. C. J. Hurrell, Londons.
Lieut. C. R. James, Bedfords.
Lieut. T. C. Macaulay, Artillery.
Lieut. F. M. McCormac, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. O. G. McWilliams Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. T. S. Martin, Connaught Rangers.
Lieut. J. N. More, Irish Regiment.
Lieut. H. E. Osborne, Welsh Regiment.
Lieut. F. C. Stigant, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. R. C. Ball, West Surreys.
Sec.-Lieut. C. Bewicke, Irish Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. A. J. Britton, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. H. M. Chambers, Munster Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. R. R. Darling, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. L. F. Falls, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. A. P. Field, Londons.
Sec.-Lieut. M. W. Hall, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. T. E. Hearn, Munster Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. A. G. Johnson, Essex.
Sec.-Lieut. L. M. Lefroy, Irish Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. A. D. Mulligan, Connaught Rangers.
Sec.-Lieut. L. P. Prior, Londons.
Sec.-Lieut. J. Wallace, Connaught Rangers.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.

Lieut. J. R. Duggan, Irish Regiment.

MISSING.

Sec.-Lieut. R. S. Evans, Welsh Regiment.
Sec.-Lieut. D. G. Levason, Herefords.
Sec.-Lieut. O. C. Winstanley, Welsh Regiment.

KILLED.

Lieut.-Colonel A. S. Vanrenan, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Major B. Head, Welsh Fusiliers.
Lieut.-Colonel W. S. Hern, Wiltshires.
Captain N. W. Robinson, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Captain D. P. Robatham, Welsh Regiment.
Captain C. E. Vernon, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. R. McAndrew, Irish Regiment.
Lieut. H. H. McCormac Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Sec.-Lieut. G. P. Costello, Irish Regiment.
Lieut. J. E. Nelis, Inniskilling Fusiliers.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Sec.-Lieut. D. J. Grubb, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. H. J. Porter, Manchesters.
Lieut. E. H. Trimmer, East Lancashires.
Lieut. J. R. Whitsitt, Inniskilling Fusiliers.
Lieut. R. W. Williams, Londons.

KILLED.

Lieut. H. C. Bates, Engineers.
Lieut. R. W. Payne, Artillery.
Sec.-Lieut. W. J. Moon, Worcesters.
Sec.-Lieut. J. W. McHardy Young, Artillery.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Lieut. J. M. Jackson, oxford and Bucks Lights.

DIED.

Major R. S. Hamilton-Grade, 13th Hussars.

NOW KILLED.

Sec.-Lieut. G. F. Blacker, Northamptons.

(NEWS BUREAU.)

SIMLA, Aug. 27.

The following additional casualities are reported from the Mediterranean:—

KILLED.

Lieut. H. Grune, 92nd Punjabis.
Lieut. H. J. Cummins, 1-5 Gurkhas.

WOUNDED.

Captain E. Grose, 16th Rajputs.
Second-Lieut. M. J. Knowles, 1-5th Gurkhas.
Captain N. G. T. Gatherer, 2-10th Gurkhas.


**Weak Back and Urinary Troubles**

**Dr. Cassell's Tablets—the Proved Remedy. Take Them for Kidney Troubles and Bladder Weakness**

In these trying complaints Dr. Cassell's Tablets are of proved value. They restore efficiency to the kidneys and bladder by nourishing the nerves which control kidney action, and thus enable the system to get rid of uric acid and other impurities which are the cause of urinary and bladder troubles. Dr. Chas. Forshaw, D.Sc., F.C.S., &c., a well-known English scientist, says: "I have thoroughly tested Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and can conscientiously recommend them as an eminently safe and effective remedy for all forms of nerve and bodily weakness. My knowledge of Dr. Cassell's Tablets leads me to the opinion that the ingredients form a remarkably potent medicine, quite safe for young and old in cases of nervous prostration, debility, anæmia, loss of flesh, malnutrition, children's weakness, spinal and nerve paralysis, and many forms of stomach and kidney troubles."

Dr. Cassell's Tablets raise the vital standard of the entire system, and thus promote kidney health and general health when other means fail.

**Dr. Cassell's Tablets**

**Never Touched By Hand.**

Dr. Cassell's Tablets are made and packed entirely by self-acting mechanism, in modern hygienic laboratories. From beginning to end of manufacture they are never touched by hand. Made in Great Britain; sold throughout the world.

are a genuine and tested remedy for all forms of nerve or bodily weakness in old or young. Compounded of nerve nutrients and tonics of indisputably proved efficacy, they are the recognised modern home treatment for

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|---|---|---|
| Nervous Breakdown | Nervous Debility | Stomach Disorders |
| Nerve Paralysis | Sleeplessness | Malnutrition |
| Spinal Paralysis | Anæmia | Wasting Diseases |
| Infantile Paralysis | Kidney Disease | Vital Exhaustion |
| Neurasthenia | Bladder Weakness | Premature Decay |

Chemists and Medicine Dealers in all parts of India sell Dr. Cassell's Tablets at As 14 and Rs 2.2, the larger size being the more economical. Ask for Dr. Cassell's Tablets, and do not take anything else instead of them. If out of stock the dealer can easily obtain a fresh supply.

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Is composed of excellent medical drugs of delightful to use, and is the very essence of refinement. For beautifying and increasing the growth of hair, to prevent it falling off and to restore its natural colour, nothing equals KAMINIA OIL.

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DHOBI TALAO.

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Fillings, Gold Crowns and Bridges at very moderate charges.

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BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

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| Chester Brand 125 deg. | 5 2 2 per case |
| Devos's Brilliant 125 deg. | 5 0 2 per case |
| Tiger Brand 125 deg. | 4 15 2 per case |
| Monkey Brand 125 deg. | 4 15 2 per case |
| White Camalia 125 deg. (in tins) | 4 6 0 per 2 tins |
| Camel Brand 125 deg. (in tins) | 4 6 0 per 2 tins |
| Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in tins) | 4 6 0 per 2 tins |
| Elephant Brand 125 deg. (in bulk) | 3 12 0 per 8 Imp. gallons. |

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**(Compound Elixir of Aswagandha)**

A powerful tonic and stimulant for mental, nervine and muscular debility, and a valuable sustainant during prolonged mental and physical exertion.

Price Re. 1-8 per bottle.

**"SYRUP OF VASAKA"**

Best Expectorant and Antispasmodic. Best remedy for Colds, Coughs, Bronchitis and all diseases of the respiratory system.

Price per phial 10 Ans.

**"SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME"**

The standard remedy for Cough, Cold and Catarrh. Indispensable for children with a tendency to catch cold.

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The well-known specific in all forms of skin diseases. It purifies and enriches blood, and is highly efficacious in itches, blotches and bilious eruptions.

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**"VIBRO ASOKA"**

It is an ideal combination of drugs, useful in diseases peculia to women.

Price Re. 1-4 a phial.

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MILITARY PATTERN WRIST WATCH.

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GUARANTEED FOR TWO YEARS.

*Half plate movement, jewelled 15 rubies, compensation balance, double sprung and Breguet hair spring; straight line lever escapement with visible ruby pallets. Patent hand setting mechanism by the winding nut. Plain white enamel dial with bold figures and seconds hand. Substantial, well finished, dust and damp proof case with extra thick crystal glass.*

Nickel Silver, Rs. 25. Sterling Silver, Rs. 30.

*Also made in the New Patent Pattern with side loops in Nickel and Sterling Silver cases at same prices as above.*

With a superior quality leather wrist strap.

West End Watch Co.

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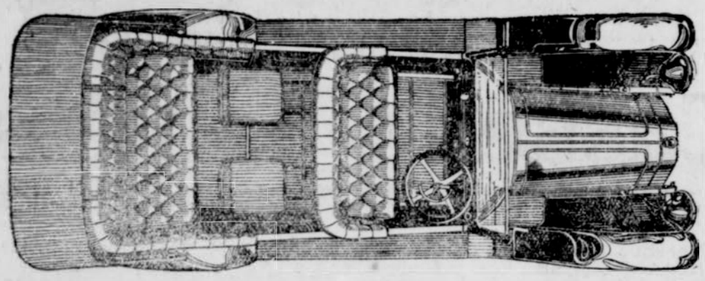

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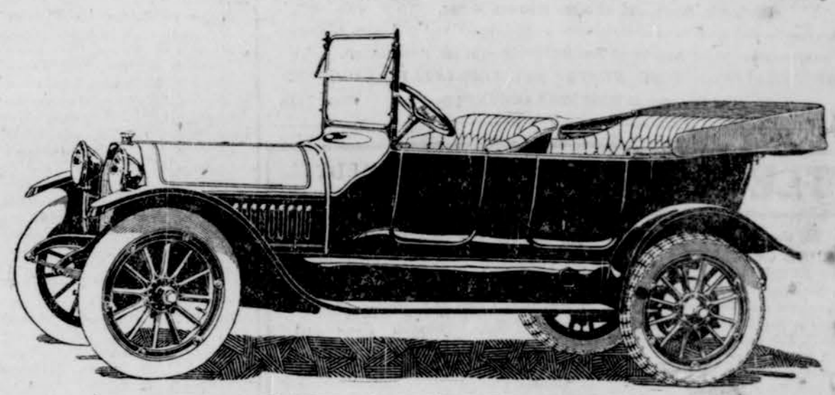

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" the lining is of GENUINE LEATHER of good quality and NOT of imitation leather.

" unlike other American Cars the driving levers are placed on the right hand side of the driver.

" in short, it is not a cheap looking American Car but has the appearance of a HIGH PRICED EUROPEAN CAR.

***THE 1916 STUDEBAKER will be sold at a price comparing MOST FAVOURABLY TO OTHERS.***

Our first consignment of 1916 Models is on its way out. We hope to be able to give delivery by the end of September.

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